

Calendar No. 31

114TH CONGRESS
1ST SESSION

S. CON. RES. 11

Setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2016 and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2017 through 2025.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

MARCH 20, 2015

Mr. ENZI, from the Committee on the Budget, reported, under authority of the order of the Senate of March 19, 2015, the following original concurrent resolution; which was placed on the calendar

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

Setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2016 and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2017 through 2025.

1 *Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representatives*

2 *concurring),*

3 **SECTION 1. CONCURRENT RESOLUTION ON THE BUDGET**

4 **FOR FISCAL YEAR 2016.**

5 (a) DECLARATION.—Congress declares that this reso-

6 lution is the concurrent resolution on the budget for fiscal

1 year 2016 and that this resolution sets forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2017 through 2025.

3 (b) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents for
4 this concurrent resolution is as follows:

Sec. 1. Concurrent resolution on the budget for fiscal year 2016.

TITLE I—RECOMMENDED LEVELS AND AMOUNTS

Sec. 101. Recommended levels and amounts.

Sec. 102. Social Security.

Sec. 103. Postal Service discretionary administrative expenses.

Sec. 104. Major functional categories.

TITLE II—RECONCILIATION

Sec. 201. Reconciliation in the Senate.

TITLE III—RESERVE FUNDS

Sec. 301. Spending-neutral reserve fund to increase the pace of economic growth and private sector job creation in the United States.

Sec. 302. Deficit-neutral reserve fund to strengthen America's priorities.

Sec. 303. Deficit-neutral reserve fund to protect flexible and affordable healthcare choices for all.

Sec. 304. Deficit-neutral reserve fund for improving access to the Children's Health Insurance Program.

Sec. 305. Deficit-neutral reserve fund for other health reforms.

Sec. 306. Spending-neutral reserve fund for child welfare.

Sec. 307. Deficit-neutral reserve fund for veterans and servicemembers.

Sec. 308. Deficit-neutral reserve fund for tax reform and administration.

Sec. 309. Deficit-neutral reserve fund to invest in the infrastructure in America.

Sec. 310. Deficit-neutral reserve fund for air transportation.

Sec. 311. Deficit-neutral reserve fund to promote jobs in the United States through international trade.

Sec. 312. Deficit-neutral reserve fund to increase employment opportunities for disabled workers.

Sec. 313. Deficit-neutral reserve fund for Higher Education Act reform.

Sec. 314. Spending-neutral reserve fund for energy legislation.

Sec. 315. Deficit-neutral reserve fund to reform environmental statutes.

Sec. 316. Spending-neutral reserve fund for water resources legislation.

Sec. 317. Spending-neutral reserve fund on mineral security and mineral rights.

Sec. 318. Spending-neutral reserve fund to reform the abandoned mine lands program.

Sec. 319. Spending-neutral reserve fund to improve forest health.

Sec. 320. Spending-neutral reserve fund to reauthorize funding for payments in lieu of taxes to counties and other units of local government.

Sec. 321. Spending-neutral reserve fund for financial regulatory system reform.

Sec. 322. Deficit-neutral reserve fund to improve Federal program administration.

Sec. 323. Spending-neutral reserve fund to implement agreements with freely associated states.

- Sec. 324. Spending-neutral reserve fund to protect payments to rural hospitals and create sustainable access for rural communities.
- Sec. 325. Spending-neutral reserve fund to encourage State medicaid demonstration programs to promote independent living and integrated work for the disabled.
- Sec. 326. Spending-neutral reserve fund to allow pharmacists to be paid for the provision of services under Medicare.
- Sec. 327. Spending-neutral reserve fund to improve our Nation's community health centers.
- Sec. 328. Spending-neutral reserve fund relating to the funding of independent agencies, which may include subjecting the Consumer Financial Protection Bureau to the regular appropriations process.
- Sec. 329. Deficit-neutral reserve fund for export promotion.
- Sec. 330. Spending-neutral reserve fund to reform, improve, and enhance 529 college savings plans.
- Sec. 331. Deficit-neutral reserve fund relating to securing overseas diplomatic facilities of the United States.
- Sec. 332. Deficit-neutral reserve fund to achieve savings by helping struggling Americans on the road to personal and financial independence.
- Sec. 333. Deficit-neutral reserve fund relating to conserving Federal land, enhancing access to Federal land for recreational opportunities, and making investments in counties and schools.
- Sec. 334. Deficit-neutral reserve fund to protect taxpayers from identity fraud.
- Sec. 335. Deficit-neutral reserve fund relating to career and technical education.
- Sec. 336. Deficit-neutral reserve fund relating to FEMA preparedness.
- Sec. 337. Deficit-neutral reserve fund relating to expanding, enhancing, or otherwise improving science, technology, engineering, and mathematics.
- Sec. 338. Deficit-neutral reserve fund to promote the next generation of NIH researchers in the United States.
- Sec. 339. Deficit-neutral reserve fund relating to promoting manufacturing in the United States.
- Sec. 340. Spending-neutral reserve fund to prohibit aliens without legal status in the United States from qualifying for a refundable tax credit.
- Sec. 341. Deficit-reduction reserve fund for report elimination or modification.
- Sec. 342. Deficit-neutral reserve fund to address heroin and prescription opioid abuse.
- Sec. 343. Deficit-neutral reserve fund to strengthen our Department of Defense civilian workforce.
- Sec. 344. Deficit-neutral reserve fund for Department of Defense reform.
- Sec. 345. Deficit-neutral reserve fund to improve Federal workforce development, job training, and reemployment programs.
- Sec. 346. Deficit-neutral reserve fund to provide energy assistance and invest in energy efficiency and conservation.
- Sec. 347. Deficit-neutral reserve fund to enable greater collaboration between the Department of Veterans Affairs and law school clinics serving veterans.
- Sec. 348. Deficit-neutral reserve fund to increase funding for Department of Energy nuclear waste cleanup.
- Sec. 349. Deficit-neutral reserve fund relating to Department of Defense initiatives to bolster resilience of mission-critical department infrastructure to impacts from climate change and associated events.

- Sec. 350. Deficit-neutral reserve fund to end Operation Choke Point and protect the Second Amendment.
- Sec. 351. Deficit-neutral reserve fund to prevent the use of Federal funds for the bailout of improvident State and local governments.

TITLE IV—BUDGET PROCESS

Subtitle A—Budget Enforcement

- Sec. 401. Extension of enforcement of budgetary points of order in the Senate.
- Sec. 402. Senate point of order against legislation increasing long-term deficits.
- Sec. 403. Point of order against advance appropriations.
- Sec. 404. Supermajority enforcement of unfunded mandates.
- Sec. 405. Repeal of Senate point of order against certain reconciliation legislation.
- Sec. 406. Point of order against changes in mandatory programs.
- Sec. 407. Prohibition on agreeing to legislation without a score.
- Sec. 408. Protecting the savings in reported reconciliation bills.
- Sec. 409. Point of order against exceeding funds designated for overseas contingency operations.
- Sec. 410. Senate point of order against provisions of appropriations legislation that constitute changes in mandatory programs affecting the Crime Victims Fund.
- Sec. 411. Accuracy in budget enforcement.
- Sec. 412. Fair value estimates.
- Sec. 413. Honest accounting estimates.
- Sec. 414. Currency modernization.
- Sec. 415. Certain energy contracts.
- Sec. 416. Long-term scoring.
- Sec. 417. Requiring clearer reporting of projected Federal spending and deficits.
- Sec. 418. Reporting on tax expenditures.
- Sec. 419. Congressional Budget Office estimates.
- Sec. 420. To require transparent reporting on the ongoing costs and savings to taxpayers of Obamacare.
- Sec. 421. Prohibiting the use of guarantee fees as an offset.

Subtitle B—Other Provisions

- Sec. 431. Oversight of Government performance.
- Sec. 432. Budgetary treatment of certain discretionary administrative expenses.
- Sec. 433. Application and effect of changes in allocations and aggregates.
- Sec. 434. Adjustments to reflect changes in concepts and definitions.
- Sec. 435. Exercise of rulemaking powers.

1 **TITLE I—RECOMMENDED** 2 **LEVELS AND AMOUNTS**

3 **SEC. 101. RECOMMENDED LEVELS AND AMOUNTS.**

4 The following budgetary levels are appropriate for
5 each of fiscal years 2016 through 2025:

1 (1) FEDERAL REVENUES.—For purposes of the
2 enforcement of this resolution:

3 (A) The recommended levels of Federal
4 revenues are as follows:

5 Fiscal year 2016: \$2,666,755,000,000.

6 Fiscal year 2017: \$2,763,328,000,000.

7 Fiscal year 2018: \$2,858,131,000,000.

8 Fiscal year 2019: \$2,974,147,000,000.

9 Fiscal year 2020: \$3,099,410,000,000.

10 Fiscal year 2021: \$3,241,963,000,000.

11 Fiscal year 2022: \$3,388,688,000,000.

12 Fiscal year 2023: \$3,550,388,000,000.

13 Fiscal year 2024: \$3,722,144,000,000.

14 Fiscal year 2025: \$3,905,648,000,000.

15 (B) The amounts by which the aggregate
16 levels of Federal revenues should be changed
17 are as follows:

18 Fiscal year 2016: \$0.

19 Fiscal year 2017: \$0.

20 Fiscal year 2018: \$0.

21 Fiscal year 2019: \$0.

22 Fiscal year 2020: \$0.

23 Fiscal year 2021: \$0.

24 Fiscal year 2022: \$0.

25 Fiscal year 2023: \$0.

1 Fiscal year 2024: \$0.

2 Fiscal year 2025: \$0.

3 (2) NEW BUDGET AUTHORITY.—For purposes
4 of the enforcement of this resolution, the appropriate
5 levels of total new budget authority are as follows:

6 Fiscal year 2016: \$3,003,274,000,000.

7 Fiscal year 2017: \$2,894,221,000,000.

8 Fiscal year 2018: \$2,958,672,000,000.

9 Fiscal year 2019: \$3,107,799,000,000.

10 Fiscal year 2020: \$3,228,534,000,000.

11 Fiscal year 2021: \$3,337,729,000,000.

12 Fiscal year 2022: \$3,455,558,000,000.

13 Fiscal year 2023: \$3,525,594,000,000.

14 Fiscal year 2024: \$3,624,025,000,000.

15 Fiscal year 2025: \$3,646,263,000,000.

16 (3) BUDGET OUTLAYS.—For purposes of the
17 enforcement of this resolution, the appropriate levels
18 of total budget outlays are as follows:

19 Fiscal year 2016: \$3,037,267,000,000.

20 Fiscal year 2017: \$2,928,317,000,000.

21 Fiscal year 2018: \$2,945,067,000,000.

22 Fiscal year 2019: \$3,080,929,000,000.

23 Fiscal year 2020: \$3,185,512,000,000.

24 Fiscal year 2021: \$3,308,296,000,000.

25 Fiscal year 2022: \$3,449,532,000,000.

1 Fiscal year 2023: \$3,497,247,000,000.

2 Fiscal year 2024: \$3,576,890,000,000.

3 Fiscal year 2025: \$3,614,976,000,000.

4 (4) DEFICITS.—For purposes of the enforce-
5 ment of this resolution, the amounts of the deficits
6 are as follows:

7 Fiscal year 2016: \$370,512,000,000.

8 Fiscal year 2017: \$164,989,000,000.

9 Fiscal year 2018: \$86,936,000,000.

10 Fiscal year 2019: \$106,782,000,000.

11 Fiscal year 2020: \$86,102,000,000.

12 Fiscal year 2021: \$66,333,000,000.

13 Fiscal year 2022: \$60,844,000,000.

14 Fiscal year 2023: -\$53,141,000,000.

15 Fiscal year 2024: -\$145,254,000,000.

16 Fiscal year 2025: -\$290,672,000,000.

17 (5) PUBLIC DEBT.—Pursuant to section
18 301(a)(5) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974,
19 the appropriate levels of the public debt are as fol-
20 lows:

21 Fiscal year 2016: \$19,009,000,000,000.

22 Fiscal year 2017: \$19,396,000,000,000.

23 Fiscal year 2018: \$19,718,000,000,000.

24 Fiscal year 2019: \$20,055,000,000,000.

25 Fiscal year 2020: \$20,375,000,000,000.

1 Fiscal year 2021: \$20,676,000,000,000.

2 Fiscal year 2022: \$21,008,000,000,000.

3 Fiscal year 2023: \$21,195,000,000,000.

4 Fiscal year 2024: \$21,254,000,000,000.

5 Fiscal year 2025: \$21,207,000,000,000.

6 (6) DEBT HELD BY THE PUBLIC.—The appro-
7 priate levels of debt held by the public are as follows:

8 Fiscal year 2016: \$13,799,000,000,000.

9 Fiscal year 2017: \$14,042,000,000,000.

10 Fiscal year 2018: \$14,222,000,000,000.

11 Fiscal year 2019: \$14,445,000,000,000.

12 Fiscal year 2020: \$14,674,000,000,000.

13 Fiscal year 2021: \$14,912,000,000,000.

14 Fiscal year 2022: \$15,230,000,000,000.

15 Fiscal year 2023: \$15,419,000,000,000.

16 Fiscal year 2024: \$15,500,000,000,000.

17 Fiscal year 2025: \$15,538,000,000,000.

18 (7) FEDERAL TAX EXPENDITURES.—The levels
19 of Federal tax expenditures are as follows:

20 Fiscal year 2016: \$1,481,800,000,000.

21 Fiscal year 2017: \$1,593,500,000,000.

22 Fiscal year 2018: \$1,670,800,000,000.

23 Fiscal year 2019: \$1,738,019,000,000.

24 Fiscal year 2020: \$1,810,158,000,000.

25 Fiscal year 2021: \$1,890,648,000,000.

1 Fiscal year 2022: \$1,973,922,000,000.

2 Fiscal year 2023: \$2,064,520,000,000.

3 Fiscal year 2024: \$2,160,235,000,000.

4 Fiscal year 2025: \$2,261,769,000,000.

5 **SEC. 102. SOCIAL SECURITY.**

6 (a) SOCIAL SECURITY REVENUES.—For purposes of
7 Senate enforcement under sections 302 and 311 of the
8 Congressional Budget Act of 1974, the amounts of reve-
9 nues of the Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance
10 Trust Fund and the Federal Disability Insurance Trust
11 Fund are as follows:

12 Fiscal year 2016: \$792,776,000,000.

13 Fiscal year 2017: \$824,342,000,000.

14 Fiscal year 2018: \$857,154,000,000.

15 Fiscal year 2019: \$890,609,000,000.

16 Fiscal year 2020: \$925,760,000,000.

17 Fiscal year 2021: \$962,188,000,000.

18 Fiscal year 2022: \$1,000,637,000,000.

19 Fiscal year 2023: \$1,040,394,000,000.

20 Fiscal year 2024: \$1,081,476,000,000.

21 Fiscal year 2025: \$1,123,748,000,000.

22 (b) SOCIAL SECURITY OUTLAYS.—For purposes of
23 Senate enforcement under sections 302 and 311 of the
24 Congressional Budget Act of 1974, the amounts of outlays
25 of the Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance Trust

1 Fund and the Federal Disability Insurance Trust Fund
2 are as follows:

3 Fiscal year 2016: \$778,032,000,000.

4 Fiscal year 2017: \$825,829,000,000.

5 Fiscal year 2018: \$882,521,000,000.

6 Fiscal year 2019: \$941,034,000,000.

7 Fiscal year 2020: \$1,005,632,000,000.

8 Fiscal year 2021: \$1,073,227,000,000.

9 Fiscal year 2022: \$1,145,188,000,000.

10 Fiscal year 2023: \$1,222,754,000,000.

11 Fiscal year 2024: \$1,305,622,000,000.

12 Fiscal year 2025: \$1,394,327,000,000.

13 (c) SOCIAL SECURITY ADMINISTRATIVE EX-
14 PENSES.—In the Senate, the amounts of new budget au-
15 thority and budget outlays of the Federal Old-Age and
16 Survivors Insurance Trust Fund and the Federal Dis-
17 ability Insurance Trust Fund for administrative expenses
18 are as follows:

19 Fiscal year 2016:

20 (A) New budget authority,
21 \$5,026,000,000.

22 (B) Outlays, \$5,089,000,000.

23 Fiscal year 2017:

24 (A) New budget authority,
25 \$5,175,000,000.

1 (B) Outlays, \$5,190,000,000.

2 Fiscal year 2018:

3 (A) New budget authority,

4 \$5,345,000,000.

5 (B) Outlays, \$5,316,000,000.

6 Fiscal year 2019:

7 (A) New budget authority,

8 \$5,518,000,000.

9 (B) Outlays, \$5,487,000,000.

10 Fiscal year 2020:

11 (A) New budget authority,

12 \$5,699,000,000.

13 (B) Outlays, \$5,668,000,000.

14 Fiscal year 2021:

15 (A) New budget authority,

16 \$5,881,000,000.

17 (B) Outlays, \$5,849,000,000.

18 Fiscal year 2022:

19 (A) New budget authority,

20 \$6,072,000,000.

21 (B) Outlays, \$6,039,000,000.

22 Fiscal year 2023:

23 (A) New budget authority,

24 \$6,266,000,000.

25 (B) Outlays, \$6,232,000,000.

1 Fiscal year 2024:

2 (A) New budget authority,

3 \$6,462,000,000.

4 (B) Outlays, \$6,428,000,000.

5 Fiscal year 2025:

6 (A) New budget authority,

7 \$6,665,000,000.

8 (B) Outlays, \$6,630,000,000.

9 **SEC. 103. POSTAL SERVICE DISCRETIONARY ADMINISTRA-**
10 **TIVE EXPENSES.**

11 In the Senate, the amounts of new budget authority
12 and budget outlays of the Postal Service for discretionary
13 administrative expenses are as follows:

14 Fiscal year 2016:

15 (A) New budget authority, \$267,000,000.

16 (B) Outlays, \$266,000,000.

17 Fiscal year 2017:

18 (A) New budget authority, \$277,000,000.

19 (B) Outlays, \$277,000,000.

20 Fiscal year 2018:

21 (A) New budget authority, \$288,000,000.

22 (B) Outlays, \$288,000,000.

23 Fiscal year 2019:

24 (A) New budget authority, \$299,000,000.

25 (B) Outlays, \$298,000,000.

- 1 Fiscal year 2020:
- 2 (A) New budget authority, \$310,000,000.
- 3 (B) Outlays, \$310,000,000.
- 4 Fiscal year 2021:
- 5 (A) New budget authority, \$321,000,000.
- 6 (B) Outlays, \$320,000,000.
- 7 Fiscal year 2022:
- 8 (A) New budget authority, \$334,000,000.
- 9 (B) Outlays, \$333,000,000.
- 10 Fiscal year 2023:
- 11 (A) New budget authority, \$346,000,000.
- 12 (B) Outlays, \$345,000,000.
- 13 Fiscal year 2024:
- 14 (A) New budget authority, \$358,000,000.
- 15 (B) Outlays, \$357,000,000.
- 16 Fiscal year 2025:
- 17 (A) New budget authority, \$371,000,000.
- 18 (B) Outlays, \$370,000,000.

19 **SEC. 104. MAJOR FUNCTIONAL CATEGORIES.**

20 Congress determines and declares that the appro-
21 priate levels of new budget authority and outlays for fiscal
22 years 2016 through 2025 for each major functional cat-
23 egory are:

- 24 (1) National Defense (050):

25 Fiscal year 2016:

1 (A) New budget authority,
2 \$620,263,000,000.
3 (B) Outlays, \$605,189,000,000.
4 Fiscal year 2017:
5 (A) New budget authority,
6 \$544,506,000,000.
7 (B) Outlays, \$576,934,000,000.
8 Fiscal year 2018:
9 (A) New budget authority,
10 \$557,744,000,000.
11 (B) Outlays, \$558,049,000,000.
12 Fiscal year 2019:
13 (A) New budget authority,
14 \$571,019,000,000.
15 (B) Outlays, \$564,685,000,000.
16 Fiscal year 2020:
17 (A) New budget authority,
18 \$585,310,000,000.
19 (B) Outlays, \$573,614,000,000.
20 Fiscal year 2021:
21 (A) New budget authority,
22 \$599,627,000,000.
23 (B) Outlays, \$586,038,000,000.
24 Fiscal year 2022:

1 (A) New budget authority,
2 \$600,634,000,000.
3 (B) Outlays, \$596,103,000,000.
4 Fiscal year 2023:
5 (A) New budget authority,
6 \$615,997,000,000.
7 (B) Outlays, \$603,051,000,000.
8 Fiscal year 2024:
9 (A) New budget authority,
10 \$631,771,000,000.
11 (B) Outlays, \$611,920,000,000.
12 Fiscal year 2025:
13 (A) New budget authority,
14 \$648,836,000,000.
15 (B) Outlays, \$632,992,000,000.
16 (2) International Affairs (150):
17 Fiscal year 2016:
18 (A) New budget authority,
19 \$47,791,000,000.
20 (B) Outlays, \$48,227,000,000.
21 Fiscal year 2017:
22 (A) New budget authority,
23 \$41,839,000,000.
24 (B) Outlays, \$45,656,000,000.
25 Fiscal year 2018:

1 (A) New budget authority,
2 \$42,802,000,000.
3 (B) Outlays, \$43,642,000,000.
4 Fiscal year 2019:
5 (A) New budget authority,
6 \$43,749,000,000.
7 (B) Outlays, \$42,565,000,000.
8 Fiscal year 2020:
9 (A) New budget authority,
10 \$44,754,000,000.
11 (B) Outlays, \$42,437,000,000.
12 Fiscal year 2021:
13 (A) New budget authority,
14 \$45,276,000,000.
15 (B) Outlays, \$42,795,000,000.
16 Fiscal year 2022:
17 (A) New budget authority,
18 \$46,553,000,000.
19 (B) Outlays, \$43,424,000,000.
20 Fiscal year 2023:
21 (A) New budget authority,
22 \$47,593,000,000.
23 (B) Outlays, \$44,153,000,000.
24 Fiscal year 2024:

1 (A) New budget authority,
2 \$48,681,000,000.
3 (B) Outlays, \$45,023,000,000.
4 Fiscal year 2025:
5 (A) New budget authority,
6 \$49,786,000,000.
7 (B) Outlays, \$45,943,000,000.
8 (3) General Science, Space, and Technology
9 (250):
10 Fiscal year 2016:
11 (A) New budget authority,
12 \$30,007,000,000.
13 (B) Outlays, \$30,007,000,000.
14 Fiscal year 2017:
15 (A) New budget authority,
16 \$30,596,000,000.
17 (B) Outlays, \$30,529,000,000.
18 Fiscal year 2018:
19 (A) New budget authority,
20 \$31,286,000,000.
21 (B) Outlays, \$31,165,000,000.
22 Fiscal year 2019:
23 (A) New budget authority,
24 \$31,981,000,000.
25 (B) Outlays, \$31,712,000,000.

1 Fiscal year 2020:

2 (A) New budget authority,

3 \$32,706,000,000.

4 (B) Outlays, \$32,400,000,000.

5 Fiscal year 2021:

6 (A) New budget authority,

7 \$33,433,000,000.

8 (B) Outlays, \$33,022,000,000.

9 Fiscal year 2022:

10 (A) New budget authority,

11 \$34,192,000,000.

12 (B) Outlays, \$33,756,000,000.

13 Fiscal year 2023:

14 (A) New budget authority,

15 \$34,953,000,000.

16 (B) Outlays, \$34,512,000,000.

17 Fiscal year 2024:

18 (A) New budget authority,

19 \$35,745,000,000.

20 (B) Outlays, \$35,290,000,000.

21 Fiscal year 2025:

22 (A) New budget authority,

23 \$36,545,000,000.

24 (B) Outlays, \$36,084,000,000.

25 (4) Energy (270):

1 Fiscal year 2016:
2 (A) New budget authority,
3 -\$1,947,000,000.
4 (B) Outlays, \$2,365,000,000.
5 Fiscal year 2017:
6 (A) New budget authority,
7 \$2,483,000,000.
8 (B) Outlays, \$2,112,000,000.
9 Fiscal year 2018:
10 (A) New budget authority, \$76,000,000.
11 (B) Outlays, -\$731,000,000.
12 Fiscal year 2019:
13 (A) New budget authority, \$90,000,000.
14 (B) Outlays, -\$753,000,000.
15 Fiscal year 2020:
16 (A) New budget authority, \$128,000,000.
17 (B) Outlays, -\$668,000,000.
18 Fiscal year 2021:
19 (A) New budget authority, \$97,000,000.
20 (B) Outlays, -\$543,000,000.
21 Fiscal year 2022:
22 (A) New budget authority, \$62,000,000.
23 (B) Outlays, -\$465,000,000.
24 Fiscal year 2023:
25 (A) New budget authority, \$36,000,000.

1 (B) Outlays, -\$393,000,000.

2 Fiscal year 2024:

3 (A) New budget authority,

4 \$2,869,000,000.

5 (B) Outlays, \$2,521,000,000.

6 Fiscal year 2025:

7 (A) New budget authority,

8 \$2,963,000,000.

9 (B) Outlays, \$2,655,000,000.

10 (5) Natural Resources and Environment (300):

11 Fiscal year 2016:

12 (A) New budget authority,

13 \$36,277,000,000.

14 (B) Outlays, \$38,983,000,000.

15 Fiscal year 2017:

16 (A) New budget authority,

17 \$36,685,000,000.

18 (B) Outlays, \$38,866,000,000.

19 Fiscal year 2018:

20 (A) New budget authority,

21 \$37,680,000,000.

22 (B) Outlays, \$38,719,000,000.

23 Fiscal year 2019:

24 (A) New budget authority,

25 \$39,125,000,000.

1 (B) Outlays, \$39,486,000,000.

2 Fiscal year 2020:

3 (A) New budget authority,

4 \$41,066,000,000.

5 (B) Outlays, \$41,098,000,000.

6 Fiscal year 2021:

7 (A) New budget authority,

8 \$40,951,000,000.

9 (B) Outlays, \$41,232,000,000.

10 Fiscal year 2022:

11 (A) New budget authority,

12 \$41,844,000,000.

13 (B) Outlays, \$41,992,000,000.

14 Fiscal year 2023:

15 (A) New budget authority,

16 \$43,240,000,000.

17 (B) Outlays, \$43,467,000,000.

18 Fiscal year 2024:

19 (A) New budget authority,

20 \$44,125,000,000.

21 (B) Outlays, \$43,663,000,000.

22 Fiscal year 2025:

23 (A) New budget authority,

24 \$45,522,000,000.

25 (B) Outlays, \$44,966,000,000.

1 (6) Agriculture (350):
2 Fiscal year 2016:
3 (A) New budget authority,
4 \$20,628,000,000.
5 (B) Outlays, \$20,585,000,000.
6 Fiscal year 2017:
7 (A) New budget authority,
8 \$24,247,000,000.
9 (B) Outlays, \$23,696,000,000.
10 Fiscal year 2018:
11 (A) New budget authority,
12 \$23,204,000,000.
13 (B) Outlays, \$22,471,000,000.
14 Fiscal year 2019:
15 (A) New budget authority,
16 \$22,083,000,000.
17 (B) Outlays, \$21,401,000,000.
18 Fiscal year 2020:
19 (A) New budget authority,
20 \$20,974,000,000.
21 (B) Outlays, \$20,498,000,000.
22 Fiscal year 2021:
23 (A) New budget authority,
24 \$21,078,000,000.
25 (B) Outlays, \$20,613,000,000.

1 Fiscal year 2022:
2 (A) New budget authority,
3 \$20,914,000,000.
4 (B) Outlays, \$20,476,000,000.
5 Fiscal year 2023:
6 (A) New budget authority,
7 \$21,506,000,000.
8 (B) Outlays, \$21,051,000,000.
9 Fiscal year 2024:
10 (A) New budget authority,
11 \$21,620,000,000.
12 (B) Outlays, \$21,125,000,000.
13 Fiscal year 2025:
14 (A) New budget authority,
15 \$21,834,000,000.
16 (B) Outlays, \$21,416,000,000.
17 (7) Commerce and Housing Credit (370):
18 Fiscal year 2016:
19 (A) New budget authority,
20 \$2,260,000,000.
21 (B) Outlays, -\$11,365,000,000.
22 Fiscal year 2017:
23 (A) New budget authority,
24 -\$3,959,000,000.
25 (B) Outlays, -\$18,302,000,000.

1 Fiscal year 2018:

2 (A) New budget authority,

3 -\$1,264,000,000.

4 (B) Outlays, -\$16,095,000,000.

5 Fiscal year 2019:

6 (A) New budget authority,

7 -\$1,316,000,000.

8 (B) Outlays, -\$21,170,000,000.

9 Fiscal year 2020:

10 (A) New budget authority, \$55,000,000.

11 (B) Outlays, -\$20,567,000,000.

12 Fiscal year 2021:

13 (A) New budget authority, -\$75,000,000.

14 (B) Outlays, -\$15,388,000,000.

15 Fiscal year 2022:

16 (A) New budget authority,

17 \$1,341,000,000.

18 (B) Outlays, -\$15,789,000,000.

19 Fiscal year 2023:

20 (A) New budget authority,

21 \$2,452,000,000.

22 (B) Outlays, -\$15,942,000,000.

23 Fiscal year 2024:

24 (A) New budget authority,

25 \$3,648,000,000.

1 (B) Outlays, -\$16,051,000,000.

2 Fiscal year 2025:

3 (A) New budget authority,

4 \$4,520,000,000.

5 (B) Outlays, -\$16,011,000,000.

6 (8) Transportation (400):

7 Fiscal year 2016:

8 (A) New budget authority,

9 \$71,528,000,000.

10 (B) Outlays, \$88,436,000,000.

11 Fiscal year 2017:

12 (A) New budget authority,

13 \$72,392,000,000.

14 (B) Outlays, \$83,756,000,000.

15 Fiscal year 2018:

16 (A) New budget authority,

17 \$73,286,000,000.

18 (B) Outlays, \$80,329,000,000.

19 Fiscal year 2019:

20 (A) New budget authority,

21 \$74,077,000,000.

22 (B) Outlays, \$79,437,000,000.

23 Fiscal year 2020:

24 (A) New budget authority,

25 \$74,826,000,000.

1 (B) Outlays, \$78,935,000,000.

2 Fiscal year 2021:

3 (A) New budget authority,

4 \$75,549,000,000.

5 (B) Outlays, \$78,708,000,000.

6 Fiscal year 2022:

7 (A) New budget authority,

8 \$76,221,000,000.

9 (B) Outlays, \$78,973,000,000.

10 Fiscal year 2023:

11 (A) New budget authority,

12 \$76,840,000,000.

13 (B) Outlays, \$79,228,000,000.

14 Fiscal year 2024:

15 (A) New budget authority,

16 \$77,506,000,000.

17 (B) Outlays, \$79,123,000,000.

18 Fiscal year 2025:

19 (A) New budget authority,

20 \$78,208,000,000.

21 (B) Outlays, \$79,426,000,000.

22 (9) Community and Regional Development

23 (450):

24 Fiscal year 2016:

1 (A) New budget authority,
2 \$17,388,000,000.
3 (B) Outlays, \$22,325,000,000.
4 Fiscal year 2017:
5 (A) New budget authority,
6 \$18,263,000,000.
7 (B) Outlays, \$21,002,000,000.
8 Fiscal year 2018:
9 (A) New budget authority,
10 \$18,606,000,000.
11 (B) Outlays, \$21,457,000,000.
12 Fiscal year 2019:
13 (A) New budget authority,
14 \$18,862,000,000.
15 (B) Outlays, \$22,314,000,000.
16 Fiscal year 2020:
17 (A) New budget authority,
18 \$18,870,000,000.
19 (B) Outlays, \$22,547,000,000.
20 Fiscal year 2021:
21 (A) New budget authority,
22 \$18,771,000,000.
23 (B) Outlays, \$22,474,000,000.
24 Fiscal year 2022:

1 (A) New budget authority,
2 \$18,782,000,000.
3 (B) Outlays, \$21,323,000,000.
4 Fiscal year 2023:
5 (A) New budget authority,
6 \$18,861,000,000.
7 (B) Outlays, \$19,747,000,000.
8 Fiscal year 2024:
9 (A) New budget authority,
10 \$18,975,000,000.
11 (B) Outlays, \$19,313,000,000.
12 Fiscal year 2025:
13 (A) New budget authority,
14 \$19,140,000,000.
15 (B) Outlays, \$19,384,000,000.
16 (10) Education, Training, Employment, and
17 Social Services (500):
18 Fiscal year 2016:
19 (A) New budget authority,
20 \$86,251,000,000.
21 (B) Outlays, \$95,717,000,000.
22 Fiscal year 2017:
23 (A) New budget authority,
24 \$87,848,000,000.
25 (B) Outlays, \$92,889,000,000.

1 Fiscal year 2018:
2 (A) New budget authority,
3 \$90,703,000,000.
4 (B) Outlays, \$90,534,000,000.
5 Fiscal year 2019:
6 (A) New budget authority,
7 \$89,535,000,000.
8 (B) Outlays, \$88,889,000,000.
9 Fiscal year 2020:
10 (A) New budget authority,
11 \$91,991,000,000.
12 (B) Outlays, \$91,556,000,000.
13 Fiscal year 2021:
14 (A) New budget authority,
15 \$93,353,000,000.
16 (B) Outlays, \$93,315,000,000.
17 Fiscal year 2022:
18 (A) New budget authority,
19 \$94,970,000,000.
20 (B) Outlays, \$94,734,000,000.
21 Fiscal year 2023:
22 (A) New budget authority,
23 \$96,575,000,000.
24 (B) Outlays, \$96,383,000,000.
25 Fiscal year 2024:

1 (A) New budget authority,
2 \$98,439,000,000.
3 (B) Outlays, \$98,178,000,000.
4 Fiscal year 2025:
5 (A) New budget authority,
6 \$100,362,000,000.
7 (B) Outlays, \$100,129,000,000.
8 (11) Health (550):
9 Fiscal year 2016:
10 (A) New budget authority,
11 \$414,326,000,000.
12 (B) Outlays, \$424,711,000,000.
13 Fiscal year 2017:
14 (A) New budget authority,
15 \$385,565,000,000.
16 (B) Outlays, \$389,710,000,000.
17 Fiscal year 2018:
18 (A) New budget authority,
19 \$388,629,000,000.
20 (B) Outlays, \$390,503,000,000.
21 Fiscal year 2019:
22 (A) New budget authority,
23 \$402,511,000,000.
24 (B) Outlays, \$403,324,000,000.
25 Fiscal year 2020:

1 (A) New budget authority,
2 \$425,526,000,000.
3 (B) Outlays, \$415,791,000,000.
4 Fiscal year 2021:
5 (A) New budget authority,
6 \$433,351,000,000.
7 (B) Outlays, \$433,395,000,000.
8 Fiscal year 2022:
9 (A) New budget authority,
10 \$452,426,000,000.
11 (B) Outlays, \$452,523,000,000.
12 Fiscal year 2023:
13 (A) New budget authority,
14 \$471,644,000,000.
15 (B) Outlays, \$471,719,000,000.
16 Fiscal year 2024:
17 (A) New budget authority,
18 \$489,491,000,000.
19 (B) Outlays, \$489,587,000,000.
20 Fiscal year 2025:
21 (A) New budget authority,
22 \$512,965,000,000.
23 (B) Outlays, \$513,163,000,000.
24 (12) Medicare (570):
25 Fiscal year 2016:

1 (A) New budget authority,
2 \$567,213,000,000.
3 (B) Outlays, \$567,122,000,000.
4 Fiscal year 2017:
5 (A) New budget authority,
6 \$562,941,000,000.
7 (B) Outlays, \$562,881,000,000.
8 Fiscal year 2018:
9 (A) New budget authority,
10 \$562,143,000,000.
11 (B) Outlays, \$562,102,000,000.
12 Fiscal year 2019:
13 (A) New budget authority,
14 \$619,228,000,000.
15 (B) Outlays, \$619,148,000,000.
16 Fiscal year 2020:
17 (A) New budget authority,
18 \$657,658,000,000.
19 (B) Outlays, \$657,564,000,000.
20 Fiscal year 2021:
21 (A) New budget authority,
22 \$698,284,000,000.
23 (B) Outlays, \$698,188,000,000.
24 Fiscal year 2022:

1 (A) New budget authority,
2 \$776,034,000,000.
3 (B) Outlays, \$775,930,000,000.
4 Fiscal year 2023:
5 (A) New budget authority,
6 \$787,879,000,000.
7 (B) Outlays, \$787,681,000,000.
8 Fiscal year 2024:
9 (A) New budget authority,
10 \$797,075,000,000.
11 (B) Outlays, \$796,964,000,000.
12 Fiscal year 2025:
13 (A) New budget authority,
14 \$902,467,000,000.
15 (B) Outlays, \$902,349,000,000.
16 (13) Income Security (600):
17 Fiscal year 2016:
18 (A) New budget authority,
19 \$529,494,000,000.
20 (B) Outlays, \$528,778,000,000.
21 Fiscal year 2017:
22 (A) New budget authority,
23 \$458,455,000,000.
24 (B) Outlays, \$455,293,000,000.
25 Fiscal year 2018:

1 (A) New budget authority,
2 \$466,015,000,000.
3 (B) Outlays, \$458,848,000,000.
4 Fiscal year 2019:
5 (A) New budget authority,
6 \$460,943,000,000.
7 (B) Outlays, \$457,388,000,000.
8 Fiscal year 2020:
9 (A) New budget authority,
10 \$471,826,000,000.
11 (B) Outlays, \$467,468,000,000.
12 Fiscal year 2021:
13 (A) New budget authority,
14 \$481,804,000,000.
15 (B) Outlays, \$477,132,000,000.
16 Fiscal year 2022:
17 (A) New budget authority,
18 \$493,877,000,000.
19 (B) Outlays, \$493,223,000,000.
20 Fiscal year 2023:
21 (A) New budget authority,
22 \$502,550,000,000.
23 (B) Outlays, \$498,468,000,000.
24 Fiscal year 2024:

1 (A) New budget authority,
2 \$512,932,000,000.
3 (B) Outlays, \$504,310,000,000.
4 Fiscal year 2025:
5 (A) New budget authority,
6 \$521,641,000,000.
7 (B) Outlays, \$517,044,000,000.
8 (14) Social Security (650):
9 Fiscal year 2016:
10 (A) New budget authority,
11 \$33,878,000,000.
12 (B) Outlays, \$33,919,000,000.
13 Fiscal year 2017:
14 (A) New budget authority,
15 \$36,535,000,000.
16 (B) Outlays, \$36,535,000,000.
17 Fiscal year 2018:
18 (A) New budget authority,
19 \$39,407,000,000.
20 (B) Outlays, \$39,407,000,000.
21 Fiscal year 2019:
22 (A) New budget authority,
23 \$42,634,000,000.
24 (B) Outlays, \$42,634,000,000.
25 Fiscal year 2020:

1 (A) New budget authority,
2 \$46,104,000,000.
3 (B) Outlays, \$46,104,000,000.
4 Fiscal year 2021:
5 (A) New budget authority,
6 \$49,712,000,000.
7 (B) Outlays, \$49,712,000,000.
8 Fiscal year 2022:
9 (A) New budget authority,
10 \$53,547,000,000.
11 (B) Outlays, \$53,547,000,000.
12 Fiscal year 2023:
13 (A) New budget authority,
14 \$57,455,000,000.
15 (B) Outlays, \$57,455,000,000.
16 Fiscal year 2024:
17 (A) New budget authority,
18 \$61,546,000,000.
19 (B) Outlays, \$61,546,000,000.
20 Fiscal year 2025:
21 (A) New budget authority,
22 \$65,751,000,000.
23 (B) Outlays, \$65,751,000,000.
24 (15) Veterans Benefits and Services (700):
25 Fiscal year 2016:

1 (A) New budget authority,
2 \$166,708,000,000.
3 (B) Outlays, \$170,152,000,000.
4 Fiscal year 2017:
5 (A) New budget authority,
6 \$164,905,000,000.
7 (B) Outlays, \$164,449,000,000.
8 Fiscal year 2018:
9 (A) New budget authority,
10 \$163,101,000,000.
11 (B) Outlays, \$162,477,000,000.
12 Fiscal year 2019:
13 (A) New budget authority,
14 \$174,989,000,000.
15 (B) Outlays, \$174,175,000,000.
16 Fiscal year 2020:
17 (A) New budget authority,
18 \$179,899,000,000.
19 (B) Outlays, \$178,942,000,000.
20 Fiscal year 2021:
21 (A) New budget authority,
22 \$184,172,000,000.
23 (B) Outlays, \$183,222,000,000.
24 Fiscal year 2022:

1 (A) New budget authority,
2 \$196,530,000,000.
3 (B) Outlays, \$195,502,000,000.
4 Fiscal year 2023:
5 (A) New budget authority,
6 \$193,156,000,000.
7 (B) Outlays, \$192,124,000,000.
8 Fiscal year 2024:
9 (A) New budget authority,
10 \$189,999,000,000.
11 (B) Outlays, \$188,884,000,000.
12 Fiscal year 2025:
13 (A) New budget authority,
14 \$203,895,000,000.
15 (B) Outlays, \$202,761,000,000.
16 (16) Administration of Justice (750):
17 Fiscal year 2016:
18 (A) New budget authority,
19 \$52,543,000,000.
20 (B) Outlays, \$56,757,000,000.
21 Fiscal year 2017:
22 (A) New budget authority,
23 \$57,030,000,000.
24 (B) Outlays, \$58,576,000,000.
25 Fiscal year 2018:

1 (A) New budget authority,
2 \$56,787,000,000.
3 (B) Outlays, \$57,929,000,000.
4 Fiscal year 2019:
5 (A) New budget authority,
6 \$58,512,000,000.
7 (B) Outlays, \$57,973,000,000.
8 Fiscal year 2020:
9 (A) New budget authority,
10 \$60,284,000,000.
11 (B) Outlays, \$59,888,000,000.
12 Fiscal year 2021:
13 (A) New budget authority,
14 \$62,239,000,000.
15 (B) Outlays, \$61,690,000,000.
16 Fiscal year 2022:
17 (A) New budget authority,
18 \$64,815,000,000.
19 (B) Outlays, \$64,224,000,000.
20 Fiscal year 2023:
21 (A) New budget authority,
22 \$66,745,000,000.
23 (B) Outlays, \$66,238,000,000.
24 Fiscal year 2024:

1 (A) New budget authority,
2 \$68,717,000,000.
3 (B) Outlays, \$68,091,000,000.
4 Fiscal year 2025:
5 (A) New budget authority,
6 \$70,550,000,000.
7 (B) Outlays, \$69,922,000,000.
8 (17) General Government (800):
9 Fiscal year 2016:
10 (A) New budget authority,
11 \$23,755,000,000.
12 (B) Outlays, \$23,708,000,000.
13 Fiscal year 2017:
14 (A) New budget authority,
15 \$24,046,000,000.
16 (B) Outlays, \$23,958,000,000.
17 Fiscal year 2018:
18 (A) New budget authority,
19 \$24,755,000,000.
20 (B) Outlays, \$24,573,000,000.
21 Fiscal year 2019:
22 (A) New budget authority,
23 \$25,485,000,000.
24 (B) Outlays, \$25,089,000,000.
25 Fiscal year 2020:

1 (A) New budget authority,
2 \$26,202,000,000.
3 (B) Outlays, \$25,782,000,000.
4 Fiscal year 2021:
5 (A) New budget authority,
6 \$26,958,000,000.
7 (B) Outlays, \$26,551,000,000.
8 Fiscal year 2022:
9 (A) New budget authority,
10 \$27,766,000,000.
11 (B) Outlays, \$27,375,000,000.
12 Fiscal year 2023:
13 (A) New budget authority,
14 \$28,493,000,000.
15 (B) Outlays, \$28,114,000,000.
16 Fiscal year 2024:
17 (A) New budget authority,
18 \$29,022,000,000.
19 (B) Outlays, \$28,671,000,000.
20 Fiscal year 2025:
21 (A) New budget authority,
22 \$29,809,000,000.
23 (B) Outlays, \$29,399,000,000.
24 (18) Net Interest (900):
25 Fiscal year 2016:

1 (A) New budget authority,
2 \$366,579,000,000.
3 (B) Outlays, \$366,579,000,000.
4 Fiscal year 2017:
5 (A) New budget authority,
6 \$415,132,000,000.
7 (B) Outlays, \$415,132,000,000.
8 Fiscal year 2018:
9 (A) New budget authority,
10 \$478,693,000,000.
11 (B) Outlays, \$478,693,000,000.
12 Fiscal year 2019:
13 (A) New budget authority,
14 \$532,670,000,000.
15 (B) Outlays, \$532,670,000,000.
16 Fiscal year 2020:
17 (A) New budget authority,
18 \$580,522,000,000.
19 (B) Outlays, \$580,522,000,000.
20 Fiscal year 2021:
21 (A) New budget authority,
22 \$614,725,000,000.
23 (B) Outlays, \$614,725,000,000.
24 Fiscal year 2022:

1 (A) New budget authority,
2 \$645,841,000,000.
3 (B) Outlays, \$645,841,000,000.
4 Fiscal year 2023:
5 (A) New budget authority,
6 \$671,301,000,000.
7 (B) Outlays, \$671,301,000,000.
8 Fiscal year 2024:
9 (A) New budget authority,
10 \$690,987,000,000.
11 (B) Outlays, \$690,987,000,000.
12 Fiscal year 2025:
13 (A) New budget authority,
14 \$703,419,000,000.
15 (B) Outlays, \$703,419,000,000.
16 (19) Allowances (920):
17 Fiscal year 2016:
18 (A) New budget authority,
19 -\$12,271,000,000.
20 (B) Outlays, -\$5,520,000,000.
21 Fiscal year 2017:
22 (A) New budget authority,
23 \$12,975,000,000.
24 (B) Outlays, \$2,923,000,000.
25 Fiscal year 2018:

1 (A) New budget authority,
2 -\$10,750,000,000.
3 (B) Outlays, -\$14,755,000,000.
4 Fiscal year 2019:
5 (A) New budget authority,
6 -\$15,199,000,000.
7 (B) Outlays, -\$16,838,000,000.
8 Fiscal year 2020:
9 (A) New budget authority,
10 -\$46,590,000,000.
11 (B) Outlays, -\$44,799,000,000.
12 Fiscal year 2021:
13 (A) New budget authority,
14 -\$54,803,000,000.
15 (B) Outlays, -\$51,787,000,000.
16 Fiscal year 2022:
17 (A) New budget authority,
18 -\$98,454,000,000.
19 (B) Outlays, -\$80,798,000,000.
20 Fiscal year 2023:
21 (A) New budget authority,
22 -\$112,036,000,000.
23 (B) Outlays, -\$101,438,000,000.
24 Fiscal year 2024:

1 (A) New budget authority,
2 -\$90,119,000,000.
3 (B) Outlays, -\$83,225,000,000.
4 Fiscal year 2025:
5 (A) New budget authority,
6 -\$250,580,000,000.
7 (B) Outlays, -\$234,419,000,000.
8 (20) Undistributed Offsetting Receipts (950):
9 Fiscal year 2016:
10 (A) New budget authority,
11 -\$69,397,000,000.
12 (B) Outlays, -\$69,408,000,000.
13 Fiscal year 2017:
14 (A) New budget authority,
15 -\$78,263,000,000.
16 (B) Outlays, -\$78,278,000,000.
17 Fiscal year 2018:
18 (A) New budget authority,
19 -\$84,231,000,000.
20 (B) Outlays, -\$84,250,000,000.
21 Fiscal year 2019:
22 (A) New budget authority,
23 -\$83,179,000,000.
24 (B) Outlays, -\$83,200,000,000.
25 Fiscal year 2020:

1 (A) New budget authority,
2 -\$83,577,000,000.
3 (B) Outlays, -\$83,600,000,000.
4 Fiscal year 2021:
5 (A) New budget authority,
6 -\$86,773,000,000.
7 (B) Outlays, -\$86,798,000,000.
8 Fiscal year 2022:
9 (A) New budget authority,
10 -\$92,337,000,000.
11 (B) Outlays, -\$92,362,000,000.
12 Fiscal year 2023:
13 (A) New budget authority,
14 -\$99,646,000,000.
15 (B) Outlays, -\$99,672,000,000.
16 Fiscal year 2024:
17 (A) New budget authority,
18 -\$109,004,000,000.
19 (B) Outlays, -\$109,030,000,000.
20 Fiscal year 2025:
21 (A) New budget authority,
22 -\$121,370,000,000.
23 (B) Outlays, -\$121,397,000,000.

1 **TITLE II—RECONCILIATION**

2 **SEC. 201. RECONCILIATION IN THE SENATE.**

3 (a) COMMITTEE ON FINANCE.—The Committee on
4 Finance of the Senate shall report changes in laws within
5 its jurisdiction to reduce the deficit by \$1,000,000,000 for
6 the period of fiscal years 2016 through 2025.

7 (b) COMMITTEE ON HEALTH, EDUCATION, LABOR
8 AND PENSIONS.—The Committee on Health, Education,
9 Labor and Pensions of the Senate shall report changes
10 in laws within its jurisdiction to reduce the deficit by
11 \$1,000,000,000 for the period of fiscal years 2016
12 through 2025.

13 (c) SUBMISSIONS.—In the Senate, not later than July
14 31, 2015, the Senate Committees named in subsections
15 (a) and (b) shall submit their recommendations to the
16 Committee on the Budget of the Senate. Upon receiving
17 all such recommendations, the Committee on the Budget
18 of the Senate shall report to the Senate a reconciliation
19 bill carrying out all such recommendations without any
20 substantive revision.

1 **TITLE III—RESERVE FUNDS**

2 **SEC. 301. SPENDING-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO IN-**
3 **CREASE THE PACE OF ECONOMIC GROWTH**
4 **AND PRIVATE SECTOR JOB CREATION IN THE**
5 **UNITED STATES.**

6 The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of
7 the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or
8 committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in
9 this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions,
10 amendments, amendments between the Houses, motions,
11 or conference reports relating to—

12 (1) growing the economy;

13 (2) creating more private sector jobs and en-
14 hancing worker rights such as Davis-Bacon reform
15 and card check;

16 (3) lowering the after-tax costs of investment,
17 savings, and work;

18 (4) reducing the costs to business and individ-
19 uals from the Internal Revenue Code of 1986;

20 (5) reducing the costs borne by economic activ-
21 ity in the United States stemming from Federal reg-
22 ulations, including the costs incurred by individuals
23 in complying with Federal law when starting a busi-
24 ness;

25 (6) reducing the costs of frivolous lawsuits;

1 (7) creating a more competitive financial sector
2 to support economic growth and job creation while
3 enhancing the credit worthiness of lending institu-
4 tions; or

5 (8) improving the ability of policy makers to es-
6 timate the economic effects of policy change through
7 the enhanced use of economic models and data in
8 scoring legislation;

9 without raising new revenue, by the amounts provided in
10 such legislation for those purposes, provided that such leg-
11 islation would not increase the deficit over either the pe-
12 riod of the total of fiscal years 2016 through 2020 or the
13 period of the total of fiscal years 2016 through 2025.

14 **SEC. 302. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO STRENGTH-**
15 **EN AMERICA'S PRIORITIES.**

16 The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of
17 the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or
18 committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in
19 this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions,
20 amendments, amendments between the Houses, motions,
21 or conference reports relating to enhanced funding for na-
22 tional security or domestic discretionary programs by the
23 amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes,
24 provided that such legislation would not increase the def-

1 icit over the period of the total of fiscal years 2016
2 through 2025.

3 **SEC. 303. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO PROTECT**
4 **FLEXIBLE AND AFFORDABLE HEALTHCARE**
5 **CHOICES FOR ALL.**

6 The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of
7 the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or
8 committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in
9 this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions,
10 amendments, amendments between the Houses, motions,
11 or conference reports relating to—

12 (1) the full repeal of the Patient Protection and
13 Affordable Care Act (Public Law 111–148; 124
14 Stat. 119) and the health care-related provisions of
15 the Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of
16 2010 (Public Law 111–152; 124 Stat. 1029); or

17 (2) the replacing or reforming the Patient Pro-
18 tection and Affordable Care Act (Public Law 111–
19 148; 124 Stat. 119) or the health care-related provi-
20 sions of the Health Care and Education Reconcili-
21 ation Act of 2010 (Public Law 111–152; 124 Stat.
22 1029);

23 by the amounts provided in such legislation for those pur-
24 poses, provided that such legislation would not increase

1 the deficit over the period of the total of fiscal years 2016
2 through 2025.

3 **SEC. 304. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR IMPROV-**
4 **ING ACCESS TO THE CHILDREN'S HEALTH IN-**
5 **SURANCE PROGRAM.**

6 The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of
7 the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or
8 committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in
9 this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions,
10 amendments, amendments between the Houses, motions,
11 or conference reports relating to improving access to af-
12 fordable health care for low-income children, including the
13 Children's Health Insurance Program, by the amounts
14 provided in such legislation for that purpose, provided that
15 such legislation would not increase the deficit over either
16 the period of the total of fiscal years 2016 through 2020
17 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2016 through
18 2025.

19 **SEC. 305. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR OTHER**
20 **HEALTH REFORMS.**

21 The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of
22 the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or
23 committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in
24 this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions,

1 amendments, amendments between the Houses, motions,
2 or conference reports relating to—

3 (1) the requirement to individually purchase, or
4 jointly provide, health insurance;

5 (2) increasing payments under, or permanently
6 reforming or replacing, Medicare payments for pro-
7 viders;

8 (3) extending expiring health care provisions;

9 (4) the health care needs of first responders to
10 domestic acts of terror;

11 (5) improvements in medical research, innova-
12 tion and safety; or

13 (6) strengthening program integrity initiatives
14 to reduce fraud, waste, and abuse in Federal health
15 care programs;

16 by the amounts provided in such legislation for that pur-
17 pose, provided that such legislation would not increase the
18 deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years
19 2016 through 2020 or the period of the total of fiscal
20 years 2016 through 2025.

21 **SEC. 306. SPENDING-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR CHILD**
22 **WELFARE.**

23 The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of
24 the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or
25 committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in

1 this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions,
2 amendments, amendments between the Houses, motions,
3 or conference reports relating to—

4 (1) child nutrition programs;

5 (2) replacing ineffective policies and programs
6 with evidence-based alternative that improve the wel-
7 fare of vulnerable children; or

8 (3) policies that protect children from sexual
9 predators in our schools or communities;

10 without raising new revenue, by the amounts provided in
11 such legislation for those purposes, provided that such leg-
12 islation would not increase the deficit over either the pe-
13 riod of the total of fiscal years 2016 through 2020 or the
14 period of the total of fiscal years 2016 through 2025.

15 **SEC. 307. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR VET-**
16 **ERANS AND SERVICEMEMBERS.**

17 The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of
18 the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or
19 committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in
20 this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions,
21 amendments, amendments between the Houses, motions,
22 or conference reports relating to the improvement of the
23 delivery of benefits and services to veterans and
24 servicemembers, including:

1 (1) eligibility for both military retired pay and
2 veterans' disability compensation (concurrent re-
3 ceipt);

4 (2) the reduction or elimination of the offset be-
5 tween Survivor Benefit Plan annuities and Veterans'
6 Dependency and Indemnity Compensation;

7 (3) the improvement of disability benefits or the
8 process of evaluating and adjudicating benefit claims
9 for members of the Armed Forces or veterans;

10 (4) the infrastructure needs of the Department
11 of Veterans Affairs, including constructing or leasing
12 space, to include leases of major medical facilities,
13 and maintenance of Department facilities;

14 (5) supporting the transition of servicemembers
15 to the civilian workforce, including by expanding or
16 improving education, job training, and workforce de-
17 velopment benefits, or other programs for
18 servicemembers or veterans, which may include
19 streamlining the process associated with Federal and
20 State credentialing requirements;

21 (6) improving access to and reducing wait times
22 for Department of Veterans Affairs health care, in-
23 cluding through hiring medical providers, and im-
24 proving the quality of such care; or

1 (7) providing or improving specialty services,
2 including mental health care, homeless services, gen-
3 der specific health care, fertility treatment, and sup-
4 port for caregivers;
5 by the amounts provided in such legislation for that pur-
6 pose, provided that such legislation would not increase the
7 deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years
8 2016 through 2020 or the period of the total of fiscal
9 years 2016 through 2025.

10 **SEC. 308. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR TAX RE-**
11 **FORM AND ADMINISTRATION.**

12 The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of
13 the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or
14 committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in
15 this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions,
16 amendments, amendments between the Houses, motions,
17 or conference reports relating to—

18 (1) reforming the Internal Revenue Code of
19 1986;

20 (2) amending the Internal Revenue Code of
21 1986 to extend certain expiring tax relief provisions;

22 (3) innovation and high quality manufacturing
23 jobs, including the repeal of the 2.3 percent excise
24 tax on medical device manufacturers; or

1 **SEC. 310. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR AIR**
2 **TRANSPORTATION.**

3 The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of
4 the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or
5 committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in
6 this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions,
7 amendments, amendments between the Houses, motions,
8 or conference reports relating to Federal spending on civil
9 air traffic control services, which may include air traffic
10 management at airport towers across the United States
11 or at facilities of the Federal Aviation Administration, by
12 the amounts provided in such legislation for that purpose,
13 provided that such legislation would not increase the def-
14 icit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2016
15 through 2020 or the period of the total of fiscal years
16 2016 through 2025.

17 **SEC. 311. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO PROMOTE**
18 **JOBS IN THE UNITED STATES THROUGH**
19 **INTERNATIONAL TRADE.**

20 The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of
21 the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or
22 committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in
23 this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions,
24 amendments, amendments between the Houses, motions,
25 or conference reports relating to—

- 1 (1) suspending or reducing tariffs on miscella-
2 neous imports;
- 3 (2) reauthorization of trade related Federal
4 agencies;
- 5 (3) implementing international trade agree-
6 ments;
- 7 (4) reauthorizing preference programs; or
- 8 (5) enhancing the protection of United States
9 intellectual property rights at the border and abroad;
10 by the amounts provided in such legislation for those pur-
11 poses, provided that such legislation would not increase
12 the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years
13 2016 through 2020 or the period of the total of fiscal
14 years 2016 through 2025.

15 **SEC. 312. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO INCREASE**
16 **EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITIES FOR DIS-**
17 **ABLED WORKERS.**

18 The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of
19 the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or
20 committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in
21 this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions,
22 amendments, amendments between the Houses, motions,
23 or conference reports relating to the administration of dis-
24 ability benefits and the improved employment of disabled
25 workers by the amounts provided in such legislation for

1 those purposes, provided that such legislation would not
2 increase the deficit over either the period of the total of
3 fiscal years 2016 through 2020 or the period of the total
4 of fiscal years 2016 through 2025.

5 **SEC. 313. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR HIGHER**
6 **EDUCATION ACT REFORM.**

7 The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of
8 the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or
9 committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in
10 this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions,
11 amendments, amendments between the Houses, motions,
12 or conference reports that amend the Higher Education
13 Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001 et seq.) by the amounts pro-
14 vided in such legislation for that purpose, provided that
15 such legislation would not increase the deficit over either
16 the period of the total of fiscal years 2016 through 2020
17 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2016 through
18 2025.

19 **SEC. 314. SPENDING-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR EN-**
20 **ERGY LEGISLATION.**

21 The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of
22 the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or
23 committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in
24 this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions,

1 amendments, amendments between the Houses, motions,
2 or conference reports relating to—

3 (1) reform of the management of civilian and
4 defense nuclear waste;

5 (2) reform and reauthorization of programs at
6 the Department of Energy related to research and
7 development of alternative or renewable forms of en-
8 ergy, fossil fuel exploration and use, nuclear energy,
9 or the electricity grid;

10 (3) expansion of North American energy pro-
11 duction; or

12 (4) reform of the permitting and siting proc-
13 esses for energy infrastructure;

14 without raising new revenue, by the amounts provided in
15 such legislation for those purposes, provided that such leg-
16 islation would not increase the deficit over either the pe-
17 riod of the total of fiscal years 2016 through 2020 or the
18 period of the total of fiscal years 2016 through 2025.

19 **SEC. 315. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO REFORM**
20 **ENVIRONMENTAL STATUTES.**

21 The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of
22 the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or
23 committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in
24 this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions,
25 amendments, amendments between the Houses, motions,

1 or conference reports relating to reform of environmental
2 statutes to promote job growth by the amounts provided
3 in such legislation for that purpose, provided that such
4 legislation would not increase the deficit over either the
5 period of the total of fiscal years 2016 through 2020 or
6 the period of the total of fiscal years 2016 through 2025.

7 **SEC. 316. SPENDING-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR WATER**
8 **RESOURCES LEGISLATION.**

9 The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of
10 the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or
11 committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in
12 this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions,
13 amendments, amendments between the Houses, motions,
14 or conference reports relating to improving flood control,
15 expanding opportunities for commercial navigation, and
16 improving the environmental restoration of the nation's
17 waterways without raising new revenue, by the amounts
18 provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided
19 that such legislation would not increase the deficit over
20 either the period of the total of fiscal years 2016 through
21 2020 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2016
22 through 2025.

1 **SEC. 317. SPENDING-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND ON MIN-**
2 **ERAL SECURITY AND MINERAL RIGHTS.**

3 The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of
4 the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or
5 committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in
6 this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions,
7 amendments, amendments between the Houses, motions,
8 or conference reports relating to—

9 (1) reducing reliance on mineral imports; or

10 (2) the authority to deduct certain amounts
11 from mineral revenues payable to States;

12 without raising new revenue, by the amounts provided in
13 such legislation for those purposes, provided that such leg-
14 islation would not increase the deficit over either the pe-
15 riod of the total of fiscal years 2016 through 2020 or the
16 period of the total of fiscal years 2016 through 2025.

17 **SEC. 318. SPENDING-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO REFORM**
18 **THE ABANDONED MINE LANDS PROGRAM.**

19 The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of
20 the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or
21 committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in
22 this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions,
23 amendments, amendments between the Houses, motions,
24 or conference reports relating to the Surface Mining Con-
25 trol and Reclamation Act of 1977 (30 U.S.C. 1201 et seq.)
26 without raising new revenue, by the amounts provided in

1 such legislation for that purpose, provided that such legis-
 2 lation would not increase the deficit over either the period
 3 of the total of fiscal years 2016 through 2020 or the pe-
 4 riod of the total of fiscal years 2016 through 2025.

5 **SEC. 319. SPENDING-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO IM-**
 6 **PROVE FOREST HEALTH.**

7 The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of
 8 the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or
 9 committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in
 10 this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions,
 11 amendments, amendments between the Houses, motions,
 12 or conference reports relating to—

13 (1) increasing timber production from Federal
 14 lands and providing bridge funding to counties and
 15 other units of local government until timber produc-
 16 tion levels increase;

17 (2) decreasing forest hazardous fuel loads;

18 (3) improving stewardship contracting; or

19 (4) reform of the process of budgeting for wild-
 20 fire suppression operations;

21 without raising new revenue, by the amounts provided in
 22 such legislation for those purposes, provided that such leg-
 23 islation would not increase the deficit over either the pe-
 24 riod of the total of fiscal years 2016 through 2020 or the
 25 period of the total of fiscal years 2016 through 2025.

1 **SEC. 320. SPENDING-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO REAU-**
2 **THORIZE FUNDING FOR PAYMENTS IN LIEU**
3 **OF TAXES TO COUNTIES AND OTHER UNITS**
4 **OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT.**

5 The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of
6 the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or
7 committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in
8 this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions,
9 amendments, amendments between the Houses, motions,
10 or conference reports relating to Payments In Lieu of
11 Taxes (PILT) without raising new revenue, by the
12 amounts provided in such legislation for that purpose, pro-
13 vided that such legislation would not increase the deficit
14 over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2016
15 through 2020 or the period of the total of fiscal years
16 2016 through 2025.

17 **SEC. 321. SPENDING-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR FINAN-**
18 **CIAL REGULATORY SYSTEM REFORM.**

19 The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of
20 the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or
21 committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in
22 this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions,
23 amendments, amendments between the Houses, motions,
24 or conference reports relating to regulatory relief for small
25 financial firms, improvements in the effectiveness of the
26 financial regulatory framework, enhancements in oversight

1 and accountability of the Federal Reserve System, and ex-
2 pansion in access to capital markets without raising new
3 revenue, by the amounts provided in such legislation for
4 those purposes, provided that such legislation would not
5 increase the deficit over either the period of the total of
6 fiscal years 2016 through 2020 or the period of the total
7 of fiscal years 2016 through 2025.

8 **SEC. 322. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO IMPROVE**
9 **FEDERAL PROGRAM ADMINISTRATION.**

10 The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of
11 the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or
12 committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in
13 this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions,
14 amendments, amendments between the Houses, motions,
15 or conference reports relating to improving the processing
16 of earnings reports for the Supplemental Security Income
17 and Social Security Disability Insurance programs by the
18 amounts provided in such legislation for that purpose, pro-
19 vided that such legislation would not increase the deficit
20 over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2016
21 through 2020 or the period of the total of fiscal years
22 2016 through 2025.

1 **SEC. 323. SPENDING-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO IMPLE-**
2 **MENT AGREEMENTS WITH FREELY ASSOCI-**
3 **ATED STATES.**

4 The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of
5 the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or
6 committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in
7 this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions,
8 amendments, amendments between the Houses, motions,
9 or conference reports relating to the implementation of
10 agreements between the United States and nations with
11 whom it maintains a Compact of Free Association without
12 raising new revenue, by the amounts provided in such leg-
13 islation for that purpose, provided that such legislation
14 would not increase the deficit over either the period of the
15 total of fiscal years 2016 through 2020 or the period of
16 the total of fiscal years 2016 through 2025.

17 **SEC. 324. SPENDING-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO PRO-**
18 **TECT PAYMENTS TO RURAL HOSPITALS AND**
19 **CREATE SUSTAINABLE ACCESS FOR RURAL**
20 **COMMUNITIES.**

21 The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of
22 the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or
23 committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in
24 this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions,
25 amendments, amendments between the Houses, motions,
26 or conference reports relating to protecting payments to

1 rural hospitals and creating sustainable access for rural
2 communities, without raising new revenue, by the amounts
3 provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided
4 that such legislation would not increase the deficit over
5 either the period of the total of fiscal years 2016 through
6 2020 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2016
7 through 2025.

8 **SEC. 325. SPENDING-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO ENCOUR-**
9 **AGE STATE MEDICAID DEMONSTRATION PRO-**
10 **GRAMS TO PROMOTE INDEPENDENT LIVING**
11 **AND INTEGRATED WORK FOR THE DISABLED.**

12 The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of
13 the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or
14 committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in
15 this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions,
16 amendments, amendments between the Houses, motions,
17 or conference reports relating to encouraging State Med-
18 icaid demonstration programs to promote independent liv-
19 ing and integrated work for the disabled, without raising
20 new revenue, by the amounts provided in such legislation
21 for that purpose, provided that such legislation would not
22 increase the deficit over either the period of the total of
23 fiscal years 2016 through 2020 or the period of the total
24 of fiscal years 2016 through 2025.

1 **SEC. 326. SPENDING-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO ALLOW**
2 **PHARMACISTS TO BE PAID FOR THE PROVI-**
3 **SION OF SERVICES UNDER MEDICARE.**

4 The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of
5 the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or
6 committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in
7 this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions,
8 amendments, amendments between the Houses, motions,
9 or conference reports relating to payments to pharmacists
10 for the provision of services under Medicare, without rais-
11 ing new revenue, by the amounts provided in such legisla-
12 tion for that purpose, provided that such legislation would
13 not increase the deficit over either the period of the total
14 of fiscal years 2016 through 2020 or the period of the
15 total of fiscal years 2016 through 2025.

16 **SEC. 327. SPENDING-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO IM-**
17 **PROVE OUR NATION'S COMMUNITY HEALTH**
18 **CENTERS.**

19 The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of
20 the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or
21 committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in
22 this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions,
23 amendments, amendments between the Houses, motions,
24 or conference reports relating to supporting and improving
25 community health centers, without raising new revenue,
26 by the amounts provided in such legislation for that pur-

1 pose, provided that such legislation would not increase the
2 deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years
3 2016 through 2020 or the period of the total of fiscal
4 years 2016 through 2025.

5 **SEC. 328. SPENDING-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND RELATING**
6 **TO THE FUNDING OF INDEPENDENT AGEN-**
7 **CIES, WHICH MAY INCLUDE SUBJECTING THE**
8 **CONSUMER FINANCIAL PROTECTION BU-**
9 **REAU TO THE REGULAR APPROPRIATIONS**
10 **PROCESS.**

11 The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of
12 the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or
13 committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in
14 this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions,
15 amendments, amendments between the Houses, motions,
16 or conference reports relating to the funding of inde-
17 pendent agencies, which may include subjecting the Con-
18 sumer Financial Protection Bureau to the regular appro-
19 priations process without raising new revenue, by the
20 amounts provided in such legislation for that purpose, pro-
21 vided that such legislation would not increase the deficit
22 over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2016
23 through 2020 or the period of the total of fiscal years
24 2016 through 2025.

1 **SEC. 329. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR EXPORT**
2 **PROMOTION.**

3 The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of
4 the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or
5 committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in
6 this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions,
7 amendments, amendments between the Houses, motions,
8 or conference reports relating to promoting exports, by the
9 amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes,
10 provided that such legislation would not increase total
11 deficits over either the period of the total of fiscal years
12 2016 through 2020 or the period of the total of fiscal
13 years 2016 through 2025.

14 **SEC. 330. SPENDING-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO REFORM,**
15 **IMPROVE, AND ENHANCE 529 COLLEGE SAV-**
16 **INGS PLANS.**

17 The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of
18 the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or
19 committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in
20 this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions,
21 amendments, amendments between the Houses, motions,
22 or conference reports relating to reforms, improvements,
23 and enhancements of 529 college savings plans, without
24 raising new revenue, by the amounts provided in such leg-
25 islation for that purpose, provided that such legislation
26 would not increase the deficit over either the period of the

1 total of fiscal years 2016 through 2020 or the period of
2 the total of fiscal years 2016 through 2025.

3 **SEC. 331. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND RELATING TO**
4 **SECURING OVERSEAS DIPLOMATIC FACILI-**
5 **TIES OF THE UNITED STATES.**

6 The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of
7 the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or
8 committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in
9 this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions,
10 amendments, amendments between the Houses, motions,
11 or conference reports relating to the security of the over-
12 seas diplomatic facilities of the United States, by the
13 amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes,
14 provided that such legislation would not increase the def-
15 icit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2016
16 through 2020 or the period of the total of fiscal years
17 2016 through 2025.

18 **SEC. 332. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO ACHIEVE**
19 **SAVINGS BY HELPING STRUGGLING AMERI-**
20 **CANS ON THE ROAD TO PERSONAL AND FI-**
21 **NANCIAL INDEPENDENCE.**

22 The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of
23 the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or
24 committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in
25 this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions,

1 amendments, amendments between the Houses, motions,
2 or conference reports relating to welfare legislation to help
3 struggling Americans on the road to personal and finan-
4 cial independence, by the amounts provided in such legis-
5 lation for that purpose, provided that such legislation
6 would not increase the deficit over either the period of the
7 total of fiscal years 2016 through 2020 or the period of
8 the total of fiscal years 2016 through 2025.

9 **SEC. 333. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND RELATING TO**
10 **CONSERVING FEDERAL LAND, ENHANCING**
11 **ACCESS TO FEDERAL LAND FOR REC-**
12 **REATIONAL OPPORTUNITIES, AND MAKING**
13 **INVESTMENTS IN COUNTIES AND SCHOOLS.**

14 The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of
15 the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or
16 committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in
17 this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions,
18 amendments, amendments between the Houses, motions,
19 or conference reports relating to Federal programs for
20 land and water conservation and acquisition or the preser-
21 vation, restoration, or protection of public land, oceans,
22 coastal areas, or aquatic ecosystems, making changes to
23 or providing for the reauthorization of the Secure Rural
24 Schools and Community Self-Determination Act of 2000
25 (16 U.S.C. 7101 et seq.), making changes to or providing

1 for the reauthorization of the payments in lieu of taxes
2 program under chapter 69 of title 31, United States Code,
3 or making changes to or providing for the reauthorization
4 of both laws, by the amounts provided in such legislation
5 for those purposes, provided that such legislation would
6 not increase the deficit over either the period of the total
7 of fiscal years 2016 through 2020 or the period of the
8 total of fiscal years 2016 through 2025.

9 **SEC. 334. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO PROTECT**
10 **TAXPAYERS FROM IDENTITY FRAUD.**

11 The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of
12 the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or
13 committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in
14 this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions,
15 amendments, amendments between the Houses, motions,
16 or conference reports related to changes at the Internal
17 Revenue Service, which may include establishing a process
18 by which taxpayers may (1) receive notification of tax
19 scams and (2) determine whether a return may have been
20 filed using their personal information, by the amounts pro-
21 vided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that
22 such legislation would not increase the deficit over either
23 the period of the total of fiscal years 2016 through 2021
24 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2016 through
25 2025.

1 **SEC. 335. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND RELATING TO**
2 **CAREER AND TECHNICAL EDUCATION.**

3 The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of
4 the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or
5 committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in
6 this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions,
7 amendments, amendments between the Houses, motions,
8 or conference reports relating to career and technical edu-
9 cation, which may include work- or skills-based learning
10 opportunities or which creates rigorous career and tech-
11 nical education curricula in schools, by the amounts pro-
12 vided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that
13 such legislation would not increase the deficit over either
14 the period of the total of fiscal years 2016 through 2020
15 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2016 through
16 2025.

17 **SEC. 336. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND RELATING TO**
18 **FEMA PREPAREDNESS.**

19 The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of
20 the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or
21 committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in
22 this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions,
23 amendments, amendments between the Houses, motions,
24 or conference reports relating to enhancing the prepared-
25 ness of the Federal Emergency Management Agency to
26 respond to disasters, which may include those on land and

1 in the oceans caused or exacerbated by human-induced cli-
2 mate change, by the amounts provided in such legislation
3 for those purposes, provided that such legislation would
4 not increase the deficit over either the period of the total
5 of fiscal years 2016 through 2020 or the period of the
6 total of fiscal years 2016 through 2025.

7 **SEC. 337. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND RELATING TO**
8 **EXPANDING, ENHANCING, OR OTHERWISE IM-**
9 **PROVING SCIENCE, TECHNOLOGY, ENGI-**
10 **NEERING, AND MATHEMATICS.**

11 The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of
12 the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or
13 committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in
14 this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions,
15 amendments, amendments between the Houses, motions,
16 or conference reports relating to expanding, enhancing, or
17 otherwise improving science, technology, engineering, and
18 mathematics by the amounts provided in such legislation
19 for those purposes, provided that such legislation would
20 not increase the deficit over either the period of the total
21 of fiscal years 2016 through 2020 or the period of the
22 total of fiscal years 2016 through 2025.

1 **SEC. 338. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO PROMOTE**
2 **THE NEXT GENERATION OF NIH RESEARCH-**
3 **ERS IN THE UNITED STATES.**

4 The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of
5 the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or
6 committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in
7 this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions,
8 amendments, amendments between the Houses, motions,
9 or conference reports relating to policies and programs
10 that improve opportunities for new biomedical researchers
11 by the amounts provided in such legislation for those pur-
12 poses, provided that such legislation would not increase
13 the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years
14 2016 through 2020 or the period of the total of fiscal
15 years 2016 through 2025.

16 **SEC. 339. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND RELATING TO**
17 **PROMOTING MANUFACTURING IN THE**
18 **UNITED STATES.**

19 The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of
20 the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or
21 committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in
22 this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions,
23 amendments, amendments between the Houses, motions,
24 or conference reports relating to investment in the manu-
25 facturing sector in the United States, which may include
26 educational or research and development initiatives, pub-

1 lic-private partnerships, or other programs, by the
2 amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes,
3 provided that such legislation would not increase the def-
4 icit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2016
5 through 2020 or the period of the total of fiscal years
6 2016 through 2025.

7 **SEC. 340. SPENDING-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO PRO-**
8 **HIBIT ALIENS WITHOUT LEGAL STATUS IN**
9 **THE UNITED STATES FROM QUALIFYING FOR**
10 **A REFUNDABLE TAX CREDIT.**

11 The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of
12 the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or
13 committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in
14 this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions,
15 amendments, amendments between the Houses, motions,
16 or conference reports relating to benefits for aliens without
17 legal status in the United States, which may include pro-
18 hibiting qualification for certain tax benefits without rais-
19 ing new revenue, by the amounts provided in such legisla-
20 tion for that purpose, provided that such legislation would
21 not increase the deficit over either the period of the total
22 of fiscal years 2016 through 2020 or the period of the
23 total of fiscal years 2016 through 2025.

1 **SEC. 341. DEFICIT-REDUCTION RESERVE FUND FOR RE-**
2 **PORT ELIMINATION OR MODIFICATION.**

3 The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of
4 the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or
5 committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in
6 this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions,
7 amendments, amendments between the Houses, motions,
8 or conference reports relating that achieve savings through
9 the elimination, modification, or the reduction in fre-
10 quency of congressionally mandated reports from Federal
11 agencies, and reduce the deficit over either the period of
12 the total of fiscal years 2016 through 2021 or the period
13 of the total of fiscal years 2016 through 2025. The Chair-
14 man may also make adjustments to the Senate's pay-as-
15 you-go ledger over 6 and 11 years to ensure that the def-
16 icit reduction achieved is used for deficit reduction only.
17 The adjustments authorized under this section shall be of
18 the amount of deficit reduction achieved.

19 **SEC. 342. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO ADDRESS**
20 **HEROIN AND PRESCRIPTION OPIOID ABUSE.**

21 The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of
22 the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or
23 committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in
24 this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions,
25 amendments, amendments between the Houses, motions,
26 or conference reports relating to addressing heroin and

1 prescription opioid abuse, by the amounts provided in such
2 legislation for that purpose, provided that such legislation
3 would not increase the deficit over either the period of the
4 total of fiscal years 2016 through 2020 or the period of
5 the total of fiscal years 2016 through 2025.

6 **SEC. 343. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO STRENGTH-**
7 **EN OUR DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE CIVILIAN**
8 **WORKFORCE.**

9 The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of
10 the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or
11 committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in
12 this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions,
13 amendments, amendments between the Houses, motions,
14 or conference reports relating to strengthening our civilian
15 workforce, by the amounts provided in such legislation for
16 that purpose, provided that such legislation would not in-
17 crease the deficit over the period of either the total of fis-
18 cal years 2016 through 2020 or the period of the total
19 of fiscal years 2016 through 2025.

20 **SEC. 344. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR DEPART-**
21 **MENT OF DEFENSE REFORM.**

22 The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of
23 the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or
24 committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in
25 this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions,

1 amendments, amendments between the Houses, motions,
2 or conference reports relating to improving Department
3 of Defense financial management, which may include
4 achieving full auditability or eliminating waste, fraud, and
5 abuse, by the amounts provided in such legislation for
6 those purposes, provided that such legislation would not
7 increase the deficit over either the period of the total of
8 fiscal years 2016 through 2020 or the period of the total
9 of fiscal years 2016 through 2025.

10 **SEC. 345. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO IMPROVE**
11 **FEDERAL WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT, JOB**
12 **TRAINING, AND REEMPLOYMENT PROGRAMS.**

13 The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of
14 the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or
15 committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in
16 this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions,
17 amendments, amendments between the Houses, motions,
18 or conference reports relating to reducing inefficient over-
19 lap, improving access, and enhancing outcomes with Fed-
20 eral workforce development, job training, and reemploy-
21 ment programs, by the amounts provided in such legisla-
22 tion for those purposes, provided that such legislation
23 would not increase total deficits over either the period of
24 the total of fiscal years 2016 through 2020 or the period
25 of the total of fiscal years 2016 through 2025.

1 **SEC. 346. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO PROVIDE**
2 **ENERGY ASSISTANCE AND INVEST IN EN-**
3 **ERGY EFFICIENCY AND CONSERVATION.**

4 The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of
5 the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or
6 committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in
7 this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions,
8 amendments, amendments between the Houses, motions,
9 or conference reports relating to—

10 (1) energy efficiency;

11 (2) the Low Income Home Energy Assistance
12 Program; or

13 (3) Federal programs for land and water con-
14 servation, including the Land and Water Conserva-
15 tion Fund;

16 by the amounts provided in such legislation for those pur-
17 poses, provided that such legislation would not increase
18 the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years
19 2016 through 2020 or the period of the total of fiscal
20 years 2016 through 2025.

21 **SEC. 347. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO ENABLE**
22 **GREATER COLLABORATION BETWEEN THE**
23 **DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS AND**
24 **LAW SCHOOL CLINICS SERVING VETERANS.**

25 The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of
26 the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or

1 committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in
2 this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions,
3 amendments, amendments between the Houses, motions,
4 or conference reports relating to the Department of Vet-
5 erans Affairs collaboration with law school clinics serving
6 veterans, which may include legislation that supports law
7 school clinics that provide veterans with pro-bono legal
8 support and assistance assembling benefits claims, by the
9 amounts provided in such legislation for that purpose, pro-
10 vided that such legislation would not increase the deficit
11 over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2016
12 through 2021 or the period of the total of fiscal years
13 2016 to 2025.

14 **SEC. 348. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO INCREASE**
15 **FUNDING FOR DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY NU-**
16 **CLEAR WASTE CLEANUP.**

17 The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of
18 the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or
19 committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels and
20 limits in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolu-
21 tions, amendments, amendments between the Houses, mo-
22 tions, or conference reports related to Federal investments
23 in the Office of Environmental Management, which may
24 include measures to meet the Federal Government's legacy
25 responsibilities for cleanup of liquid radioactive waste,

1 spent nuclear fuel, transuranic and mixed/low-level waste,
2 or contaminated soil and water, and which may also in-
3 clude measures deactivating and decommissioning excess
4 facilities at 16 nuclear waste sites created by the Manhat-
5 tan Project and Cold War programs, by the amounts pro-
6 vided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that
7 such legislation would not increase the deficit over either
8 the period of the total of fiscal years 2016 through 2020
9 or the period of the total fiscal years 2016 through 2025.

10 **SEC. 349. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND RELATING TO**
11 **DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE INITIATIVES TO**
12 **BOLSTER RESILIENCE OF MISSION-CRITICAL**
13 **DEPARTMENT INFRASTRUCTURE TO IM-**
14 **PACTS FROM CLIMATE CHANGE AND ASSOCI-**
15 **ATED EVENTS.**

16 The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of
17 the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or
18 committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in
19 this resolution for one of more bills, joint resolutions,
20 amendments, amendments between the Houses, motions,
21 or conference reports relating to Department of Defense
22 initiatives to bolster resilience of mission-critical Depart-
23 ment infrastructure to impacts from climate change and
24 associated events, including sea-level rise, flooding, and in-
25 creased storm surge, by the amounts provided in such leg-

1 islation for those purposes, provided that such legislation
 2 would not increase the deficit over either the period of the
 3 total of fiscal years 2016 through 2020 or the period of
 4 the total of fiscal years 2016 through 2025.

5 **SEC. 350. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO END OPER-**
 6 **ATION CHOKe POINT AND PROTECT THE SEC-**
 7 **OND AMENDMENT.**

8 The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of
 9 the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or
 10 committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in
 11 this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions,
 12 amendments, amendments between the Houses, motions,
 13 or conference reports relating to the Department of Jus-
 14 tice, which may include ending of the Operation Choke
 15 Point program, by the amounts provided in such legisla-
 16 tion for that purpose, provided that such legislation would
 17 not increase the deficit over either the period of the total
 18 of fiscal years 2016 through 2020 or the period of the
 19 total of fiscal years 2016 through 2025.

20 **SEC. 351. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO PREVENT**
 21 **THE USE OF FEDERAL FUNDS FOR THE BAIL-**
 22 **OUT OF IMPROVIDENT STATE AND LOCAL**
 23 **GOVERNMENTS.**

24 The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of
 25 the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or

1 committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in
 2 this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions,
 3 amendments, amendments between the Houses, motions,
 4 or conference reports relating to a prohibition, except in
 5 the case of Federal assistance provided in response to a
 6 natural disaster, on any entity of the Federal Government
 7 from providing funds to State and local governments to
 8 prevent receivership or to facilitate exit from receivership
 9 or to prevent default on its obligations by a State govern-
 10 ment, by the amounts provided in such legislation for that
 11 purpose, provided that such legislation would not increase
 12 the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years
 13 2016 through 2020 or the period of the total of fiscal
 14 years 2016 through 2025.

15 **TITLE IV—BUDGET PROCESS**

16 **Subtitle A—Budget Enforcement**

17 **SEC. 401. EXTENSION OF ENFORCEMENT OF BUDGETARY**

18 **POINTS OF ORDER IN THE SENATE.**

19 (a) EXTENSION OF CONGRESSIONAL BUDGET ACT
 20 OF 1974 POINTS OF ORDER.—

21 (1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any provi-
 22 sion of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 (2
 23 U.S.C. 621 et seq.), subsections (c)(2) and (d)(3) of
 24 section 904 of the Congressional Budget Act of
 25 1974 (2 U.S.C. 621 note) shall remain in effect for

1 purposes of Senate enforcement through September
2 30, 2025.

3 (2) REPEAL.—In the Senate, section 205 of S.
4 Con. Res. 21 (110th Congress), the concurrent reso-
5 lution on the budget for fiscal year 2008, shall no
6 longer apply.

7 (b) OTHER POINTS OF ORDER.—

8 (1) PAY-AS-YOU-GO.—Section 201(d) of S.
9 Con. Res. 21 (110th Congress), the concurrent reso-
10 lution on the budget for fiscal year 2008, is re-
11 pealed.

12 (2) INCREASING SHORT-TERM DEFICIT.—Sec-
13 tion 404(e) of S. Con. Res. 13 (111th Congress), the
14 concurrent resolution on the budget for fiscal year
15 2010, is repealed.

16 **SEC. 402. SENATE POINT OF ORDER AGAINST LEGISLATION**
17 **INCREASING LONG-TERM DEFICITS.**

18 (a) CONGRESSIONAL BUDGET OFFICE ANALYSIS OF
19 PROPOSALS.—The Director of the Congressional Budget
20 Office shall, to the extent practicable, prepare for each bill
21 and joint resolution reported from committee (except
22 measures within the jurisdiction of the Committee on Ap-
23 propriations), and amendments thereto, amendments be-
24 tween the Houses in relation thereto, and conference re-
25 ports thereon, an estimate of whether the measure would

1 cause, relative to current law, a net increase in on-budget
2 deficits in excess of \$5,000,000,000 in any of the 4 con-
3 secutive 10-year periods beginning with the first fiscal
4 year that is 10 years after the budget year provided for
5 in the most recently adopted concurrent resolution on the
6 budget.

7 (b) POINT OF ORDER.—It shall not be in order in
8 the Senate to consider any bill, joint resolution, amend-
9 ment, motion, amendment between the Houses, or con-
10 ference report that would cause a net increase in on-budg-
11 et deficits in excess of \$5,000,000,000 in any of the 4
12 consecutive 10-year periods described in subsection (a).

13 (c) SUPERMAJORITY WAIVER AND APPEAL IN THE
14 SENATE.—

15 (1) WAIVER.—Subsection (b) may be waived or
16 suspended only by the affirmative vote of three-fifths
17 of the Members, duly chosen and sworn.

18 (2) APPEAL.—An affirmative vote of three-
19 fifths of the Members, duly chosen and sworn, shall
20 be required to sustain an appeal of the ruling of the
21 Chair on a point of order raised under subsection
22 (b).

23 (d) LIMITATION.—The provisions of this section shall
24 not apply to any bills, joint resolutions, amendments, mo-
25 tions, amendment between the Houses, or conference re-

1 ports for which the chairman of the Committee on the
2 Budget of the Senate has made adjustments to the alloca-
3 tions, levels, or limits contained in this resolution pursuant
4 to section 303(1).

5 (e) DETERMINATIONS OF BUDGET LEVELS.—For
6 purposes of this section, the levels of net deficit increases
7 shall be determined on the basis of estimates provided by
8 the Committee on the Budget of the Senate.

9 (f) REPEAL.—In the Senate, section 311 of S. Con.
10 Res. 70 (110th Congress), the concurrent resolution on
11 the budget for fiscal year 2009, shall no longer apply.

12 **SEC. 403. POINT OF ORDER AGAINST ADVANCE APPROPRIA-**
13 **TIONS.**

14 (a) IN GENERAL.—

15 (1) POINT OF ORDER.—Except as provided in
16 subsection (b), it shall not be in order in the Senate
17 to consider any bill, joint resolution, motion, amend-
18 ment, amendment between the Houses, or con-
19 ference report that would provide an advance appro-
20 priation for a discretionary account.

21 (2) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term
22 “advance appropriation” means any new budget au-
23 thority provided in a bill or joint resolution making
24 appropriations for fiscal year 2016 that first be-
25 comes available for any fiscal year after 2016, or

1 any new budget authority provided in a bill or joint
2 resolution making general appropriations or con-
3 tinuing appropriations for fiscal year 2017, that first
4 becomes available for any fiscal year after 2017.

5 (b) EXCEPTIONS.—Advance appropriations may be
6 provided—

7 (1) for fiscal years 2017 and 2018 for pro-
8 grams, projects, activities, or accounts identified in
9 the joint explanatory statement of managers accom-
10 panying this resolution under the heading “Accounts
11 Identified for Advance Appropriations” in an aggre-
12 gate amount not to exceed \$28,852,000,000 in new
13 budget authority in each year;

14 (2) for the Corporation for Public Broad-
15 casting; and

16 (3) for the Department of Veterans Affairs for
17 the Medical Services, Medical Support and Compli-
18 ance, and Medical Facilities accounts of the Vet-
19 erans Health Administration.

20 (c) SUPERMAJORITY WAIVER AND APPEAL.—

21 (1) WAIVER.—In the Senate, subsection (a)
22 may be waived or suspended only by an affirmative
23 vote of three-fifths of the Members, duly chosen and
24 sworn.

1 (2) APPEAL.—An affirmative vote of three-
2 fifths of the Members of the Senate, duly chosen and
3 sworn, shall be required to sustain an appeal of the
4 ruling of the Chair on a point of order raised under
5 subsection (a).

6 (d) FORM OF POINT OF ORDER.—A point of order
7 under subsection (a) may be raised by a Senator as pro-
8 vided in section 313(e) of the Congressional Budget Act
9 of 1974 (2 U.S.C. 644(e)).

10 (e) CONFERENCE REPORTS.—When the Senate is
11 considering a conference report on, or an amendment be-
12 tween the Houses in relation to, a bill or joint resolution,
13 upon a point of order being made by any Senator pursuant
14 to this section, and such point of order being sustained,
15 such material contained in such conference report or
16 House amendment shall be stricken, and the Senate shall
17 proceed to consider the question of whether the Senate
18 shall recede from its amendment and concur with a fur-
19 ther amendment, or concur in the House amendment with
20 a further amendment, as the case may be, which further
21 amendment shall consist of only that portion of the con-
22 ference report or House amendment, as the case may be,
23 not so stricken. Any such motion in the Senate shall be
24 debatable. In any case in which such point of order is sus-
25 tained against a conference report (or Senate amendment

1 derived from such conference report by operation of this
 2 subsection), no further amendment shall be in order.

3 **SEC. 404. SUPERMAJORITY ENFORCEMENT OF UNFUNDED**
 4 **MANDATES.**

5 Paragraphs (1) and (2) of section 425(a) of the Con-
 6 gressional Budget Act of 1974 (2 U.S.C. 658d(a)) shall
 7 be subject to the waiver and appeal requirements of sub-
 8 sections (c)(2) and (d)(3), respectively, of section 904 of
 9 the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 (2 U.S.C. 621
 10 note).

11 **SEC. 405. REPEAL OF SENATE POINT OF ORDER AGAINST**
 12 **CERTAIN RECONCILIATION LEGISLATION.**

13 Section 202 of S. Con. Res. 21 (110th Congress), the
 14 concurrent resolution on the budget for fiscal year 2008,
 15 shall no longer apply in the Senate.

16 **SEC. 406. POINT OF ORDER AGAINST CHANGES IN MANDA-**
 17 **TORY PROGRAMS.**

18 (a) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term
 19 “CHIMP” means a provision that—

20 (1) would have been estimated as affecting di-
 21 rect spending or receipts under section 252 of the
 22 Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control
 23 Act of 1985 (2 U.S.C. 902) (as in effect prior to
 24 September 30, 2002) if the provision was included

1 in legislation other than an appropriations bill or
2 joint resolution; and

3 (2) does not result in a net decrease in outlays
4 over the period of the total of the current year, the
5 budget year, and all fiscal years covered under the
6 most recently adopted concurrent resolution on the
7 budget.

8 (b) POINT OF ORDER.—

9 (1) IN GENERAL.—In the Senate, it shall not be
10 in order to consider an appropriations bill or joint
11 resolution, or an amendment to, conference report
12 on, or amendment between the Houses in relation to
13 such a bill or joint resolution, that contains a
14 CHIMP that, if enacted, would cause the total budg-
15 et authority of all such CHIMPs enacted in relation
16 to a fiscal year to be more than the amount specified
17 in paragraph (2).

18 (2) AMOUNT.—The amount specified in this
19 paragraph is—

20 (A) for fiscal year 2016, \$19,000,000,000;

21 (B) for fiscal year 2017, \$16,000,000,000;

22 (C) for fiscal year 2018, \$12,000,000,000;

23 (D) for fiscal year 2019, \$8,000,000,000;

24 (E) for fiscal year 2020, \$4,000,000,000;

25 and

1 (F) for fiscal year 2021, and each fiscal
2 year thereafter, \$0.

3 (c) DETERMINATION.—The determination of whether
4 a provision is subject to a point of order under subsection
5 (b) shall be made by the Chairman of the Committee on
6 the Budget of the Senate.

7 (d) SUPERMAJORITY WAIVER AND APPEAL.—Sub-
8 section (b) may be waived or suspended in the Senate only
9 by an affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members, duly
10 chosen and sworn. An affirmative vote of three-fifths of
11 the Members of the Senate, duly chosen and sworn, shall
12 be required to sustain an appeal of the ruling of the Chair
13 on a point of order raised under subsection (b).

14 (e) REPEAL.—In the Senate, section 314 of S. Con.
15 Res. 70 (110th Congress), the concurrent resolution on
16 the budget for fiscal year 2009, shall no longer apply.

17 **SEC. 407. PROHIBITION ON AGREEING TO LEGISLATION**
18 **WITHOUT A SCORE.**

19 (a) IN GENERAL.—In the Senate, it shall not be in
20 order to vote on passage of matter that requires an esti-
21 mate described in section 402 of the Congressional Budget
22 Act of 1974 (2 U.S.C. 653), unless such estimate was
23 made publicly available on the website of the Congres-
24 sional Budget Office not later than 28 hours before the
25 time the vote commences.

1 (b) SUPERMAJORITY WAIVER AND APPEAL.—

2 (1) WAIVER.—In the Senate, subsection (a)
3 may be waived or suspended only by an affirmative
4 vote of three-fifths of the Members, duly chosen and
5 sworn.

6 (2) APPEAL.—An affirmative vote of three-
7 fifths of the Members of the Senate, duly chosen and
8 sworn, shall be required to sustain an appeal of the
9 ruling of the Chair on a point of order raised under
10 subsection (a).

11 **SEC. 408. PROTECTING THE SAVINGS IN REPORTED REC-**
12 **ONCILIATION BILLS.**

13 In the Senate, section 310(d)(1) of the Congressional
14 Budget Act of 1974 (2 U.S.C. 641(d)(1)) shall apply and
15 may be waived in accordance with the procedures applica-
16 ble to a point of order raised under section 310(d)(2) of
17 such Act.

18 **SEC. 409. POINT OF ORDER AGAINST EXCEEDING FUNDS**
19 **DESIGNATED FOR OVERSEAS CONTINGENCY**
20 **OPERATIONS.**

21 (a) POINT OF ORDER.—It shall not be in order in
22 the Senate to consider a provision in any bill, joint resolu-
23 tion, amendment, motion, amendment between the
24 Houses, or conference report that designates for overseas
25 contingency operations, in accordance with section

1 251(b)(2)(A) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency
2 Deficit Control Act of 1985 (2 U.S.C. 901(b)(2)(A)),
3 funds that would cause the total amount of funds des-
4 ignated for overseas contingency operations—

5 (1) for fiscal year 2016, to be more than
6 \$57,997,000,000; or

7 (2) for fiscal year 2017, to be more than
8 \$59,500,000,000.

9 (b) DETERMINATION.—The determination of whether
10 a provision is subject to a point of order under this section
11 shall be made by the Chairman of the Committee on the
12 Budget of the Senate.

13 (c) SUPERMAJORITY WAIVER AND APPEAL.—This
14 section may be waived or suspended in the Senate only
15 by an affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members, duly
16 chosen and sworn. An affirmative vote of three-fifths of
17 the Members of the Senate, duly chosen and sworn, shall
18 be required to sustain an appeal of the ruling of the Chair
19 on a point of order raised under this section.

20 (d) FORM OF POINT OF ORDER.—A point of order
21 under this section may be raised by a Senator as provided
22 in section 313(e) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974
23 (2 U.S.C. 644(e)).

24 (e) CONFERENCE REPORTS.—When the Senate is
25 considering a conference report on, or an amendment be-

1 tween the Houses in relation to, a bill or joint resolution,
2 upon a point of order being made by any Senator under
3 this section, and such point of order being sustained, such
4 material contained in such conference report or amend-
5 ment shall be stricken, and the Senate shall proceed to
6 consider the question of whether the Senate shall recede
7 from its amendment and concur with a further amend-
8 ment, or concur in the House amendment with a further
9 amendment, as the case may be, which further amendment
10 shall consist of only that portion of the conference report
11 or House amendment, as the case may be, not so stricken.
12 Any such motion shall be debatable. In any case in which
13 such point of order is sustained against a conference re-
14 port (or Senate amendment derived from such conference
15 report by operation of this subsection), no further amend-
16 ment shall be in order.

17 **SEC. 410. SENATE POINT OF ORDER AGAINST PROVISIONS**
18 **OF APPROPRIATIONS LEGISLATION THAT**
19 **CONSTITUTE CHANGES IN MANDATORY PRO-**
20 **GRAMS AFFECTING THE CRIME VICTIMS**
21 **FUND.**

22 (a) IN GENERAL.—In the Senate, it shall not be in
23 order to consider any appropriations legislation, including
24 any amendment thereto, motion in relation thereto, or
25 conference report thereon, that includes any provision or

1 provisions affecting the Crime Victims Fund, as defined
2 by section 1402 of the Victims of Crime Act of 1984 (42
3 U.S.C. 10601), which constitutes a change in a mandatory
4 program that would have been estimated as affecting di-
5 rect spending or receipts under section 252 of the Bal-
6 anced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985
7 (as in effect prior to September 30, 2002) were they in-
8 cluded in legislation other than appropriations legislation.
9 A point of order pursuant to this section shall be raised
10 against such provision or provisions as described in sub-
11 sections (d) and (e).

12 (b) DETERMINATION.—The determination of whether
13 a provision is subject to a point of order pursuant to this
14 section shall be made by the Committee on the Budget
15 of the Senate.

16 (c) SUPERMAJORITY WAIVER AND APPEAL.—This
17 section may be waived or suspended in the Senate only
18 by an affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members, duly
19 chosen and sworn. An affirmative vote of three-fifths of
20 the Members of the Senate, duly chosen and sworn, shall
21 be required to sustain an appeal of the ruling of the Chair
22 on a point of order raised under this section.

23 (d) GENERAL POINT OF ORDER.—It shall be in order
24 for a Senator to raise a single point of order that several
25 provisions of a bill, resolution, amendment, motion, or con-

1 ference report violate this section. The Presiding Officer
2 may sustain the point of order as to some or all of the
3 provisions against which the Senator raised the point of
4 order. If the Presiding Officer so sustains the point of
5 order as to some of the provisions (including provisions
6 of an amendment, motion, or conference report) against
7 which the Senator raised the point of order, then only
8 those provisions (including provision of an amendment,
9 motion, or conference report) against which the Presiding
10 Officer sustains the point of order shall be deemed strick-
11 en pursuant to this section. Before the Presiding Officer
12 rules on such a point of order, any Senator may move to
13 waive such a point of order as it applies to some or all
14 of the provisions against which the point of order was
15 raised. Such a motion to waive is amendable in accordance
16 with rules and precedents of the Senate. After the Pre-
17 siding Officer rules on such a point of order, any Senator
18 may appeal the ruling of the Presiding Officer on such
19 a point of order as it applies to some or all of the provi-
20 sions on which the Presiding Officer ruled.

21 (e) FORM OF THE POINT OF ORDER.—When the
22 Senate is considering a conference report on, or an amend-
23 ment between the Houses in relation to, a bill or joint res-
24 olution, upon a point of order being made by any Senator
25 pursuant to this section, and such point of order being

1 sustained, such material contained in such conference re-
 2 port or amendment shall be stricken, and the Senate shall
 3 proceed to consider the question of whether the Senate
 4 shall recede from its amendment and concur with a fur-
 5 ther amendment, or concur in the House amendment with
 6 a further amendment, as the case may be, which further
 7 amendment shall consist of only that portion of the con-
 8 ference report or House amendment, as the case may be,
 9 not so stricken. Any such motion shall be debatable. In
 10 any case in which such point of order is sustained against
 11 a conference report (or Senate amendment derived from
 12 such conference report by operation of this subsection),
 13 no further amendment shall be in order.

14 **SEC. 411. ACCURACY IN BUDGET ENFORCEMENT.**

15 (a) TIMING SHIFTS.—

16 (1) DEFINITION.—In this subsection, the term
 17 “timing shift” means—

18 (A) a delay of the date on which outlays
 19 flowing from direct spending would otherwise
 20 occur from 1 fiscal year to the next fiscal year;

21 or

22 (B) an acceleration of the date on which
 23 revenues would otherwise occur from 1 fiscal
 24 year to the previous fiscal year.

1 (2) SCORING.—In the Senate, the Chairman of
2 the Committee on the Budget shall not count timing
3 shifts in estimating the budgetary effects of a bill,
4 joint resolution, motion, amendment, amendment be-
5 tween the Houses, or conference report for purposes
6 of enforcing—

7 (A) the Congressional Budget Act of 1974
8 (2 U.S.C. 621 et seq.);

9 (B) any allocation, aggregate, or level
10 under a concurrent resolution on the budget; or

11 (C) any written statement submitted for
12 printing in the Congressional Record by the
13 Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of
14 the Senate that establishes allocations, aggre-
15 gates, and levels for purposes of enforcing the
16 Congressional Budget Act of 1974.

17 (b) PROHIBITION OF RESCISSIONS THAT DON'T
18 SAVE MONEY.—In the Senate, the Chairman of the Com-
19 mittee on the Budget shall not count any rescission of
20 budget authority or contract authority that does not have
21 an effect on outlays in estimating the changes in budget
22 authority, outlays, or revenues of a bill, joint resolution,
23 motion, amendment, amendment between the Houses, or
24 conference report for purposes of enforcing—

1 (1) the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 (2
2 U.S.C. 621 et seq.);

3 (2) any allocation, aggregate, or level under a
4 concurrent resolution on the budget; or

5 (3) any written statement submitted for print-
6 ing in the Congressional Record by the Chairman of
7 the Committee on the Budget of the Senate that es-
8 tablishes allocations, aggregates, and levels for pur-
9 poses of enforcing the Congressional Budget Act of
10 1974.

11 **SEC. 412. FAIR VALUE ESTIMATES.**

12 Any estimate prepared by the Director of the Con-
13 gressional Budget Office for a bill, joint, resolution, mo-
14 tion, amendment, amendment between the Houses, or con-
15 ference report under the terms of title V of the Congres-
16 sional Budget Act of 1974 (2 U.S.C. 661 et seq.), shall
17 include, when practicable, an additional estimate of the
18 cost, measured on a fair value basis, of changes that would
19 affect the amount or terms of new Federal loans or loan
20 guarantees or of modifications to existing Federal loans
21 or loan guarantees arising from the bill, joint resolution,
22 motion, amendment, amendment between the Houses, or
23 conference report.

24 **SEC. 413. HONEST ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES.**

25 (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

1 (1) BUDGET.—The term “budget” means—

2 (A) a concurrent resolution on the budget;

3 or

4 (B) a written statement submitted for
5 printing in the Congressional Record by the
6 Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of
7 the Senate that establishes allocations, aggre-
8 gates, and levels for purposes of enforcing the
9 Congressional Budget Act of 1974.

10 (2) BUDGETARY EFFECTS.—The term “budg-
11 etary effects” means changes in budget authority,
12 outlays, or revenues.

13 (3) MAJOR LEGISLATION.—

14 (A) DEFINITION.—The term “major legis-
15 lation” means any bill, resolution, conference
16 report, or treaty—

17 (i) for which an estimate is prepared
18 under section 402 of the Congressional
19 Budget Act of 1974 (2 U.S.C. 653) that
20 indicates that not less than 1 of the
21 amounts described in subparagraph (B),
22 before incorporating macroeconomic ef-
23 fects, is greater than \$15,000,000,000 in
24 any fiscal year of the estimate; or

1 (ii) designated as major legislation by
2 the Chairman of the Committee on the
3 Budget of the Senate or the Chairman of
4 the Committee on the Budget of the House
5 of Representatives.

6 (B) AMOUNTS.—The amounts described in
7 this subparagraph are—

8 (i) the sum of the individual positive
9 changes in budgetary effects, not including
10 timing shifts, resulting from such measure;
11 and

12 (ii) the sum of the absolute value of
13 the individual negative budgetary effects,
14 not including timing shifts, resulting from
15 such measure.

16 (4) TIMING SHIFTS.—The term “timing shifts”
17 means—

18 (A) a delay of the date on which outlays
19 flowing from direct spending would otherwise
20 occur from one fiscal year to the next fiscal
21 year; or

22 (B) an acceleration of the date on which
23 revenues would otherwise occur from one fiscal
24 year to the next fiscal year.

1 (b) REQUIREMENT FOR CBO ESTIMATES.—An esti-
2 mate provided by the Congressional Budget Office under
3 section 402 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 (2
4 U.S.C. 653) for any major legislation shall provide, in ad-
5 dition to the estimate of budgetary effects without macro-
6 economic effects, an estimate of the budgetary effects
7 from changes in economic output, employment, interest
8 rates, capital stock, and other macroeconomic variables re-
9 sulting from the major legislation. The total budgetary ef-
10 fects shall delineate between revenue and outlay effects.

11 (c) REQUIREMENT FOR JCT ESTIMATES.—

12 (1) IN GENERAL.—An estimate provided by the
13 Joint Committee on Taxation to the Director of the
14 Congressional Budget Office under section 201(f) of
15 the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 (2 U.S.C.
16 601(f)) for any major legislation shall provide an es-
17 timate of the distributional effects across income
18 categories resulting from major legislation.

19 (2) DELINEATION.—The total budgetary effects
20 shall delineate between revenue and outlay effects.

21 (d) CONTENTS OF ESTIMATES.—An estimate re-
22 quired to be provided under subsection (b) or (c) shall in-
23 clude—

24 (1) a qualitative assessment of the budgetary
25 effects (including macroeconomic variables described

1 in subsections (b) and (c)) of the major legislation
2 in the 20-fiscal year period beginning after the last
3 fiscal year of the most recently adopted budget that
4 sets forth appropriate levels required under section
5 301 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 (2
6 U.S.C. 632); and

7 (2) an identification of the assumptions and the
8 source of data underlying the estimate.

9 **SEC. 414. CURRENCY MODERNIZATION.**

10 In the Senate, for purposes of enforcing the Congres-
11 sional Budget Act of 1974 (2 U.S.C. 621 et seq.), any
12 allocation, aggregate, or level under a concurrent resolu-
13 tion on the budget, or any written statement submitted
14 for printing in the Congressional Record by the Chairman
15 of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate that estab-
16 lishes allocations, aggregates, and levels for purposes of
17 enforcing the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, any esti-
18 mate of the changes in budget authority, outlays, and rev-
19 enues of a provision in a bill, joint resolution, motion,
20 amendment, amendment between the Houses, or con-
21 ference report relating to a transition from the \$1 note
22 to a \$1 coin shall—

23 (1) record the changes in budget authority, out-
24 lays, and revenues of the provision in the first year
25 in which the provision takes effect;

1 (2) determine the changes in budget authority,
2 outlays, and revenues of the provision based on a net
3 present value estimate of the changes in budget au-
4 thority, outlays, and revenues of the provision over
5 a 30-year period; and

6 (3) incorporate the changes in budget authority,
7 outlays, and revenues of the provision due to behav-
8 ioral changes.

9 **SEC. 415. CERTAIN ENERGY CONTRACTS.**

10 (a) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term “covered
11 energy savings contract” means—

12 (1) an energy savings performance contract au-
13 thorized under section 801 of the National Energy
14 Conservation Policy Act (42 U.S.C. 8287); and

15 (2) a utility energy service contract, as de-
16 scribed in the Office of Management and Budget
17 Memorandum on Federal use of energy savings per-
18 formance contracting, dated July 25, 1998 (M-98-
19 13), and the Office of Management and Budget
20 Memorandum on the Federal use of energy saving
21 performance contracts and utility energy service con-
22 tracts, dated September 28, 2012 (M-12-21), or
23 any successor to either memorandum.

24 (b) ESTIMATES.—In the Senate, for purposes of en-
25 forcing any point of order established under the Congres-

1 sional Budget Act of 1974 (2 U.S.C. 621 et seq.) or any
2 concurrent resolution on the budget, any estimate by the
3 Congressional Budget Office of the changes in budget au-
4 thority, outlays, and revenues of a provision in a bill, joint
5 resolution, amendment, conference report, or amendment
6 between the Houses modifying the authority to enter, the
7 scope or terms of, or the use of covered energy savings
8 contracts shall—

9 (1) record in the first year in which the author-
10 ity would become effective, the changes in budget
11 authority, outlays, and revenues (as estimated in ac-
12 cordance with paragraph (2)) of any modifications to
13 the authority to enter the covered energy savings
14 contracts;

15 (2) in estimating the changes in budget author-
16 ity, outlays, and revenues of the legislation, calculate
17 the costs and savings arising from covered contracts
18 on a net present value basis by adding market risk
19 over the useful life of the services or product to the
20 discount rate in section 502(5)(E) of the Federal
21 Credit Reform Act of 1990 (2 U.S.C. 661a(5)(E));
22 and

23 (3) classify the effects of the provision to be
24 changes in spending subject to the availability of ap-
25 propriations.

1 (c) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in sub-
2 section (b) shall be construed to modify the methodology
3 for estimating the changes in budget authority, outlays,
4 and revenues of a provision that does not relate to covered
5 energy savings contracts in a bill, joint resolution, amend-
6 ment, conference report, or amendment between the
7 Houses that contains a provision described in subsection
8 (b).

9 **SEC. 416. LONG-TERM SCORING.**

10 (a) SCORING OF LEGISLATION INCREASING THE DIS-
11 CRETIONARY SPENDING CAPS.—An estimate provided by
12 the Congressional Budget Office under section 402 of the
13 Congressional Budget Act of 1974 (2 U.S.C. 653) for any
14 bill, resolution, amendment between the Houses, or con-
15 ference report that increases the discretionary spending
16 limits under section 251(c) of the Balanced Budget and
17 Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 (2 U.S.C. 901(e))
18 shall provide, in addition to the estimate under that sec-
19 tion, an estimate of the changes in budget authority, out-
20 lays, or revenues under the legislation over the period of
21 fiscal year 2016 through fiscal year 2045.

22 (b) SCORING OF LEGISLATION RELATING TO THE
23 HIGHWAY TRUST FUND.—An estimate provided by the
24 Congressional Budget Office under section 402 of the
25 Congressional Budget Act of 1974 (2 U.S.C. 653) for any

1 bill, resolution, amendment between the Houses, or con-
2 ference report that transfers amounts from the General
3 Fund of the Treasury to the Highway Trust Fund shall
4 provide, in addition to the estimate under that section, an
5 estimate of the changes in budget authority, outlays, or
6 revenues under the legislation over the period of fiscal year
7 2016 through fiscal year 2045.

8 **SEC. 417. REQUIRING CLEARER REPORTING OF PRO-**
9 **JECTED FEDERAL SPENDING AND DEFICITS.**

10 When the Congressional Budget Office releases its
11 annual update to the Budget and Economic Outlook, the
12 Congressional Budget Office shall provide a projection of
13 Federal revenues, outlays, and deficits for the 30-year pe-
14 riod beginning with the budget year, expressed in terms
15 of dollars and as a percent of gross domestic product, as
16 part of its annual update required by Public Law 93–344.

17 **SEC. 418. REPORTING ON TAX EXPENDITURES.**

18 The Director of the Congressional Budget Office
19 shall include in the report submitted under section
20 202(e)(1) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 the
21 following:

- 22 (1) An estimate of the cost of tax expenditures
23 as a share of gross domestic product for the budget
24 year and the 9 years following the budget year.

1 (2) Historical data on the cost of tax expendi-
2 tures as a share of gross domestic product for each
3 fiscal year beginning with fiscal year 1965 and end-
4 ing with the budget year.

5 **SEC. 419. CONGRESSIONAL BUDGET OFFICE ESTIMATES.**

6 (a) REQUEST FOR SUPPLEMENTAL ESTIMATES.—In
7 the case of any legislative provision to which this section
8 applies, the Congressional Budget Office shall prepare, to
9 the extent practicable, an estimate of the outlay changes
10 during the second and third decade of enactment.

11 (b) LEGISLATIVE PROVISIONS TO WHICH THIS SEC-
12 TION APPLIES.—This section shall apply to any spending
13 legislative provision—

14 (1) which proposes a change or changes to law
15 that the Congressional Budget Office determines has
16 an outlay impact in excess of 0.25 percent of the
17 gross domestic product of the United States during
18 the first decade or in the tenth year; or

19 (2) with respect to which the Chairman of the
20 Committee on the Budget of either the Senate or the
21 House of Representatives has requested an estimate
22 described in subsection (a).

1 **SEC. 420. TO REQUIRE TRANSPARENT REPORTING ON THE**
2 **ONGOING COSTS AND SAVINGS TO TAX-**
3 **PAYERS OF OBAMACARE.**

4 When the Congressional Budget Office releases its
5 annual update to the Budget and Economic Outlook, the
6 Congressional Budget Office shall report changes in direct
7 spending and revenue associated with the Patient Protec-
8 tion and Affordable Care Act (Public Law 111–148) and
9 the Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010
10 (Public Law 111–152), including the net impact on defi-
11 cits, including both on-budget and off-budget effects, in
12 its annual update required by Public Law 93–344. The
13 information shall be presented in a format similar to that
14 of table 2 of the Congressional Budget Office’s March 20,
15 2010 estimate of the budgetary effects of the Health Care
16 and Educational Reconciliation Act of 2010, in combina-
17 tion with the effects of H.R. 3590, the Patient Protection
18 and Affordable Care Act (PPACA), as passed by the Sen-
19 ate.

20 **SEC. 421. PROHIBITING THE USE OF GUARANTEE FEES AS**
21 **AN OFFSET.**

22 In the Senate, for purposes of determining budgetary
23 impacts to evaluate points of order under the Congres-
24 sional Budget Act of 1974, this resolution, any previous
25 budget resolution, and any subsequent budget resolution,
26 provisions contained in any bill, resolution, amendment,

1 motion, or conference report that increases or extends the
2 increase of, any guarantee fees of the Federal National
3 Mortgage Association and the Federal Home Loan Mort-
4 gage Corporation shall not be scored with respect to the
5 level of budget authority, outlays, or revenues contained
6 in such legislation.

7 **Subtitle B—Other Provisions**

8 **SEC. 431. OVERSIGHT OF GOVERNMENT PERFORMANCE.**

9 In the Senate, all committees are directed to review
10 programs and tax expenditures within their jurisdiction to
11 identify waste, fraud, abuse or duplication, and increase
12 the use of performance data to inform committee work.
13 Committees are also directed to review the matters for
14 congressional consideration identified on the Government
15 Accountability Office’s High Risk list and the annual re-
16 port to reduce program duplication. Based on these over-
17 sight efforts and performance reviews of programs within
18 their jurisdiction, committees are directed to include rec-
19 ommendations for improved governmental performance in
20 their annual views and estimates reports required under
21 section 301(d) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974
22 (2 U.S.C. 632(d)) to the Committees on the Budget.

1 **SEC. 432. BUDGETARY TREATMENT OF CERTAIN DISCRE-**
2 **TIONARY ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES.**

3 In the Senate, notwithstanding section 302(a)(1) of
4 the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 (2 U.S.C.
5 633(a)(1)), section 13301 of the Budget Enforcement Act
6 of 1990 (2 U.S.C. 632 note), and section 2009a of title
7 39, United States Code, the joint explanatory statement
8 accompanying the conference report on any concurrent
9 resolution on the budget shall include in its allocations
10 under section 302(a) of the Congressional Budget Act of
11 1974 to the Committees on Appropriations amounts for
12 the discretionary administrative expenses of the Social Se-
13 curity Administration and of the Postal Service.

14 **SEC. 433. APPLICATION AND EFFECT OF CHANGES IN ALLO-**
15 **CATIONS AND AGGREGATES.**

16 (a) APPLICATION.—Any adjustments of allocations
17 and aggregates made pursuant to this resolution shall—

18 (1) apply while that measure is under consider-
19 ation;

20 (2) take effect upon the enactment of that
21 measure; and

22 (3) be published in the Congressional Record as
23 soon as practicable.

24 (b) EFFECT OF CHANGED ALLOCATIONS AND AG-
25 GREGATES.—Revised allocations and aggregates resulting
26 from these adjustments shall be considered for the pur-

1 poses of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 (2 U.S.C.
2 621 et seq.) as allocations and aggregates contained in
3 this resolution.

4 (c) BUDGET COMMITTEE DETERMINATIONS.—For
5 purposes of this resolution the levels of new budget au-
6 thority, outlays, direct spending, new entitlement author-
7 ity, revenues, deficits, and surpluses for a fiscal year or
8 period of fiscal years shall be determined on the basis of
9 estimates made by the Committee on the Budget of the
10 Senate.

11 **SEC. 434. ADJUSTMENTS TO REFLECT CHANGES IN CON-**
12 **CEPTS AND DEFINITIONS.**

13 Upon the enactment of a bill or joint resolution pro-
14 viding for a change in concepts or definitions, the Chair-
15 man of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may
16 make adjustments to the levels and allocations in this res-
17 olution in accordance with section 251(b) of the Balanced
18 Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 (2
19 U.S.C. 901(b)).

20 **SEC. 435. EXERCISE OF RULEMAKING POWERS.**

21 Congress adopts the provisions of this title—

22 (1) as an exercise of the rulemaking power of
23 the Senate, and as such they shall be considered as
24 part of the rules of the Senate and such rules shall

1 supersede other rules only to the extent that they
2 are inconsistent with such other rules; and

3 (2) with full recognition of the constitutional
4 right of the Senate to change those rules at any
5 time, in the same manner, and to the same extent
6 as is the case of any other rule of the Senate.

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114TH CONGRESS
1ST Session

S. CON. RES. 11

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

Setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2016 and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2017 through 2025.

MARCH 20, 2015

Placed on the calendar