# 1 STATE OF OKLAHOMA 2 1st Session of the 55th Legislature (2015) 3 SENATE BILL 461 By: Dahm 4 5 6 AS INTRODUCED 7 An Act relating to firearms; amending 21 O.S. 2011, Section 1277, as last amended by Section 1, Chapter 325, O.S.L. 2014 (21 O.S. Supp. 2014, Section 1277), 8 which relates to unlawful carry in certain places; 9 modifying locations for unlawful carry; providing certain immunity; authorizing certain carry; amending 21 O.S. 2011, Section 1289.7, as amended by Section 10 12, Chapter 259, O.S.L. 2012 (21 O.S. Supp. 2014, 11 Section 1289.7), which relates to firearms in vehicles; modifying certain carry; restricting 12 certain action; amending 21 O.S. 2011, Section 1289.13A, as amended by Section 19, Chapter 259, O.S.L. 2012 (21 O.S. Supp. 2014, Section 1289.13A), 13 which relates to improper transportation of firearms; modifying restrictions; amending 21 O.S. 2011, 14 Section 1290.22, as amended by Section 7, Chapter 366, O.S.L. 2013 (21 O.S. Supp. 2014, Section 15 1290.22), which relates to business owner's rights; stating presumptions; affirming certain rights; 16 amending 21 O.S. 2011, Section 1290.24, as amended by Section 42, Chapter 259, O.S.L. 2012 (21 O.S. Supp. 17 2014, Section 1290.24), which relates to immunity; modifying certain immunity; restricting certain 18 actions; authorizing certain carry in the State Capitol; providing for codification; and providing an 19 effective date. 20 21 22 BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA: 23

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SECTION 1. AMENDATORY 21 O.S. 2011, Section 1277, as
last amended by Section 1, Chapter 325, O.S.L. 2014 (21 O.S. Supp.
3 2014, Section 1277), is amended to read as follows:
Section 1277.

### UNLAWFUL CARRY IN CERTAIN PLACES

- A. It shall be unlawful for any person in possession of a valid handgun license issued pursuant to the provisions of the Oklahoma Self-Defense Act to carry any concealed or unconcealed handgun into any of the following places:
- 1. Any structure, building, or office space which that has a security checkpoint attended by a commissioned peace officer at each public entrance for the detection of weapons, except as provided in section 6 of this act, and is owned or leased by a city, town, county, state, or federal governmental authority for the purpose of conducting business with the public;
- 2. Any <u>courthouse</u>, <u>courtroom</u>, prison, jail, detention facility or any facility used to process, hold $_{\overline{r}}$  or house arrested persons, prisoners or persons alleged delinquent or adjudicated delinquent;
- 3. Any public or private elementary or public or private secondary school, except as provided in subsection C of this section;
  - 4. Any sports arena during a professional sporting event;
- 5. Any place where pari-mutuel wagering is authorized by law;
  and

6. Any other place specifically prohibited by law.

- B. A city, town, county, state or federal governmental authority shall be immune from liability resulting or arising from any action or misconduct with a weapon committed by a person to whom a license issued pursuant to the provisions of the Oklahoma Self Defense Act to carry a concealed or unconcealed handgun has been issued or by any person who obtains a weapon from a licensee. The provisions of this paragraph shall not apply to claims pursuant to the Workers' Compensation Code.
  - C. For purposes of paragraphs 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 of subsection A of this section, the prohibited place does not include and specifically excludes the following property:
  - 1. Any property set aside for the use or parking of any vehicle, whether attended or unattended, by a city, town, county, state, or federal governmental authority;
  - 2. Any property set aside for the use or parking of any vehicle, whether attended or unattended, by any entity offering any professional sporting event which is open to the public for admission, or by any entity engaged in pari-mutuel wagering authorized by law;
  - 3. Any property adjacent to a structure, building, or office space in which concealed or unconcealed weapons are prohibited by the provisions of this section;

4. Any property or structure designated by a city, town, county, or state governmental authority as a park, recreational area, or fairgrounds; provided, nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to authorize any entry by a person in possession of a concealed or unconcealed handgun into any structure, building, or office space which is specifically prohibited by the provisions of subsection A of this section; and

5. Any property set aside by a public or private elementary or secondary school for the use or parking of any vehicle, whether attended or unattended; provided, however, said handgun shall be stored and hidden from view in a locked motor vehicle when the motor vehicle is left unattended on school property.

Nothing contained in any provision of this subsection or subsection C of this section shall be construed to authorize or allow any person in control of any place described in paragraph 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 of subsection A of this section to establish any policy or rule that has the effect of prohibiting any person in lawful possession of a handgun license from possession of a handgun allowable under such license in places described in paragraph 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 of this subsection.

C. D. A concealed or unconcealed weapon may be carried onto private school property or in any school bus or vehicle used by any private school for transportation of students or teachers by a person who is licensed pursuant to the Oklahoma Self-Defense Act,

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provided a policy has been adopted by the governing entity of the private school that authorizes the carrying and possession of a weapon on private school property or in any school bus or vehicle used by a private school. Except for acts of gross negligence or willful or wanton misconduct, a governing entity of a private school that adopts a policy which authorizes the possession of a weapon on private school property, a school bus or vehicle used by the private school shall be immune from liability for any injuries arising from the adoption of the policy. The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to claims pursuant to the Workers' Compensation Code.

D. E. Any person violating the provisions of subsection A of this section shall, upon conviction, be guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by a fine not to exceed Two Hundred Fifty Dollars (\$250.00).

E. No person F. A citizen in possession of a valid handgun license issued pursuant to the provisions of the Oklahoma Self-Defense Act shall be authorized to carry the a concealed handgun into or upon any public college, public university, or public technology center school property as defined in Section 3102 of Title 70 of the Oklahoma Statutes, except as provided in this subsection. Under no circumstances shall consent to carry a concealed handgun by a citizen with a valid handgun license on any public college, public university or public technology center school property be denied by the public college or public university

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evidence is shown that the licensee has previously been involved in a violent incident that showed deliberate or reckless disregard for the health or safety of faculty, other students or any other person.

For purposes of this subsection, the following property shall not be construed as prohibited for persons having a valid handgun license:

- 1. Any property set aside for the use or parking of any vehicle, whether attended or unattended, provided the handgun is carried or stored as required by law and the handgun is not removed from the vehicle without the prior consent of the college or university president or technology center school administrator while the vehicle is on any college, university, or technology center school property; and
- 2. Any property authorized for possession or use of handguns by college, university, or technology center school policy; and
- 3. Any property authorized by the written consent of the college or university president or technology center school administrator, provided the written consent is carried with the handgun and the valid handgun license while on college, university, or technology center school property.

The college, university, or technology center school may notify the Oklahoma State Bureau of Investigation within ten (10) days of a violation of any provision of this subsection by a licensee. Upon

receipt of a written notification of violation, the Bureau shall give a reasonable notice to the licensee and hold a hearing. At the hearing, upon a determination that the licensee has violated any provision of this subsection, the licensee may be subject to an administrative fine of Two Hundred Fifty Dollars (\$250.00) and may have the handgun license suspended for three (3) months.

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2. A concealed or unconcealed weapon may be carried onto a private university, private college or private technical school property, or vehicle used by any private university, private college, or private technical school, as defined in Section 21-101 of Title 70 of the Oklahoma Statutes for transportation of students or personnel by a person who has a valid license pursuant to the Oklahoma Self-Defense Act, provided a policy has been adopted by the governing entity of the private university, private college or private technical school that authorizes the carrying and possession of weapons on a private university, private college or private technical school property. Except for acts of gross negligence or willful or wanton misconduct, a governing entity of a private university, private college or private technical school that adopts a policy with authorizes the possession of weapons on a private university, private college or private technical school property, or vehicle used by the private school shall be immune from liability for any injuries arising from the adoption of the policy. The

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provisions of this subsection shall not apply to claims pursuant to the Workers' Compensation Code.

Nothing contained in any provision of this subsection shall be construed to authorize or allow any <u>public</u> college, <u>public</u> university, or <u>public</u> technology center school to establish any policy or rule that has the effect of prohibiting any <u>person</u> <u>citizen</u> in lawful possession of a handgun license from possession of a handgun allowable under such license <u>in places described</u> in paragraphs 1, 2 <u>and</u>, 3 <u>and 4</u> of this subsection. Nothing contained in any provision of this subsection shall be construed to limit the authority of any <u>public</u> college, <u>public</u> university or <u>public</u> technology center school in this state from taking administrative action against any student for any violation of any provision of this subsection.

F. G. The provisions of this section shall not apply to any peace officer or to any person authorized by law to carry a pistol in the course of employment. District judges, associate district judges and special district judges, who are in possession of a valid handgun license issued pursuant to the provisions of the Oklahoma Self-Defense Act and whose names appear on a list maintained by the Administrative Director of the Courts, shall be exempt from this section when acting in the course and scope of employment within the courthouses of this state. Private investigators with a firearms

authorization shall be exempt from this section when acting in the course and scope of employment.

G. H. For the purposes of this section, "motor vehicle" means any automobile, truck, minivan or sports utility vehicle.

SECTION 2. AMENDATORY 21 O.S. 2011, Section 1289.7, as amended by Section 12, Chapter 259, O.S.L. 2012 (21 O.S. Supp. 2014, Section 1289.7), is amended to read as follows:

Section 1289.7.

## FIREARMS IN VEHICLES

Any person citizen, except a convicted felon, may transport in a motor vehicle a rifle, or shotgun or pistol, open and unloaded, at any time. Any citizen twenty-one (21) years of age or older, except a convicted felon, may transport a handgun concealed or unconcealed, loaded or unloaded for the purpose of self-defense without a valid handgun license issued pursuant to the Oklahoma Self-Defense Act provided, the citizen is not involved in a crime.

For purposes of this section "open" "unconcealed" means the firearm is transported in plain view, or in a case designed for carrying firearms, which case is wholly or partially visible, in a gun rack mounted in the vehicle, in an exterior locked compartment or a trunk of a vehicle.

Any person, except a convicted felon, may transport in a motor vehicle a rifle or shotgun concealed behind a seat of the vehicle or within the interior of the vehicle provided the rifle or shotgun is

not clip, magazine or chamber loaded. The authority to transport a clip or magazine loaded rifle or shotgun shall be pursuant to

Section 1289.13 of this title.

Any person who is the operator of a vehicle or is a passenger in any vehicle wherein another person who is licensed pursuant to the Oklahoma Self-Defense Act to carry a handgun, concealed or unconcealed, and is carrying a handgun or has the handgun in such vehicle, shall not be deemed in violation of the provisions of this section provided the licensee is in or near the vehicle.

In the absence of reasonable and articulable suspicion of other criminal activity, an individual, twenty-one (21) years of age or older, possessing a concealed or unconcealed weapon in a vehicle shall not be disarmed or physically restrained by any law enforcement officer.

SECTION 3. AMENDATORY 21 O.S. 2011, Section 1289.13A, as amended by Section 19, Chapter 259, O.S.L. 2012 (21 O.S. Supp. 2014, Section 1289.13A), is amended to read as follows:

Section 1289.13A.

## IMPROPER TRANSPORTATION OF FIREARMS

A. Notwithstanding the provisions of Section 1272 or 1289.13 of this title, any person stopped pursuant to a moving traffic violation who is transporting a loaded pistol in the motor vehicle without a valid handgun license authorized by the Oklahoma Self-Defense Act or valid license from another state, whether the loaded

- 1 firearm is concealed or unconcealed in the vehicle, shall may be 2 issued a traffic citation in the amount of Seventy Dollars (\$70.00), 3 plus court costs for transporting a firearm improperly. In addition to the traffic citation provided in this section, the person may 4 also be arrested for any other violation of law.
  - When the arresting officer determines that the driver of the vehicle is twenty-one (21) years of age or older or a valid handgun license exists, pursuant to the Oklahoma Self-Defense Act or any provision of law from another state, for any person in the stopped vehicle, any firearms permitted to be carried pursuant to that license shall not be confiscated, unless:
  - The person is arrested for violating another provision of law other than a violation of subsection A of this section; provided, however, if the person is never charged with an offense pursuant to this paragraph or if the charges are dismissed or the person is acquitted, the weapon shall be returned to the person; or
    - 2. The officer has probable cause to believe the weapon is:
      - contraband, or
      - b. a firearm used in the commission of a crime other than a violation of subsection A of this section.
  - C. Nothing Absent a criminal act, nothing in this section shall be construed to require confiscation of any firearm.

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SECTION 4. AMENDATORY 21 O.S. 2011, Section 1290.22, as amended by Section 7, Chapter 366, O.S.L. 2013 (21 O.S. Supp. 2014, Section 1290.22), is amended to read as follows:

Section 1290.22.

### BUSINESS OWNER'S RIGHTS

- A. Except as provided in subsection B of this section, nothing contained in any provision of the Oklahoma Self-Defense Act shall be construed to limit, restrict or prohibit in any manner the existing rights of any person, property owner, tenant, employer, place of worship or business entity to control the possession of weapons on any property owned or controlled by the person or business entity.
- B. No person, property owner, tenant, employer, place of worship or business entity shall be permitted to establish any policy or rule that has the effect of prohibiting any person, except a convicted felon, from transporting and storing firearms in a locked vehicle on any property set aside for any vehicle.
- C. A property owner, tenant, employer, place of worship or business entity may prohibit any person from carrying a concealed or unconcealed firearm on the property. If the building or property is open to the public, the property owner, tenant, employer, place of worship or business entity shall post signs on or about the property stating such prohibition.
- D. The carrying of a concealed or unconcealed firearm by a person who has been issued a handgun license on property that has

signs prohibiting the carrying of firearms shall not be deemed a criminal act but may subject the person to being denied entrance onto the property or removed from the property. If the person refuses to leave the property and a peace officer is summoned, the person may be issued a citation for an amount not to exceed Two Hundred Fifty Dollars (\$250.00).

- E. A person, corporation, place of worship or any other business entity that does or does not prohibit any individual except a convicted felon from carrying a loaded or unloaded, concealed or unconcealed weapon on property that the person, corporation, place of worship or other business entity owns, or has legal control of, is immune from any liability arising from that decision. Except for acts of gross negligence or willful or wanton misconduct, an employer who does or does not prohibit their its employees from carrying a concealed or unconcealed weapon is immune from any liability arising from that decision. The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to claims pursuant to the Workers' Compensation Code.
  - F. It shall be presumed that the private employer is not including the discharge of a weapon as part of its employee's job description.
- G. An employer, employee or person has the right of redress against an employee or person for damages resulting from the discharge of a weapon.

SECTION 5. AMENDATORY 21 O.S. 2011, Section 1290.24, as amended by Section 42, Chapter 259, O.S.L. 2012 (21 O.S. Supp. 2014, Section 1290.24), is amended to read as follows:

Section 1290.24.

5 IMMUNITY

- A. The state, its or political subdivisions thereof, and their officers, agents and employees shall be immune from liability resulting or arising from:
- 1. Failure to prevent the licensing of an individual for whom the receipt of the license is unlawful pursuant to the provisions of the Oklahoma Self-Defense Act or any other provision of law of this state;
- 2. Any action or misconduct with a pistol committed by a person to whom a license to carry a concealed or unconcealed handgun has been issued <u>pursuant to the Oklahoma Self-Defense Act</u> or by any person who obtains a pistol from a licensee;
- 3. Any injury to any person during a handgun training course conducted by a firearms instructor certified by the Council on Law Enforcement Education and Training to conduct training under the Oklahoma Self-Defense Act, or injury from any misfire or malfunction of any handgun on a training course firing range supervised by a certified firearms instructor under the provisions of the Oklahoma Self-Defense Act, or any injury resulting from carrying a concealed or unconcealed handgun pursuant to a handgun license; and

4. Any action or finding pursuant to a hearing conducted in accordance with the Administrative Procedures Act as required in the Oklahoma Self-Defense Act; and

- 5. The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to claims pursuant to the Workers' Compensation Code.
- B. Firearms instructors certified by the Council on Law Enforcement Education and Training to conduct training for the Oklahoma Self-Defense Act shall be immune from liability to third persons resulting or arising from any claim based on an act or omission of a trainee.
- SECTION 6. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 1290.28 of Title 21, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

Notwithstanding the provisions of Section 1277 of Title 21 of the Oklahoma Statutes, any citizen in possession of a valid handgun license issued pursuant to the provisions of the Oklahoma Self-Defense Act when entering the State Capitol Building through a security checkpoint attended by a commissioned peace officer, shall be authorized to carry a concealed handgun and bypass the security checkpoint upon presentation of the valid handgun license. Nothing in this section shall be construed to authorize a law enforcement officer to remove or inspect any weapon or restrain any person carrying a properly concealed loaded or unloaded handgun without probable cause that a crime has been committed.

1	SECTION 7.	This act s	hall become	effective	November	1,	2015.
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