

ASSEMBLY BILL NO. 357—ASSEMBLYMEN FIORE, ELLISON;  
DOOLING, JONES, KIRKPATRICK, OHRENSCHALL, SHELTON  
AND THOMPSON

MARCH 17, 2015

Referred to Committee on Judiciary

SUMMARY—Revises provisions relating to the prohibition against the ownership, possession and control of firearms by certain persons. (BDR 14-846)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: No.  
Effect on the State: Yes.

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EXPLANATION – Matter in *bolded italics* is new; matter between brackets ~~omitted material~~ is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to criminal procedure; authorizing certain persons who are prohibited from owning, possessing or having under their custody or control any firearm or who have had certain civil rights taken away to petition the court to restore such rights in certain circumstances; authorizing a prosecuting attorney to inquire into, inspect and use as evidence certain sealed records in certain circumstances; adding a person who has been convicted of a misdemeanor crime of domestic violence to the list of persons who are prohibited from owning or having in their possession or under their custody or control any firearm; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

**Legislative Counsel’s Digest:**

1 Existing law prohibits certain persons from owning or having in their  
2 possession or under their custody or control any firearm, including a person who  
3 has been convicted of a felony in this State or any other state, or in any political  
4 subdivision thereof, or of a felony in violation of the laws of the United States of  
5 America, unless the person has received a pardon and the pardon does not restrict  
6 his or her right to bear arms. (NRS 202.360) **Section 5** of this bill adds to such a list  
7 of persons a person who has been convicted in this State or any other state of a  
8 misdemeanor crime of domestic violence, as defined in federal law.  
9 **Section 2** of this bill establishes a procedure by which a person who: (1) is  
10 prohibited from owning or having in his or her possession or under his or her  
11 custody or control any firearm because the person has been convicted of a felony or



\* A B 3 5 7 R 2 \*

12 a misdemeanor crime of domestic violence; or (2) has had his or her civil rights to  
13 vote, to serve as a juror in a civil or criminal action and to hold office taken away  
14 and has not had all such rights restored, may, after a certain applicable waiting  
15 period, petition the district court in the county in which the person resides or in  
16 which the person was convicted for the restoration of such rights. For a person to be  
17 eligible to have such rights restored: (1) the person must not currently be serving  
18 any sentence or facing any new charge for an offense which would cause the person  
19 to be ineligible to petition to have such rights restored; and (2) if the person is  
20 seeking the restoration of his or her firearm rights, the person must not otherwise be  
21 prohibited from possessing a firearm under any other applicable provision of the  
22 laws of this State.

23 **Section 2** also requires that a date for a hearing on such a petition be set for not  
24 earlier than 30 days and not later than 120 days after a petition is filed, unless  
25 waived by the parties. The court is required to make a decision within 30 days after  
26 the hearing on the petition is completed.

27 **Section 2** additionally requires the court to issue an order restoring a  
28 petitioner's civil rights and the right to own, possess and control any firearm if: (1)  
29 the petitioner has never been convicted of a misdemeanor crime of domestic  
30 violence; (2) the petitioner has never been convicted of a category A, B or C  
31 felony; and (3) the only category D or E felony for which the person has ever been  
32 convicted did not include certain elements. A petitioner who does not meet such  
33 criteria but meets certain other criteria must prove to the court by clear and  
34 convincing evidence that he or she is rehabilitated and is unlikely to use the  
35 restoration of any rights for an unlawful purpose. If the court determines that the  
36 petitioner does not satisfy the burden of proof, the court is required to issue an  
37 order denying the restoration of such rights and to state the basis for such a denial.  
38 **Section 2** further authorizes such a petitioner to reapply for the restoration of such  
39 rights not earlier than 1 year after the date the court order is entered. Finally,  
40 **section 2** requires a person to accept a copy of a court order restoring a person's  
41 civil rights or right to own, possess and control any firearm as proof that such rights  
42 have been restored to the person.

43 **Section 2** also authorizes a person who has lost his or her civil rights as a result  
44 of a conviction in another state to petition the district court for the restoration of  
45 such rights if the person would otherwise be eligible to petition the district court for  
46 the restoration of such rights if the conviction that resulted in the loss of such rights  
47 occurred in this State.

48 **Section 11** of this bill requires a person whose right to own, possess and control  
49 any firearm has been restored pursuant to **section 2** to carry on his or her person,  
50 any time the person is in possession of a firearm, a copy of the court order restoring  
51 such a right. This requirement expires by limitation on July 1, 2017.

52 Existing law authorizes certain persons to inquire into and inspect certain  
53 records that have been sealed in certain circumstances. (NRS 179.301) **Section 3** of  
54 this bill authorizes a prosecuting attorney to inquire into and inspect certain sealed  
55 records if the person who is the subject of the records has petitioned to have his or  
56 her right to own, possess and control any firearm restored pursuant to **section 2**.  
57 **Section 3** also authorizes a prosecuting attorney to use any such records as  
58 evidence during a hearing on such a petition.

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THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN  
SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

- 1     **Section 1.** NRS 176A.850 is hereby amended to read as  
2 follows:  
3     176A.850 1. A person who:  
4     (a) Has fulfilled the conditions of probation for the entire period  
5 thereof;  
6     (b) Is recommended for earlier discharge by the Division; or  
7     (c) Has demonstrated fitness for honorable discharge but  
8 because of economic hardship, verified by the Division, has been  
9 unable to make restitution as ordered by the court,  
10     ➔ may be granted an honorable discharge from probation by order  
11 of the court.  
12     2. Any amount of restitution remaining unpaid constitutes a  
13 civil liability arising upon the date of discharge.  
14     3. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 4 **H** and section  
15 **2 of this act**, a person who has been honorably discharged from  
16 probation:  
17     (a) Is free from the terms and conditions of probation.  
18     (b) Is immediately restored to the following civil rights:  
19         (1) The right to vote; and  
20         (2) The right to serve as a juror in a civil action.  
21     (c) Four years after the date of honorable discharge from  
22 probation, is restored to the right to hold office.  
23     (d) Six years after the date of honorable discharge from  
24 probation, is restored to the right to serve as a juror in a criminal  
25 action.  
26     (e) If the person meets the requirements of NRS 179.245, may  
27 apply to the court for the sealing of records relating to the  
28 conviction.  
29     (f) Must be informed of the provisions of this section and NRS  
30 179.245 in the person's probation papers.  
31     (g) Is exempt from the requirements of chapter 179C of NRS,  
32 but is not exempt from the requirements of chapter 179D of NRS.  
33     (h) Shall disclose the conviction to a gaming establishment and  
34 to the State and its agencies, departments, boards, commissions and  
35 political subdivisions, if required in an application for employment,  
36 license or other permit. As used in this paragraph, "establishment"  
37 has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 463.0148.  
38     (i) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (h), need not  
39 disclose the conviction to an employer or prospective employer.  
40     4. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, the civil  
41 rights set forth in subsection 3 are not restored to a person honorably



1 discharged from probation if the person has previously been  
2 convicted in this State:

3 (a) Of a category A felony.

4 (b) Of an offense that would constitute a category A felony if  
5 committed as of the date of the honorable discharge from probation.

6 (c) Of a category B felony involving the use of force or violence  
7 that resulted in substantial bodily harm to the victim.

8 (d) Of an offense involving the use of force or violence that  
9 resulted in substantial bodily harm to the victim and that would  
10 constitute a category B felony if committed as of the date of  
11 honorable discharge from probation.

12 (e) Two or more times of a felony, unless a felony for which the  
13 person has been convicted arose out of the same act, transaction or  
14 occurrence as another felony, in which case the convictions for  
15 those felonies shall be deemed to constitute a single conviction for  
16 the purposes of this paragraph.

17 ↪ A person described in this subsection may petition a court of  
18 competent jurisdiction for an order granting the restoration of civil  
19 rights as set forth in subsection 3.

20 5. The prior conviction of a person who has been honorably  
21 discharged from probation may be used for purposes of  
22 impeachment. In any subsequent prosecution of the person, the prior  
23 conviction may be pleaded and proved if otherwise admissible.

24 6. Except for a person subject to the limitations set forth in  
25 subsection 4, upon honorable discharge from probation, the person  
26 so discharged must be given an official document which provides:

27 (a) That the person has received an honorable discharge from  
28 probation;

29 (b) That the person has been restored to his or her civil rights to  
30 vote and to serve as a juror in a civil action as of the date of  
31 honorable discharge from probation;

32 (c) The date on which the person's civil right to hold office will  
33 be restored pursuant to paragraph (c) of subsection 3; and

34 (d) The date on which the person's civil right to serve as a juror  
35 in a criminal action will be restored pursuant to paragraph (d) of  
36 subsection 3.

37 7. Subject to the limitations set forth in subsection 4, a person  
38 who has been honorably discharged from probation in this State or  
39 elsewhere and whose official documentation of honorable discharge  
40 from probation is lost, damaged or destroyed may file a written  
41 request with a court of competent jurisdiction to restore the person's  
42 civil rights pursuant to this section. Upon verification that the person  
43 has been honorably discharged from probation and is eligible to be  
44 restored to the civil rights set forth in subsection 3, the court shall  
45 issue an order restoring the person to the civil rights set forth in



1 subsection 3. A person must not be required to pay a fee to receive  
2 such an order.

3 8. A person who has been honorably discharged from  
4 probation in this State or elsewhere may present:

5 (a) Official documentation of honorable discharge from  
6 probation, if it contains the provisions set forth in subsection 6; or

7 (b) A court order restoring the person's civil rights,  
8 ➔ as proof that the person has been restored to the civil rights set  
9 forth in subsection 3.

10 **Sec. 2.** Chapter 179 of NRS is hereby amended by adding  
11 thereto a new section to read as follows:

12 *1. If a person is prohibited pursuant to paragraph (a) of NRS*  
13 *202.360 from owning or having in his or her possession or under*  
14 *his or her custody or control any firearm because the person has*  
15 *been convicted of a felony or a misdemeanor crime of domestic*  
16 *violence, or if the person has had his or her civil rights to vote, to*  
17 *serve as a juror in a civil or criminal action and to hold office*  
18 *taken away and all such civil rights have not been restored, the*  
19 *person may, after the applicable waiting period set forth in*  
20 *subsection 2, petition the district court in the county in which the*  
21 *person resides or in which the person was convicted for the*  
22 *restoration of his or her right to own or have in his or her*  
23 *possession or under his or her custody or control any firearm and*  
24 *the restoration of his or her civil rights if the person:*

25 (a) *Is not currently serving any sentence or facing any new*  
26 *charge for an offense which would cause the person to be*  
27 *ineligible to petition to have such rights restored; and*

28 (b) *If the person is seeking the restoration of the right to own*  
29 *or have in his or her possession or under his or her custody or*  
30 *control any firearm, is not otherwise prohibited from possessing a*  
31 *firearm under any other applicable provision of the laws of this*  
32 *State.*

33 *2. A person may petition the district court pursuant to*  
34 *subsection 1:*

35 (a) *One day after the completion of the person's sentence for*  
36 *an offense described in subparagraph (3) if:*

37 (1) *The person has never been convicted of a misdemeanor*  
38 *crime of domestic violence;*

39 (2) *The person has never been convicted of a category A, B*  
40 *or C felony; and*

41 (3) *The only category D or E felony for which the person*  
42 *has ever been convicted is a category D or E felony that did not*  
43 *include as an element of the offense:*

44 (1) *An attempt, threat or conspiracy to commit an act of*  
45 *violence against another person;*



1           (II) *An act of intentional violence against another*  
2 *person; or*

3           (III) *The intentional use of a deadly weapon.*

4           (b) *Two years after the completion of the person's sentence for*  
5 *an offense described in subparagraph (3) if the person:*

6           (1) *Has never been convicted of a misdemeanor crime of*  
7 *domestic violence;*

8           (2) *Has never been convicted of a category A, B, D or E*  
9 *felony; and*

10          (3) *The only category C felony for which the person has*  
11 *ever been convicted is a category C felony that did not include as*  
12 *an element of the offense:*

13           (I) *An attempt, threat or conspiracy to commit an act of*  
14 *violence against another person;*

15           (II) *An act of intentional violence against another*  
16 *person; or*

17           (III) *The intentional use of a deadly weapon.*

18          (c) *Six years after the most recent completion of the person's*  
19 *sentence for an offense described in this paragraph if the person:*

20          (1) *Has never been convicted of a category A felony or a*  
21 *category B, C, D or E felony that involved the intentional use of a*  
22 *deadly weapon with the intent to cause substantial bodily harm;*  
23 *and*

24          (2) *Has been convicted:*

25           (I) *Not more than once for a misdemeanor crime of*  
26 *domestic violence; or*

27           (II) *Of more than one category B, C, D or E felony that*  
28 *did not involve the intentional use of a deadly weapon with the*  
29 *intent to cause substantial bodily harm.*

30          3. *A petition filed pursuant to subsection 2 must:*

31           (a) *Describe the rights for which restoration is being sought.*

32           (b) *Provide the date of any previous petition filed pursuant to*  
33 *this section and the date the court denied the restoration of any*  
34 *rights.*

35           (c) *Be accompanied by the petitioner's current, verified record*  
36 *of criminal history from the Central Repository for Nevada*  
37 *Records of Criminal History.*

38           (d) *Contain the following information:*

39           (1) *The petitioner's full legal name.*

40           (2) *Each alias that the petitioner has used or under which*  
41 *the petitioner may have been known.*

42           (3) *The petitioner's date of birth.*

43           (4) *The petitioner's driver's license number.*

44           (5) *The petitioner's current residential address.*



1           (6) *Each residential address of the petitioner during the 10*  
2 *years preceding the filing of the petition.*

3           (7) *For each criminal conviction of the petitioner:*

4               (I) *The arresting agency;*

5               (II) *The date of arrest;*

6               (III) *The charges that were filed against the petitioner;*

7               (IV) *Whether the offense committed was a misdemeanor*  
8 *or felony, and if a felony, whether the offense was a category A, B,*  
9 *C, D or E felony;*

10              (V) *The sentencing court;*

11              (VI) *The case number;*

12              (VII) *The date of the final disposition of the case;*

13              (VIII) *The sentence imposed upon the petitioner; and*

14              (IX) *The date on which the petitioner completed the*  
15 *sentence.*

16           4. *Upon receiving a petition from a petitioner who meets the*  
17 *requirements of this section, the court shall, at least 30 days before*  
18 *the hearing scheduled pursuant to subsection 5, notify the district*  
19 *attorney for the county in which the court is located and the*  
20 *district attorney for each county in which the petitioner was*  
21 *convicted of an applicable felony or misdemeanor crime of*  
22 *domestic violence.*

23           5. *Unless waived by the consent of both the petitioner and the*  
24 *district attorney for the county in which the petition is filed, a date*  
25 *for a hearing on the petition must be set for not earlier than 30*  
26 *days and not later than 120 days after a petition complying with*  
27 *the requirements of subsection 3 is filed. The court may consider*  
28 *any relevant evidence at the hearing on the petition, including,*  
29 *without limitation, oral testimony, declarations, affidavits and*  
30 *police reports. The court shall issue its decision within 30 days*  
31 *after the hearing on the petition is completed.*

32           6. *If a petitioner petitions the court for the restoration of his*  
33 *or her rights pursuant to:*

34               (a) *Paragraph (a) of subsection 2, the court shall, upon*  
35 *verifying that the petitioner is eligible to have his or her rights*  
36 *restored, issue an order setting forth the restoration of the*  
37 *petitioner's right to own or have in his or her possession or under*  
38 *his or her custody or control any firearm and the petitioner's civil*  
39 *rights to vote, to serve as a juror in a civil or criminal action and*  
40 *to hold office.*

41               (b) *Paragraph (b) or (c) of subsection 2, the court shall, if it*  
42 *determines that the petitioner proves by clear and convincing*  
43 *evidence that he or she is rehabilitated and is unlikely to use the*  
44 *restoration of any rights for an unlawful purpose, issue an order*  
45 *setting forth which rights are restored.*



1 ↪ *A copy of any order issued pursuant to this subsection must be*  
2 *provided to the petitioner and the Department of Public Safety. A*  
3 *person shall accept a copy of any such order as proof that a*  
4 *person has had his or her right to own or have in his or her*  
5 *possession or under his or her custody or control any firearm or*  
6 *his or her civil rights to vote, to serve as a juror in a civil or*  
7 *criminal action and to hold office restored pursuant to this*  
8 *section.*

9 7. *If the court determines that a petitioner who petitioned the*  
10 *court for the restoration of his or her rights pursuant to paragraph*  
11 *(b) or (c) of subsection 2 does not prove by clear and convincing*  
12 *evidence that he or she is rehabilitated and is unlikely to use the*  
13 *restoration of any rights for an unlawful purpose, the court shall*  
14 *issue an order denying the restoration of the petitioner's rights*  
15 *and shall state the basis for such a denial. A petitioner who is*  
16 *denied the restoration of rights pursuant to this subsection may*  
17 *reapply for the restoration of such rights not earlier than 1 year*  
18 *after the date the court order is entered.*

19 8. *A person who has lost his or her civil rights to vote, to*  
20 *serve as a juror in a civil or criminal action and to hold office as a*  
21 *result of a conviction in another state may petition the district*  
22 *court for the restoration of such civil rights pursuant to this*  
23 *section if the person would otherwise be eligible to petition the*  
24 *district court for the restoration of such civil rights pursuant to*  
25 *this section if the conviction that resulted in the loss of such civil*  
26 *rights occurred in this State.*

27 9. *As used in this section, "misdemeanor crime of domestic*  
28 *violence" has the meaning ascribed to it in 18 U.S.C. § 921(a)(33).*

29 **Sec. 3.** NRS 179.301 is hereby amended to read as follows:

30 179.301 1. The State Gaming Control Board and the Nevada  
31 Gaming Commission and their employees, agents and  
32 representatives may inquire into and inspect any records sealed  
33 pursuant to NRS 179.245 or 179.255, if the event or conviction was  
34 related to gaming, to determine the suitability or qualifications of  
35 any person to hold a state gaming license, manufacturer's, seller's or  
36 distributor's license or registration as a gaming employee pursuant  
37 to chapter 463 of NRS. Events and convictions, if any, which are the  
38 subject of an order sealing records:

39 (a) May form the basis for recommendation, denial or  
40 revocation of those licenses.

41 (b) Must not form the basis for denial or rejection of a gaming  
42 work permit unless the event or conviction relates to the applicant's  
43 suitability or qualifications to hold the work permit.

44 2. A prosecuting attorney may inquire into and inspect any  
45 records sealed pursuant to NRS 179.245 or 179.255 if:





1 (a) The records relate to a violation or alleged violation of NRS  
2 202.575; and

3 (b) The person who is the subject of the records has been  
4 arrested or issued a citation for violating NRS 202.575.

5 3. *A prosecuting attorney may:*

6 (a) *Inquire into and inspect any records sealed pursuant to*  
7 *NRS 179.245 or 179.255 if the person who is the subject of the*  
8 *records has petitioned to have his or her right to own or have in*  
9 *his or her possession or under his or her control or custody any*  
10 *firearm pursuant to section 2 of this act; and*

11 (b) *Use any such records as evidence during a hearing on the*  
12 *petition.*

13 4. The Central Repository for Nevada Records of Criminal  
14 History and its employees may inquire into and inspect any records  
15 sealed pursuant to NRS 179.245 or 179.255 that constitute  
16 information relating to sexual offenses, and may notify employers of  
17 the information in accordance with NRS 179A.180 to 179A.240,  
18 inclusive.

19 ~~14~~ 5. Records which have been sealed pursuant to NRS  
20 179.245 or 179.255 and which are retained in the statewide registry  
21 established pursuant to NRS 179B.200 may be inspected pursuant to  
22 chapter 179B of NRS by an officer or employee of the Central  
23 Repository for Nevada Records of Criminal History or a law  
24 enforcement officer in the regular course of his or her duties.

25 ~~15~~ 6. The State Board of Pardons Commissioners and its  
26 agents and representatives may inquire into and inspect any records  
27 sealed pursuant to NRS 179.245 or 179.255 if the person who is the  
28 subject of the records has applied for a pardon from the Board.

29 ~~16~~ 7. As used in this section:

30 (a) "Information relating to sexual offenses" means information  
31 contained in or concerning a record relating in any way to a sexual  
32 offense.

33 (b) "Sexual offense" has the meaning ascribed to it in  
34 NRS 179A.073.

35 **Sec. 4.** NRS 6.010 is hereby amended to read as follows:

36 6.010 Except as otherwise provided in this section, every  
37 qualified elector of the State, whether registered or not, who has  
38 sufficient knowledge of the English language, and who has not been  
39 convicted of treason, a felony, or other infamous crime, and who is  
40 not rendered incapable by reason of physical or mental infirmity, is  
41 a qualified juror of the county in which the person resides. A person  
42 who has been convicted of a felony is not a qualified juror of the  
43 county in which the person resides until the person's civil right to  
44 serve as a juror has been restored pursuant to NRS 176A.850,  
45 179.285, 213.090, 213.155 or 213.157 ~~17~~ **or section 2 of this act.**



1       **Sec. 5.** NRS 202.360 is hereby amended to read as follows:

2       202.360 1. A person shall not own or have in his or her  
3 possession or under his or her custody or control any firearm if the  
4 person:

5       (a) Has been convicted of a felony in this *State* or any other  
6 state, or in any political subdivision thereof, or of a felony in  
7 violation of the laws of the United States of America, unless the  
8 person ~~has~~:

9       (1) *Has* received a pardon and the pardon does not restrict  
10 his or her right to bear arms; *or*

11       (2) *Has had his or her right to own or have in his or her*  
12 *possession or under his or her custody or control any firearm*  
13 *restored pursuant to section 2 of this act;*

14       (b) *Has been convicted in this State or any other state of a*  
15 *misdemeanor crime of domestic violence as defined in 18 U.S.C. §*  
16 *921(a)(33), unless the person has had his or her right to own or*  
17 *have in his or her possession or under his or her custody or*  
18 *control any firearm restored pursuant to section 2 of this act;*

19       (c) Is a fugitive from justice; or

20       ~~He~~ (d) Is an unlawful user of, or addicted to, any controlled  
21 substance.

22       ➤ A person who violates the provisions of this subsection is guilty  
23 of a category B felony and shall be punished by imprisonment in the  
24 state prison for a minimum term of not less than 1 year and a  
25 maximum term of not more than 6 years, and may be further  
26 punished by a fine of not more than \$5,000.

27       2. A person shall not own or have in his or her possession or  
28 under his or her custody or control any firearm if the person:

29       (a) Has been adjudicated as mentally ill or has been committed  
30 to any mental health facility; or

31       (b) Is illegally or unlawfully in the United States.

32       ➤ A person who violates the provisions of this subsection is guilty  
33 of a category D felony and shall be punished as provided in  
34 NRS 193.130.

35       3. As used in this section:

36       (a) "Controlled substance" has the meaning ascribed to it in 21  
37 U.S.C. § 802(6).

38       (b) "Firearm" includes any firearm that is loaded or unloaded  
39 and operable or inoperable.

40       **Sec. 6.** NRS 209.511 is hereby amended to read as follows:

41       209.511 1. When an offender is released from prison by  
42 expiration of his or her term of sentence, by pardon or by parole, the  
43 Director:



1 (a) May furnish the offender with a sum of money not to exceed  
2 \$100, the amount to be based upon the offender's economic need as  
3 determined by the Director;

4 (b) Shall give the offender notice of the provisions of chapter  
5 179C of NRS and NRS 202.357 and 202.360;

6 (c) Shall require the offender to sign an acknowledgment of the  
7 notice required in paragraph (b);

8 (d) Shall give the offender notice of the provisions of NRS  
9 179.245 and the provisions of NRS 213.090, 213.155 or 213.157,  
10 *and section 2 of this act*, as applicable;

11 (e) Shall provide the offender with information relating to  
12 obtaining employment, including, without limitation, any programs  
13 which may provide bonding for an offender entering the workplace  
14 and any organizations which may provide employment or bonding  
15 assistance to such a person;

16 (f) Shall provide the offender with a photo identification card  
17 issued by the Department and information and reasonable assistance  
18 relating to acquiring a valid driver's license or identification card to  
19 enable the offender to obtain employment, if the offender:

20 (1) Requests a photo identification card; or

21 (2) Requests such information and assistance and is eligible  
22 to acquire a valid driver's license or identification card from the  
23 Department of Motor Vehicles;

24 (g) May provide the offender with clothing suitable for  
25 reentering society;

26 (h) May provide the offender with the cost of transportation to  
27 his or her place of residence anywhere within the continental United  
28 States, or to the place of his or her conviction;

29 (i) May, but is not required to, release the offender to a facility  
30 for transitional living for released offenders that is licensed pursuant  
31 to chapter 449 of NRS; and

32 (j) Shall require the offender to submit to at least one test for  
33 exposure to the human immunodeficiency virus.

34 2. The costs authorized in paragraphs (a), (f), (g), (h) and (j) of  
35 subsection 1 must be paid out of the appropriate account within the  
36 State General Fund for the use of the Department as other claims  
37 against the State are paid to the extent that the costs have not been  
38 paid in accordance with subsection 5 of NRS 209.221 and  
39 NRS 209.246.

40 3. As used in this section:

41 (a) "Facility for transitional living for released offenders" has  
42 the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 449.0055.

43 (b) "Photo identification card" means a document which  
44 includes the name, date of birth and a color picture of the offender.



1       **Sec. 7.** NRS 213.155 is hereby amended to read as follows:

2       213.155 1. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 2 **†**  
3 **and section 2 of this act**, a person who receives an honorable  
4 discharge from parole pursuant to NRS 213.154:

5       (a) Is immediately restored to the following civil rights:

6           (1) The right to vote; and

7           (2) The right to serve as a juror in a civil action.

8       (b) Four years after the date of his or her honorable discharge  
9 from parole, is restored to the right to hold office.

10       (c) Six years after the date of his or her honorable discharge  
11 from parole, is restored to the right to serve as a juror in a criminal  
12 action.

13       2. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, the civil  
14 rights set forth in subsection 1 are not restored to a person who has  
15 received an honorable discharge from parole if the person has  
16 previously been convicted in this State:

17       (a) Of a category A felony.

18       (b) Of an offense that would constitute a category A felony if  
19 committed as of the date of his or her honorable discharge from  
20 parole.

21       (c) Of a category B felony involving the use of force or violence  
22 that resulted in substantial bodily harm to the victim.

23       (d) Of an offense involving the use of force or violence that  
24 resulted in substantial bodily harm to the victim and that would  
25 constitute a category B felony if committed as of the date of his or  
26 her honorable discharge from parole.

27       (e) Two or more times of a felony, unless a felony for which the  
28 person has been convicted arose out of the same act, transaction or  
29 occurrence as another felony, in which case the convictions for  
30 those felonies shall be deemed to constitute a single conviction for  
31 the purposes of this paragraph.

32       ➤ A person described in this subsection may petition a court of  
33 competent jurisdiction for an order granting the restoration of his or  
34 her civil rights as set forth in subsection 1.

35       3. Except for a person subject to the limitations set forth in  
36 subsection 2, upon his or her honorable discharge from parole, a  
37 person so discharged must be given an official document which  
38 provides:

39       (a) That the person has received an honorable discharge from  
40 parole;

41       (b) That the person has been restored to his or her civil rights to  
42 vote and to serve as a juror in a civil action as of the date of his or  
43 her honorable discharge from parole;

44       (c) The date on which his or her civil right to hold office will be  
45 restored to the person pursuant to paragraph (b) of subsection 1; and



1 (d) The date on which his or her civil right to serve as a juror in  
2 a criminal action will be restored to the person pursuant to  
3 paragraph (c) of subsection 1.

4 4. Subject to the limitations set forth in subsection 2, a person  
5 who has been honorably discharged from parole in this State or  
6 elsewhere and whose official documentation of his or her honorable  
7 discharge from parole is lost, damaged or destroyed may file a  
8 written request with a court of competent jurisdiction to restore his  
9 or her civil rights pursuant to this section. Upon verification that the  
10 person has been honorably discharged from parole and is eligible to  
11 be restored to the civil rights set forth in subsection 1, the court shall  
12 issue an order restoring the person to the civil rights set forth in  
13 subsection 1. A person must not be required to pay a fee to receive  
14 such an order.

15 5. A person who has been honorably discharged from parole in  
16 this State or elsewhere may present:

17 (a) Official documentation of his or her honorable discharge  
18 from parole, if it contains the provisions set forth in subsection 3; or

19 (b) A court order restoring his or her civil rights,  
20 as proof that the person has been restored to the civil rights set  
21 forth in subsection 1.

22 6. The Board may adopt regulations necessary or convenient  
23 for the purposes of this section.

24 **Sec. 8.** NRS 213.157 is hereby amended to read as follows:

25 213.157 1. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 2 **H**  
26 **and section 2 of this act**, a person convicted of a felony in the State  
27 of Nevada who has served his or her sentence and has been released  
28 from prison:

29 (a) Is immediately restored to the following civil rights:

30 (1) The right to vote; and

31 (2) The right to serve as a juror in a civil action.

32 (b) Four years after the date of his or her release from prison, is  
33 restored to the right to hold office.

34 (c) Six years after the date of his or her release from prison, is  
35 restored to the right to serve as a juror in a criminal action.

36 2. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, the civil  
37 rights set forth in subsection 1 are not restored to a person who has  
38 been released from prison if the person has previously been  
39 convicted in this State:

40 (a) Of a category A felony.

41 (b) Of an offense that would constitute a category A felony if  
42 committed as of the date of his or her release from prison.

43 (c) Of a category B felony involving the use of force or violence  
44 that resulted in substantial bodily harm to the victim.



1 (d) Of an offense involving the use of force or violence that  
2 resulted in substantial bodily harm to the victim and that would  
3 constitute a category B felony if committed as of the date of his or  
4 her release from prison.

5 (e) Two or more times of a felony, unless a felony for which the  
6 person has been convicted arose out of the same act, transaction or  
7 occurrence as another felony, in which case the convictions for  
8 those felonies shall be deemed to constitute a single conviction for  
9 the purposes of this paragraph.

10 ➤ A person described in this subsection may petition a court of  
11 competent jurisdiction for an order granting the restoration of his or  
12 her civil rights as set forth in subsection 1.

13 3. Except for a person subject to the limitations set forth in  
14 subsection 2, upon his or her release from prison, a person so  
15 released must be given an official document which provides:

16 (a) That the person has been released from prison;

17 (b) That the person has been restored to his or her civil rights to  
18 vote and to serve as a juror in a civil action as of the date of his or  
19 her release from prison;

20 (c) The date on which his or her civil right to hold office will be  
21 restored to the person pursuant to paragraph (b) of subsection 1; and

22 (d) The date on which his or her civil right to serve as a juror in  
23 a criminal action will be restored to the person pursuant to  
24 paragraph (c) of subsection 1.

25 4. Subject to the limitations set forth in subsection 2, a person  
26 who has been released from prison in this State or elsewhere and  
27 whose official documentation of his or her release from prison is  
28 lost, damaged or destroyed may file a written request with a court of  
29 competent jurisdiction to restore his or her civil rights pursuant to  
30 this section. Upon verification that the person has been released  
31 from prison and is eligible to be restored to the civil rights set forth  
32 in subsection 1, the court shall issue an order restoring the person to  
33 the civil rights set forth in subsection 1. A person must not be  
34 required to pay a fee to receive such an order.

35 5. A person who has been released from prison in this State or  
36 elsewhere may present:

37 (a) Official documentation of his or her release from prison, if it  
38 contains the provisions set forth in subsection 3; or

39 (b) A court order restoring his or her civil rights,  
40 ➤ as proof that the person has been restored to the civil rights set  
41 forth in subsection 1.

42 **Sec. 9.** NRS 293.540 is hereby amended to read as follows:

43 293.540 The county clerk shall cancel the registration:



- 1 1. If the county clerk has personal knowledge of the death of  
2 the person registered, or if an authenticated certificate of the death  
3 of any elector is filed in the county clerk's office.
- 4 2. If the county clerk is provided a certified copy of a court  
5 order stating that the court specifically finds by clear and convincing  
6 evidence that the person registered lacks the mental capacity to vote  
7 because he or she cannot communicate, with or without  
8 accommodations, a specific desire to participate in the voting  
9 process.
- 10 3. Upon the determination that the person registered has been  
11 convicted of a felony unless:
- 12 (a) If the person registered was convicted of a felony in this  
13 State, the right to vote of the person has been restored pursuant to  
14 the provisions of NRS 213.090, 213.155 or 213.157 **H or section 2**  
15 **of this act.**
- 16 (b) If the person registered was convicted of a felony in another  
17 state, the right to vote of the person has been restored pursuant to  
18 the laws of the state in which the person was convicted.
- 19 4. Upon the production of a certified copy of the judgment of  
20 any court directing the cancellation to be made.
- 21 5. Upon the request of any registered voter to affiliate with any  
22 political party or to change affiliation, if that change is made before  
23 the end of the last day to register to vote in the election.
- 24 6. At the request of the person registered.
- 25 7. If the county clerk has discovered an incorrect registration  
26 pursuant to the provisions of NRS 293.5235, 293.530 or 293.535  
27 and the elector has failed to respond or appear to vote within the  
28 required time.
- 29 8. As required by NRS 293.541.
- 30 9. Upon verification that the application to register to vote is a  
31 duplicate if the county clerk has the original or another duplicate of  
32 the application on file in the county clerk's office.
- 33 **Sec. 10.** NRS 293.543 is hereby amended to read as follows:  
34 293.543 1. If the registration of an elector is cancelled  
35 pursuant to subsection 2 of NRS 293.540, the county clerk shall  
36 reregister the elector upon notice from the clerk of the district court  
37 that the elector has been found by the district court to have the  
38 mental capacity to vote. The court must include the finding in a  
39 court order and, not later than 30 days after issuing the order,  
40 provide a certified copy of the order to the county clerk of the  
41 county in which the person is a resident and to the Office of the  
42 Secretary of State.
- 43 2. If the registration of an elector is cancelled pursuant to  
44 subsection 3 of NRS 293.540, the elector may reregister after



1 presenting satisfactory evidence which demonstrates that the  
2 elector's:

3 (a) Conviction has been overturned; or

4 (b) Civil rights have been restored:

5 (1) If the elector was convicted in this State, pursuant to the  
6 provisions of NRS 213.090, 213.155 or 213.157 ~~+~~ *or section 2 of*  
7 *this act.*

8 (2) If the elector was convicted in another state, pursuant to  
9 the laws of the state in which he or she was convicted.

10 3. If the registration of an elector is cancelled pursuant to the  
11 provisions of subsection 5 of NRS 293.540, the elector may  
12 reregister immediately.

13 4. If the registration of an elector is cancelled pursuant to the  
14 provisions of subsection 6 of NRS 293.540, after the close of  
15 registration for a primary election, the elector may not reregister  
16 until after the primary election.

17 **Sec. 11.** Notwithstanding the provisions of section 2 of this  
18 act, a person whose right to own or have in his or her possession or  
19 under his or her control any firearm has been restored pursuant to  
20 section 2 of this act shall, any time he or she is in possession of a  
21 firearm, carry on his or her person a copy of the order restoring such  
22 a right that is issued by a court pursuant to subsection 6 of section 2  
23 of this act.

24 **Sec. 12.** 1. This act becomes effective on October 1, 2015.

25 2. Section 11 of this act expires by limitation on July 1, 2017.

