### SENATE BILL NO. 351-SENATOR ATKINSON

## MARCH 20, 2017

## Referred to Committee on Judiciary

SUMMARY—Establishes provisions relating to the ability of a person who engages in the medical use of marijuana to possess a firearm or hold a permit to carry a concealed firearm. (BDR 15-946)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: No.

Effect on the State: No.

EXPLANATION - Matter in bolded italics is new; matter between brackets formitted material is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to firearms; providing that the holder of a valid registry identification card is not deemed to be an unlawful user of or addicted to a controlled substance for purposes of the prohibition on the possession, custody or control of a firearm by certain persons; providing that the holder of a valid registry identification card is not deemed to have habitually used a controlled substance to the extent that his or her normal faculties are impaired for purposes of holding a permit to carry a concealed firearm; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

#### **Legislative Counsel's Digest:**

Existing law prohibits a person from owning or having in his or her possession or under his or her custody or control any firearm if the person is an unlawful user of, or addicted to, any controlled substance. (NRS 202.360) **Section 1** of this bill provides that a person who holds a valid registry identification card shall not be deemed to be an unlawful user of, or addicted to, a controlled substance solely because he or she engages in the medical use of marijuana.

Existing law requires a sheriff to deny an application for a permit to carry a concealed firearm or revoke an existing permit in certain circumstances, including if the applicant or permittee has habitually used intoxicating liquor or a controlled substance to the extent that his or her normal faculties are impaired. (NRS 202.3657) **Section 2** of this bill provides that a person who holds a valid registry identification card shall not be deemed to have habitually used a controlled substance to the extent that his or her normal faculties are impaired solely because he or she engages in the medical use of marijuana.





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# THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

**Section 1.** NRS 202.360 is hereby amended to read as follows: 202.360 1. A person shall not own or have in his or her possession or under his or her custody or control any firearm if the person:

- (a) Has been convicted in this State or any other state of a misdemeanor crime of domestic violence as defined in 18 U.S.C. § 921(a)(33);
- (b) Has been convicted of a felony in this State or any other state, or in any political subdivision thereof, or of a felony in violation of the laws of the United States of America, unless the person has received a pardon and the pardon does not restrict his or her right to bear arms;
  - (c) Is a fugitive from justice;

- (d) Is an unlawful user of, or addicted to, any controlled substance; or
- (e) Is otherwise prohibited by federal law from having a firearm in his or her possession or under his or her custody or control.
- → A person who violates the provisions of this subsection is guilty of a category B felony and shall be punished by imprisonment in the state prison for a minimum term of not less than 1 year and a maximum term of not more than 6 years, and may be further punished by a fine of not more than \$5,000.
- 2. A person shall not own or have in his or her possession or under his or her custody or control any firearm if the person:
  - (a) Has been adjudicated as mentally ill or has been committed to any mental health facility by a court of this State, any other state or the United States;
- (b) Has entered a plea of guilty but mentally ill in a court of this State, any other state or the United States;
- (c) Has been found guilty but mentally ill in a court of this State, any other state or the United States:
- (d) Has been acquitted by reason of insanity in a court of this State, any other state or the United States; or
  - (e) Is illegally or unlawfully in the United States.
- A person who violates the provisions of this subsection is guilty of a category D felony and shall be punished as provided in NRS 193.130.
- 3. For the purposes of paragraph (d) of subsection 1, a person who holds a valid registry identification card issued to him or her pursuant to NRS 453A.220 or 453A.250 shall not be deemed to be an unlawful user of, or addicted to, a controlled





substance solely because the person engages in the medical use of marijuana pursuant to chapter 453A of NRS.

**4.** As used in this section:

- (a) "Controlled substance" has the meaning ascribed to it in 21 U.S.C. § 802(6).
- (b) "Firearm" includes any firearm that is loaded or unloaded and operable or inoperable.
- (c) "Medical use of marijuana" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 453A.120.
  - **Sec. 2.** NRS 202.3657 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 202.3657 1. Any person who is a resident of this State may apply to the sheriff of the county in which he or she resides for a permit on a form prescribed by regulation of the Department. Any person who is not a resident of this State may apply to the sheriff of any county in this State for a permit on a form prescribed by regulation of the Department. Application forms for permits must be furnished by the sheriff of each county upon request.
- 2. A person applying for a permit may submit one application and obtain one permit to carry all handguns owned by the person. The person must not be required to list and identify on the application each handgun owned by the person. A permit is valid for any handgun which is owned or thereafter obtained by the person to whom the permit is issued.
- 3. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the sheriff shall issue a permit to any person who is qualified to possess a handgun under state and federal law, who submits an application in accordance with the provisions of this section and who:
  - (a) Is 21 years of age or older;
- (b) Is not prohibited from possessing a firearm pursuant to NRS 202.360; and
- (c) Demonstrates competence with handguns by presenting a certificate or other documentation to the sheriff which shows that the applicant:
- (1) Successfully completed a course in firearm safety approved by a sheriff in this State; or
- (2) Successfully completed a course in firearm safety offered by a federal, state or local law enforcement agency, community college, university or national organization that certifies instructors in firearm safety.
- Such a course must include instruction in the use of handguns and in the laws of this State relating to the use of a firearm. A sheriff may not approve a course in firearm safety pursuant to subparagraph (1) unless the sheriff determines that the course meets any standards that are established by the Nevada Sheriffs' and Chiefs' Association





or, if the Nevada Sheriffs' and Chiefs' Association ceases to exist, its legal successor.

- 4. The sheriff shall deny an application or revoke a permit if the sheriff determines that the applicant or permittee:
  - (a) Has an outstanding warrant for his or her arrest.
  - (b) Has been judicially declared incompetent or insane.
- (c) Has been voluntarily or involuntarily admitted to a mental health facility during the immediately preceding 5 years.
- (d) Has habitually used intoxicating liquor or a controlled substance to the extent that his or her normal faculties are impaired. For the purposes of this paragraph, it is presumed that a person has so used intoxicating liquor or a controlled substance if, during the immediately preceding 5 years, the person has been:
  - (1) Convicted of violating the provisions of NRS 484C.110;
- (2) Committed for treatment pursuant to NRS 458.290 to 458.350, inclusive.
- (e) Has been convicted of a crime involving the use or threatened use of force or violence punishable as a misdemeanor under the laws of this or any other state, or a territory or possession of the United States at any time during the immediately preceding 3 years.
- (f) Has been convicted of a felony in this State or under the laws of any state, territory or possession of the United States.
- (g) Has been convicted of a crime involving domestic violence or stalking, or is currently subject to a restraining order, injunction or other order for protection against domestic violence.
- (h) Is currently on parole or probation from a conviction obtained in this State or in any other state or territory or possession of the United States.
- (i) Has, within the immediately preceding 5 years, been subject to any requirements imposed by a court of this State or of any other state or territory or possession of the United States, as a condition to the court's:
- (1) Withholding of the entry of judgment for a conviction of a felony; or
  - (2) Suspension of sentence for the conviction of a felony.
- (j) Has made a false statement on any application for a permit or for the renewal of a permit.
- 5. For the purposes of paragraph (d) of subsection 4, a person who holds a valid registry identification card issued to him or her pursuant to NRS 453A.220 or 453A.250 shall not be deemed to have habitually used a controlled substance to the extent that his or her normal faculties are impaired solely because the person engages in the medical use of marijuana pursuant to



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chapter 453A of NRS. As used in this subsection, "medical use of marijuana" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 453A.120.

6. The sheriff may deny an application or revoke a permit if the sheriff receives a sworn affidavit stating articulable facts based upon personal knowledge from any natural person who is 18 years of age or older that the applicant or permittee has or may have committed an offense or engaged in any other activity specified in subsection 4 which would preclude the issuance of a permit to the applicant or require the revocation of a permit pursuant to this section.

[6.] 7. If the sheriff receives notification submitted by a court or law enforcement agency of this or any other state, the United States or a territory or possession of the United States that a permittee or an applicant for a permit has been charged with a crime involving the use or threatened use of force or violence, the conviction for which would require the revocation of a permit or preclude the issuance of a permit to the applicant pursuant to this section, the sheriff shall suspend the person's permit or the processing of the person's application until the final disposition of the charges against the person. If a permittee is acquitted of the charges, or if the charges are dropped, the sheriff shall restore his or her permit without imposing a fee.

[7.] 8. An application submitted pursuant to this section must be completed and signed under oath by the applicant. The applicant's signature must be witnessed by an employee of the sheriff or notarized by a notary public. The application must include:

- (a) The name, address, place and date of birth, social security number, occupation and employer of the applicant and any other names used by the applicant;
- (b) A complete set of the applicant's fingerprints taken by the sheriff or his or her agent;
- (c) A front-view colored photograph of the applicant taken by the sheriff or his or her agent;
- (d) If the applicant is a resident of this State, the driver's license number or identification card number of the applicant issued by the Department of Motor Vehicles;
- (e) If the applicant is not a resident of this State, the driver's license number or identification card number of the applicant issued by another state or jurisdiction;
- (f) A nonrefundable fee equal to the nonvolunteer rate charged by the Central Repository for Nevada Records of Criminal History and the Federal Bureau of Investigation to obtain the reports required pursuant to subsection 1 of NRS 202.366; and
  - (g) A nonrefundable fee set by the sheriff not to exceed \$60.





1 **Sec. 3.** This act becomes effective on July 1, 2017.

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