

House \_\_\_\_\_ Amendment NO. \_\_\_\_\_

Offered By

1 AMEND House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 1833, Page 1, Section A, Line 2, by  
2 inserting after all of said section and line the following:

3  
4 "571.030. 1. A person commits the offense of unlawful use of weapons, except as otherwise  
5 provided by sections 571.101 to 571.121, if he or she knowingly:

6 (1) Carries concealed upon or about his or her person a knife, a firearm, a blackjack or any  
7 other weapon readily capable of lethal use into any area where firearms are restricted under section  
8 571.107; [☒]

9 (2) Sets a spring gun; [☒]

10 (3) Discharges or shoots a firearm into a dwelling house, a railroad train, boat, aircraft, or  
11 motor vehicle as defined in section 302.010, or any building or structure used for the assembling of  
12 people; [☒]

13 (4) Exhibits, in the presence of one or more persons, any weapon readily capable of lethal  
14 use in an angry or threatening manner; [☒]

15 (5) Has a firearm or projectile weapon readily capable of lethal use on his or her person,  
16 while he or she is intoxicated, and handles or otherwise uses such firearm or projectile weapon in  
17 either a negligent or unlawful manner or discharges such firearm or projectile weapon unless acting  
18 in self-defense; [☒]

19 (6) Discharges a firearm within one hundred yards of any occupied schoolhouse,  
20 courthouse, or church building; [☒]

21 (7) Discharges or shoots a firearm at a mark, at any object, or at random, on, along or across  
22 a public highway or discharges or shoots a firearm into any outbuilding; [☒]

23 (8) Carries a firearm or any other weapon readily capable of lethal use into any church or  
24 place where people have assembled for worship, or into any election precinct on any election day, or  
25 into any building owned or occupied by any agency of the federal government, state government, or  
26 political subdivision thereof; [☒]

27 (9) Discharges or shoots a firearm;

28 (a) At or from a motor vehicle, as defined in section 301.010, [discharges or shoots a  
29 firearm] unless discharged from a stationary vehicle as authorized under the Missouri wildlife code;

30 (b) At any person[☒];

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1           (c) At any other ~~motor~~ self-propelled vehicle~~;~~ excluded from the definition of motor  
2 vehicle under section 301.010; or

3           (d) At any building or habitable structure,

4 unless the person was lawfully acting in self-defense~~;~~;

5           (10) Carries a firearm, whether loaded or unloaded, or any other weapon readily capable of  
6 lethal use into any school, onto any school bus, or onto the premises of any function or activity  
7 sponsored or sanctioned by school officials or the district school board; or

8           (11) Possesses a firearm while also knowingly in possession of a controlled substance that is  
9 sufficient for a felony violation of section 579.015.

10           2. (1) This subsection shall be known and may be cited as "Blair's Law".

11           (2) A person commits the offense of unlawful use of weapons if, with criminal negligence,  
12 he or she discharges a firearm within or into the limits of any municipality.

13           (3) This subsection shall not apply if the firearm is discharged:

14           (a) As allowed by a defense of justification under chapter 563;

15           (b) On a properly supervised shooting range;

16           (c) To lawfully take wildlife during an open season established by the department of  
17 conservation. Nothing in this paragraph shall prevent a municipality from adopting an ordinance  
18 restricting the discharge of a firearm within one-quarter mile of an occupied structure;

19           (d) For the control of nuisance wildlife as permitted by the department of conservation or  
20 the United States Fish and Wildlife Service;

21           (e) By special permit of the chief of police of the municipality;

22           (f) As required by an animal control officer in the performance of his or her duties;

23           (g) Using blanks;

24           (h) More than one mile from any occupied structure; or

25           (i) In self-defense or defense of another person against an animal attack if a reasonable  
26 person would believe that deadly physical force against the animal is immediately necessary and  
27 reasonable under the circumstances to protect oneself or the other person.

28           3. Subdivisions (1), (8), and (10) of subsection 1 of this section shall not apply to the  
29 persons described in this subsection, regardless of whether such uses are reasonably associated with  
30 or are necessary to the fulfillment of such person's official duties except as otherwise provided in  
31 this subsection. Subdivisions (3), (4), (6), (7), and (9) of subsection 1 of this section shall not apply  
32 to or affect any of the following persons, when such uses are reasonably associated with or are  
33 necessary to the fulfillment of such person's official duties, except as otherwise provided in this  
34 subsection:

35           (1) All state, county and municipal peace officers who have completed the training required  
36 by the police officer standards and training commission pursuant to sections 590.030 to 590.050 and  
37 who possess the duty and power of arrest for violation of the general criminal laws of the state or for  
38 violation of ordinances of counties or municipalities of the state, whether such officers are on or off

1 duty, and whether such officers are within or outside of the law enforcement agency's jurisdiction, or  
2 all qualified retired peace officers, as defined in subsection 12 of this section, and who carry the  
3 identification defined in subsection ~~[13]~~ 14 of this section, or any person summoned by such officers  
4 to assist in making arrests or preserving the peace while actually engaged in assisting such officer;

5 (2) Wardens, superintendents and keepers of prisons, penitentiaries, jails and other  
6 institutions for the detention of persons accused or convicted of crime;

7 (3) Members of the Armed Forces or National Guard while performing their official duty;

8 (4) Those persons vested by Article V, Section 1 of the Constitution of Missouri with the  
9 judicial power of the state and those persons vested by Article III of the Constitution of the United  
10 States with the judicial power of the United States, the members of the federal judiciary;

11 (5) Any person whose bona fide duty is to execute process, civil or criminal;

12 (6) Any federal probation officer or federal flight deck officer as defined under the federal  
13 flight deck officer program, 49 U.S.C. Section 44921, regardless of whether such officers are on  
14 duty, or within the law enforcement agency's jurisdiction;

15 (7) Any state probation or parole officer, including supervisors and members of the parole  
16 board;

17 (8) Any corporate security advisor meeting the definition and fulfilling the requirements of  
18 the regulations established by the department of public safety under section 590.750;

19 (9) Any coroner, deputy coroner, medical examiner, or assistant medical examiner;

20 (10) Any municipal or county prosecuting attorney or assistant prosecuting attorney; circuit  
21 attorney or assistant circuit attorney; municipal, associate, or circuit judge; or any person appointed  
22 by a court to be a special prosecutor who has completed the firearms safety training course required  
23 under subsection 2 of section 571.111;

24 (11) Any member of a fire department or fire protection district who is employed on a full-  
25 time basis as a fire investigator and who has a valid concealed carry endorsement issued prior to  
26 August 28, 2013, or a valid concealed carry permit under section 571.111 when such uses are  
27 reasonably associated with or are necessary to the fulfillment of such person's official duties; and

28 (12) Upon the written approval of the governing body of a fire department or fire protection  
29 district, any paid fire department or fire protection district member who is employed on a full-time  
30 basis and who has a valid concealed carry endorsement issued prior to August 28, 2013, or a valid  
31 concealed carry permit, when such uses are reasonably associated with or are necessary to the  
32 fulfillment of such person's official duties.

33 ~~[3-]~~ 4. Subdivisions (1), (5), (8), and (10) of subsection 1 of this section do not apply when  
34 the actor is transporting such weapons in a nonfunctioning state or in an unloaded state when  
35 ammunition is not readily accessible or when such weapons are not readily accessible. Subdivision  
36 (1) of subsection 1 of this section does not apply to any person nineteen years of age or older or  
37 eighteen years of age or older and a member of the United States Armed Forces, or honorably  
38 discharged from the United States Armed Forces, transporting a concealable firearm in the  
39 passenger compartment of a motor vehicle, so long as such concealable firearm is otherwise

1 lawfully possessed, nor when the actor is also in possession of an exposed firearm or projectile  
2 weapon for the lawful pursuit of game, or is in his or her dwelling unit or upon premises over which  
3 the actor has possession, authority or control, or is traveling in a continuous journey peaceably  
4 through this state. Subdivision (10) of subsection 1 of this section does not apply if the firearm is  
5 otherwise lawfully possessed by a person while traversing school premises for the purposes of  
6 transporting a student to or from school, or possessed by an adult for the purposes of facilitation of a  
7 school-sanctioned firearm-related event or club event.

8 ~~[4.]~~ 5. Subdivisions (1), (8), and (10) of subsection 1 of this section shall not apply to any  
9 person who has a valid concealed carry permit issued pursuant to sections 571.101 to 571.121, a  
10 valid concealed carry endorsement issued before August 28, 2013, or a valid permit or endorsement  
11 to carry concealed firearms issued by another state or political subdivision of another state.

12 ~~[5.]~~ 6. Subdivisions (3), (4), (5), (6), (7), (8), (9), and (10) of subsection 1 of this section  
13 shall not apply to persons who are engaged in a lawful act of defense pursuant to section 563.031.

14 ~~[6.]~~ 7. Notwithstanding any provision of this section to the contrary, the state shall not  
15 prohibit any state employee from having a firearm in the employee's vehicle on the state's property  
16 provided that the vehicle is locked and the firearm is not visible. This subsection shall only apply to  
17 the state as an employer when the state employee's vehicle is on property owned or leased by the  
18 state and the state employee is conducting activities within the scope of his or her employment. For  
19 the purposes of this subsection, "state employee" means an employee of the executive, legislative, or  
20 judicial branch of the government of the state of Missouri.

21 ~~[7.]~~ 8. Nothing in this section shall make it unlawful for a student to actually participate in  
22 school-sanctioned gun safety courses, student military or ROTC courses, or other school-sponsored  
23 or club-sponsored firearm-related events, provided the student does not carry a firearm or other  
24 weapon readily capable of lethal use into any school, onto any school bus, or onto the premises of  
25 any other function or activity sponsored or sanctioned by school officials or the district school  
26 board.

27 ~~[8.]~~ 9. A person who commits the ~~[crime]~~ offense of unlawful use of weapons under:

28 (1) Subdivision (2), (3), (4), or (11) of subsection 1 of this section shall be guilty of a class E  
29 felony;

30 (2) Subdivision (1), (6), (7), or (8) of subsection 1 of this section shall be guilty of a class B  
31 misdemeanor, except when a concealed weapon is carried onto any private property whose owner  
32 has posted the premises as being off-limits to concealed firearms by means of one or more signs  
33 displayed in a conspicuous place of a minimum size of eleven inches by fourteen inches with the  
34 writing thereon in letters of not less than one inch, in which case the penalties of subsection 2 of  
35 section 571.107 shall apply;

36 (3) Subdivision (5) or (10) of subsection 1 of this section shall be guilty of a class A  
37 misdemeanor if the firearm is unloaded and a class E felony if the firearm is loaded;

38 (4) Subdivision (9) of subsection 1 of this section shall be guilty of a class B felony, except  
39 that if the violation of subdivision (9) of subsection 1 of this section results in injury or death to

1 another person, it is a class A felony; or

2 (5) Subsection 2 of this section shall be guilty of a class A misdemeanor for a first offense,  
3 guilty of a class E felony for a second offense, or guilty of a class D felony for a third or subsequent  
4 offense.

5 ~~[9-]~~ 10. Violations of subdivision (9) of subsection 1 of this section shall be punished as  
6 follows:

7 (1) For the first violation a person shall be sentenced to the maximum authorized term of  
8 imprisonment for a class B felony;

9 (2) For any violation by a prior offender as defined in section 558.016, a person shall be  
10 sentenced to the maximum authorized term of imprisonment for a class B felony without the  
11 possibility of parole, probation or conditional release for a term of ten years;

12 (3) For any violation by a persistent offender as defined in section 558.016, a person shall  
13 be sentenced to the maximum authorized term of imprisonment for a class B felony without the  
14 possibility of parole, probation, or conditional release;

15 (4) For any violation which results in injury or death to another person, a person shall be  
16 sentenced to an authorized disposition for a class A felony.

17 ~~[10-]~~ 11. Any person knowingly aiding or abetting any other person in the violation of  
18 subdivision (9) of subsection 1 of this section shall be subject to the same penalty as that prescribed  
19 by this section for violations by other persons.

20 ~~[11-]~~ 12. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no person who pleads guilty to or is  
21 found guilty of a felony violation of subsection 1 of this section shall receive a suspended  
22 imposition of sentence if such person has previously received a suspended imposition of sentence  
23 for any other firearms- or weapons-related felony offense.

24 ~~[12-]~~ 13. As used in this section "qualified retired peace officer" means an individual who:

25 (1) Retired in good standing from service with a public agency as a peace officer, other than  
26 for reasons of mental instability;

27 (2) Before such retirement, was authorized by law to engage in or supervise the prevention,  
28 detection, investigation, or prosecution of, or the incarceration of any person for, any violation of  
29 law, and had statutory powers of arrest;

30 (3) Before such retirement, was regularly employed as a peace officer for an aggregate of  
31 fifteen years or more, or retired from service with such agency, after completing any applicable  
32 probationary period of such service, due to a service-connected disability, as determined by such  
33 agency;

34 (4) Has a nonforfeitable right to benefits under the retirement plan of the agency if such a  
35 plan is available;

36 (5) During the most recent twelve-month period, has met, at the expense of the individual,  
37 the standards for training and qualification for active peace officers to carry firearms;

38 (6) Is not under the influence of alcohol or another intoxicating or hallucinatory drug or  
39 substance; and

1 (7) Is not prohibited by federal law from receiving a firearm.

2 [~~13.~~] 14. The identification required by subdivision (1) of subsection [~~2~~] 3 of this section is:

3 (1) A photographic identification issued by the agency from which the individual retired  
4 from service as a peace officer that indicates that the individual has, not less recently than one year  
5 before the date the individual is carrying the concealed firearm, been tested or otherwise found by  
6 the agency to meet the standards established by the agency for training and qualification for active  
7 peace officers to carry a firearm of the same type as the concealed firearm; or

8 (2) A photographic identification issued by the agency from which the individual retired  
9 from service as a peace officer; and

10 (3) A certification issued by the state in which the individual resides that indicates that the  
11 individual has, not less recently than one year before the date the individual is carrying the  
12 concealed firearm, been tested or otherwise found by the state to meet the standards established by  
13 the state for training and qualification for active peace officers to carry a firearm of the same type as  
14 the concealed firearm."; and

15  
16 Further amend said substitute, Page 7, Section 571.101, Line 233, by inserting after all of said  
17 section and line the following:

18  
19 "571.107. 1. A concealed carry permit issued pursuant to sections 571.101 to 571.121, a  
20 valid concealed carry endorsement issued prior to August 28, 2013, or a concealed carry  
21 endorsement or permit issued by another state or political subdivision of another state shall  
22 authorize the person in whose name the permit or endorsement is issued to carry concealed firearms  
23 on or about his or her person or vehicle throughout the state. No concealed carry permit issued  
24 pursuant to sections 571.101 to 571.121, valid concealed carry endorsement issued prior to August  
25 28, 2013, or a concealed carry endorsement or permit issued by another state or political subdivision  
26 of another state shall authorize any person to carry concealed firearms into:

27 (1) Any police, sheriff, or highway patrol office or station without the consent of the chief  
28 law enforcement officer in charge of that office or station. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on  
29 the premises of the office or station shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not  
30 removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;

31 (2) Within twenty-five feet of any polling place on any election day. Possession of a firearm  
32 in a vehicle on the premises of the polling place shall not be a criminal offense so long as the  
33 firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;

34 (3) The facility of any adult or juvenile detention or correctional institution, prison or jail.  
35 Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises of any adult, juvenile detention, or correctional  
36 institution, prison or jail shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed from  
37 the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;

38 (4) Any courthouse solely occupied by the circuit, appellate or supreme court, or any  
39 courtrooms, administrative offices, libraries or other rooms of any such court whether or not such

1 court solely occupies the building in question. This subdivision shall also include, but not be  
2 limited to, any juvenile, family, drug, or other court offices, any room or office wherein any of the  
3 courts or offices listed in this subdivision are temporarily conducting any business within the  
4 jurisdiction of such courts or offices, and such other locations in such manner as may be specified  
5 by supreme court rule pursuant to subdivision (6) of this subsection. Nothing in this subdivision  
6 shall preclude those persons listed in subdivision (1) of subsection [2] 3 of section 571.030 while  
7 within their jurisdiction and on duty, those persons listed in subdivisions (2), (4), and (10) of  
8 subsection [2] 3 of section 571.030, or such other persons who serve in a law enforcement capacity  
9 for a court as may be specified by supreme court rule pursuant to subdivision (6) of this subsection  
10 from carrying a concealed firearm within any of the areas described in this subdivision. Possession  
11 of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises of any of the areas listed in this subdivision shall not be a  
12 criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the  
13 vehicle is on the premises;

14 (5) Any meeting of the governing body of a unit of local government; or any meeting of the  
15 general assembly or a committee of the general assembly, except that nothing in this subdivision  
16 shall preclude a member of the body holding a valid concealed carry permit or endorsement from  
17 carrying a concealed firearm at a meeting of the body which he or she is a member. Possession of a  
18 firearm in a vehicle on the premises shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not  
19 removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises. Nothing in this  
20 subdivision shall preclude a member of the general assembly, a full-time employee of the general  
21 assembly employed under Section 17, Article III, Constitution of Missouri, legislative employees of  
22 the general assembly as determined under section 21.155, or statewide elected officials and their  
23 employees, holding a valid concealed carry permit or endorsement, from carrying a concealed  
24 firearm in the state capitol building or at a meeting whether of the full body of a house of the  
25 general assembly or a committee thereof, that is held in the state capitol building;

26 (6) The general assembly, supreme court, county or municipality may by rule,  
27 administrative regulation, or ordinance prohibit or limit the carrying of concealed firearms by permit  
28 or endorsement holders in that portion of a building owned, leased or controlled by that unit of  
29 government. Any portion of a building in which the carrying of concealed firearms is prohibited or  
30 limited shall be clearly identified by signs posted at the entrance to the restricted area. The statute,  
31 rule or ordinance shall exempt any building used for public housing by private persons, highways or  
32 rest areas, firing ranges, and private dwellings owned, leased, or controlled by that unit of  
33 government from any restriction on the carrying or possession of a firearm. The statute, rule or  
34 ordinance shall not specify any criminal penalty for its violation but may specify that persons  
35 violating the statute, rule or ordinance may be denied entrance to the building, ordered to leave the  
36 building and if employees of the unit of government, be subjected to disciplinary measures for  
37 violation of the provisions of the statute, rule or ordinance. The provisions of this subdivision shall  
38 not apply to any other unit of government;

39 (7) Any establishment licensed to dispense intoxicating liquor for consumption on the

1 premises, which portion is primarily devoted to that purpose, without the consent of the owner or  
2 manager. The provisions of this subdivision shall not apply to the licensee of said establishment.  
3 The provisions of this subdivision shall not apply to any bona fide restaurant open to the general  
4 public having dining facilities for not less than fifty persons and that receives at least fifty-one  
5 percent of its gross annual income from the dining facilities by the sale of food. This subdivision  
6 does not prohibit the possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises of the establishment and  
7 shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished  
8 while the vehicle is on the premises. Nothing in this subdivision authorizes any individual who has  
9 been issued a concealed carry permit or endorsement to possess any firearm while intoxicated;

10 (8) Any area of an airport to which access is controlled by the inspection of persons and  
11 property. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises of the airport shall not be a criminal  
12 offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on  
13 the premises;

14 (9) Any place where the carrying of a firearm is prohibited by federal law;

15 (10) Any higher education institution or elementary or secondary school facility without the  
16 consent of the governing body of the higher education institution or a school official or the district  
17 school board, unless the person with the concealed carry endorsement or permit is a teacher or  
18 administrator of an elementary or secondary school who has been designated by his or her school  
19 district as a school protection officer and is carrying a firearm in a school within that district, in  
20 which case no consent is required. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises of any  
21 higher education institution or elementary or secondary school facility shall not be a criminal  
22 offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on  
23 the premises;

24 (11) Any portion of a building used as a child care facility without the consent of the  
25 manager. Nothing in this subdivision shall prevent the operator of a child care facility in a family  
26 home from owning or possessing a firearm or a concealed carry permit or endorsement;

27 (12) Any riverboat gambling operation accessible by the public without the consent of the  
28 owner or manager pursuant to rules promulgated by the gaming commission. Possession of a  
29 firearm in a vehicle on the premises of a riverboat gambling operation shall not be a criminal  
30 offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on  
31 the premises;

32 (13) Any gated area of an amusement park. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the  
33 premises of the amusement park shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not  
34 removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;

35 (14) Any church or other place of religious worship without the consent of the minister or  
36 person or persons representing the religious organization that exercises control over the place of  
37 religious worship. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises shall not be a criminal  
38 offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on  
39 the premises;



1           (15) Any private property whose owner has posted the premises as being off-limits to  
2 concealed firearms by means of one or more signs displayed in a conspicuous place of a minimum  
3 size of eleven inches by fourteen inches with the writing thereon in letters of not less than one inch.  
4 The owner, business or commercial lessee, manager of a private business enterprise, or any other  
5 organization, entity, or person may prohibit persons holding a concealed carry permit or  
6 endorsement from carrying concealed firearms on the premises and may prohibit employees, not  
7 authorized by the employer, holding a concealed carry permit or endorsement from carrying  
8 concealed firearms on the property of the employer. If the building or the premises are open to the  
9 public, the employer of the business enterprise shall post signs on or about the premises if carrying a  
10 concealed firearm is prohibited. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises shall not be a  
11 criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the  
12 vehicle is on the premises. An employer may prohibit employees or other persons holding a  
13 concealed carry permit or endorsement from carrying a concealed firearm in vehicles owned by the  
14 employer;

15           (16) Any sports arena or stadium with a seating capacity of five thousand or more.  
16 Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises shall not be a criminal offense so long as the  
17 firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;

18           (17) Any hospital accessible by the public. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the  
19 premises of a hospital shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the  
20 vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises.

21           2. Carrying of a concealed firearm in a location specified in subdivisions (1) to (17) of  
22 subsection 1 of this section by any individual who holds a concealed carry permit issued pursuant to  
23 sections 571.101 to 571.121, or a concealed carry endorsement issued prior to August 28, 2013,  
24 shall not be a criminal act but may subject the person to denial to the premises or removal from the  
25 premises. If such person refuses to leave the premises and a peace officer is summoned, such person  
26 may be issued a citation for an amount not to exceed one hundred dollars for the first offense. If a  
27 second citation for a similar violation occurs within a six-month period, such person shall be fined  
28 an amount not to exceed two hundred dollars and his or her permit, and, if applicable, endorsement  
29 to carry concealed firearms shall be suspended for a period of one year. If a third citation for a  
30 similar violation is issued within one year of the first citation, such person shall be fined an amount  
31 not to exceed five hundred dollars and shall have his or her concealed carry permit, and, if  
32 applicable, endorsement revoked and such person shall not be eligible for a concealed carry permit  
33 for a period of three years. Upon conviction of charges arising from a citation issued pursuant to  
34 this subsection, the court shall notify the sheriff of the county which issued the concealed carry  
35 permit, or, if the person is a holder of a concealed carry endorsement issued prior to August 28,  
36 2013, the court shall notify the sheriff of the county which issued the certificate of qualification for a  
37 concealed carry endorsement and the department of revenue. The sheriff shall suspend or revoke  
38 the concealed carry permit or, if applicable, the certificate of qualification for a concealed carry  
39 endorsement. If the person holds an endorsement, the department of revenue shall issue a notice of

1 such suspension or revocation of the concealed carry endorsement and take action to remove the  
2 concealed carry endorsement from the individual's driving record. The director of revenue shall  
3 notify the licensee that he or she must apply for a new license pursuant to chapter 302 which does  
4 not contain such endorsement. The notice issued by the department of revenue shall be mailed to  
5 the last known address shown on the individual's driving record. The notice is deemed received  
6 three days after mailing."; and

7  
8 Further amend the substitute Page 13, Section 571.205, Line 210, by inserting after all of said  
9 section and line the following:

10  
11 "571.215. 1. A Missouri lifetime or extended concealed carry permit issued under sections  
12 571.205 to 571.230 shall authorize the person in whose name the permit is issued to carry concealed  
13 firearms on or about his or her person or vehicle throughout the state. No Missouri lifetime or  
14 extended concealed carry permit shall authorize any person to carry concealed firearms into:

15 (1) Any police, sheriff, or highway patrol office or station without the consent of the chief  
16 law enforcement officer in charge of that office or station. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on  
17 the premises of the office or station shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not  
18 removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;

19 (2) Within twenty-five feet of any polling place on any election day. Possession of a firearm  
20 in a vehicle on the premises of the polling place shall not be a criminal offense so long as the  
21 firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;

22 (3) The facility of any adult or juvenile detention or correctional institution, prison or jail.  
23 Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises of any adult, juvenile detention, or correctional  
24 institution, prison or jail shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed from  
25 the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;

26 (4) Any courthouse solely occupied by the circuit, appellate or supreme court, or any  
27 courtrooms, administrative offices, libraries, or other rooms of any such court whether or not such  
28 court solely occupies the building in question. This subdivision shall also include, but not be  
29 limited to, any juvenile, family, drug, or other court offices, any room or office wherein any of the  
30 courts or offices listed in this subdivision are temporarily conducting any business within the  
31 jurisdiction of such courts or offices, and such other locations in such manner as may be specified  
32 by supreme court rule under subdivision (6) of this subsection. Nothing in this subdivision shall  
33 preclude those persons listed in subdivision (1) of subsection [2] 3 of section 571.030 while within  
34 their jurisdiction and on duty, those persons listed in subdivisions (2), (4), and (10) of subsection [2]  
35 3 of section 571.030, or such other persons who serve in a law enforcement capacity for a court as  
36 may be specified by supreme court rule under subdivision (6) of this subsection from carrying a  
37 concealed firearm within any of the areas described in this subdivision. Possession of a firearm in a  
38 vehicle on the premises of any of the areas listed in this subdivision shall not be a criminal offense  
39 so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the

1 premises;

2 (5) Any meeting of the governing body of a unit of local government, or any meeting of the  
3 general assembly or a committee of the general assembly, except that nothing in this subdivision  
4 shall preclude a member of the body holding a valid Missouri lifetime or extended concealed carry  
5 permit from carrying a concealed firearm at a meeting of the body which he or she is a member.  
6 Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises shall not be a criminal offense so long as the  
7 firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises. Nothing  
8 in this subdivision shall preclude a member of the general assembly, a full-time employee of the  
9 general assembly employed under Section 17, Article III, Constitution of Missouri, legislative  
10 employees of the general assembly as determined under section 21.155, or statewide elected  
11 officials and their employees, holding a valid Missouri lifetime or extended concealed carry permit,  
12 from carrying a concealed firearm in the state capitol building or at a meeting whether of the full  
13 body of a house of the general assembly or a committee thereof, that is held in the state capitol  
14 building;

15 (6) The general assembly, supreme court, county, or municipality may by rule,  
16 administrative regulation, or ordinance prohibit or limit the carrying of concealed firearms by permit  
17 holders in that portion of a building owned, leased, or controlled by that unit of government. Any  
18 portion of a building in which the carrying of concealed firearms is prohibited or limited shall be  
19 clearly identified by signs posted at the entrance to the restricted area. The statute, rule, or  
20 ordinance shall exempt any building used for public housing by private persons, highways or rest  
21 areas, firing ranges, and private dwellings owned, leased, or controlled by that unit of government  
22 from any restriction on the carrying or possession of a firearm. The statute, rule, or ordinance shall  
23 not specify any criminal penalty for its violation but may specify that persons violating the statute,  
24 rule, or ordinance may be denied entrance to the building, ordered to leave the building and if  
25 employees of the unit of government, be subjected to disciplinary measures for violation of the  
26 provisions of the statute, rule, or ordinance. The provisions of this subdivision shall not apply to  
27 any other unit of government;

28 (7) Any establishment licensed to dispense intoxicating liquor for consumption on the  
29 premises, which portion is primarily devoted to that purpose, without the consent of the owner or  
30 manager. The provisions of this subdivision shall not apply to the licensee of said establishment.  
31 The provisions of this subdivision shall not apply to any bona fide restaurant open to the general  
32 public having dining facilities for not less than fifty persons and that receives at least fifty-one  
33 percent of its gross annual income from the dining facilities by the sale of food. This subdivision  
34 does not prohibit the possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises of the establishment and  
35 shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished  
36 while the vehicle is on the premises. Nothing in this subdivision authorizes any individual who has  
37 been issued a Missouri lifetime or extended concealed carry permit to possess any firearm while  
38 intoxicated;

39 (8) Any area of an airport to which access is controlled by the inspection of persons and

1 property. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises of the airport shall not be a criminal  
2 offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on  
3 the premises;

4 (9) Any place where the carrying of a firearm is prohibited by federal law;

5 (10) Any higher education institution or elementary or secondary school facility without the  
6 consent of the governing body of the higher education institution or a school official or the district  
7 school board, unless the person with the Missouri lifetime or extended concealed carry permit is a  
8 teacher or administrator of an elementary or secondary school who has been designated by his or her  
9 school district as a school protection officer and is carrying a firearm in a school within that district,  
10 in which case no consent is required. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises of any  
11 higher education institution or elementary or secondary school facility shall not be a criminal  
12 offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on  
13 the premises;

14 (11) Any portion of a building used as a child care facility without the consent of the  
15 manager. Nothing in this subdivision shall prevent the operator of a child care facility in a family  
16 home from owning or possessing a firearm or a Missouri lifetime or extended concealed carry  
17 permit;

18 (12) Any riverboat gambling operation accessible by the public without the consent of the  
19 owner or manager under rules promulgated by the gaming commission. Possession of a firearm in a  
20 vehicle on the premises of a riverboat gambling operation shall not be a criminal offense so long as  
21 the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;

22 (13) Any gated area of an amusement park. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the  
23 premises of the amusement park shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not  
24 removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;

25 (14) Any church or other place of religious worship without the consent of the minister or  
26 person or persons representing the religious organization that exercises control over the place of  
27 religious worship. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises shall not be a criminal  
28 offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on  
29 the premises;

30 (15) Any private property whose owner has posted the premises as being off-limits to  
31 concealed firearms by means of one or more signs displayed in a conspicuous place of a minimum  
32 size of eleven inches by fourteen inches with the writing thereon in letters of not less than one inch.  
33 The owner, business or commercial lessee, manager of a private business enterprise, or any other  
34 organization, entity, or person may prohibit persons holding a Missouri lifetime or extended  
35 concealed carry permit from carrying concealed firearms on the premises and may prohibit  
36 employees, not authorized by the employer, holding a Missouri lifetime or extended concealed carry  
37 permit from carrying concealed firearms on the property of the employer. If the building or the  
38 premises are open to the public, the employer of the business enterprise shall post signs on or about  
39 the premises if carrying a concealed firearm is prohibited. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on

1 the premises shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle  
2 or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises. An employer may prohibit employees or other  
3 persons holding a Missouri lifetime or extended concealed carry permit from carrying a concealed  
4 firearm in vehicles owned by the employer;

5 (16) Any sports arena or stadium with a seating capacity of five thousand or more.

6 Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises shall not be a criminal offense so long as the  
7 firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;

8 (17) Any hospital accessible by the public. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the  
9 premises of a hospital shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the  
10 vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises.

11 2. Carrying of a concealed firearm in a location specified in subdivisions (1) to (17) of  
12 subsection 1 of this section by any individual who holds a Missouri lifetime or extended concealed  
13 carry permit shall not be a criminal act but may subject the person to denial to the premises or  
14 removal from the premises. If such person refuses to leave the premises and a peace officer is  
15 summoned, such person may be issued a citation for an amount not to exceed one hundred dollars  
16 for the first offense. If a second citation for a similar violation occurs within a six-month period,  
17 such person shall be fined an amount not to exceed two hundred dollars and his or her permit to  
18 carry concealed firearms shall be suspended for a period of one year. If a third citation for a similar  
19 violation is issued within one year of the first citation, such person shall be fined an amount not to  
20 exceed five hundred dollars and shall have his or her Missouri lifetime or extended concealed carry  
21 permit revoked and such person shall not be eligible for a Missouri lifetime or extended concealed  
22 carry permit or a concealed carry permit issued under sections 571.101 to 571.121 for a period of  
23 three years. Upon conviction of charges arising from a citation issued under this subsection, the  
24 court shall notify the sheriff of the county which issued the Missouri lifetime or extended concealed  
25 carry permit. The sheriff shall suspend or revoke the Missouri lifetime or extended concealed carry  
26 permit."; and

27  
28 Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references  
29 accordingly.